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IDEAL HOME EXHIBITION TO BE PART OF THE NEAR EAST FAIR IN TEL AVIV

Government, Municipality and Zionist
Executive Promise Assistance

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Tel Aviv, July 8.—An Ideal Home Exhibition, including exhibits of present day Palestinian town planning and architecture, will be a new feature in the Near East Exhibition and Fair in the fall, arranged by the Judea Industrial Corporation, an American Jewish company. The exhibition will be opened in September and will contain models of rural and urban ideal homes, building materials, building machinery, builders' requisites, building implements and fittings, interior decorations, including radio sets and electric appliances. Home gardening is to be included in the exhibition.

The Near East Exhibition and Fair this fall will be greatly increased, modelled after the fairs of Novgorod and Leipzig and will direct particular attention to the products of Palestine industries. This is particularly important at present under the depressed economic conditions when the imports into the country are greater than the exports.

The assistance of the Palestine government, the municipality of Tel Aviv and the Zionist Executive in Palestine were assured for the Fair.

PALESTINE MUST BE REFUGE OF SYRIAN REBELS, HIGH COMMISSIONER INSISTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, July 8.—Permission to allow the French authorities to prosecute Syrian rebels who find refuge in Palestine territory was refused by High Commissioner Lord Plumer, it was stated here today.

Rumor has it that the purpose of the visit to Jerusalem last week of General Gamelin, leader of the French army in Syria, was to ask the Palestine High Commissioner to exert greater vigilance over the Druzes who are crossing the Palestine-Transjordanian frontiers. It was claimed that although the Druzes, while crossing the frontier are unarmed and are therefore not arrested, later assist the Syrian rebels from Palestine.

JERUSALEM Z. O. EXECUTIVE MEMBERS LEAVE FOR LONDON

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, July 8.—Temporary arrangements for taking charge of the affairs of the Zionist Executive were made for the period of the absence of the Executive members who left Palestine to attend the Zionist Actions Committee meeting in London during July.

In the absence of the Executive members, Dr. Arthur Ruppin, Mr. Kalvarisky and Dr. J. Lurie will conduct the affairs of the Executive.

POLISH RABBIS OFFER BIBLICAL BLESSING TO U.S. ON SESQUI ANNIVERSARY

Independence Day Celebrated in Synagogues with Ancient Prayer

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, July 8.—The one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence of the United States is being celebrated in the synagogues, temples and congregations in the Republic of Poland by a decree of the Union of Rabbis in Poland.

The Union issued an appeal urging the rabbis as a tribute to the United States to arrange for the recital of the prayers "Mi Sh'beirach" and "Ha'nothen T'shva," the ancient prayers recited by the Jewish communities for the welfare and health of kings and state executives.

A delegation of the Executive Committee of the Union, consisting of Deputy Rabbi Levine, Rabbi Solomon David Kahane, member of the Warsaw Rabbinate, the Chassidic rabbi of Radzyn, and Rabbi Leitner, called on United States Ambassador Stetson, congratulating him on the occasion of the Sesquicentennial celebration. The rabbis sent to the United States through the Ambassador the Biblical blessing given to Abraham: "And I will make of thee a great nation, and I will bless thee and make thy name great; and thou shalt be a blessing (Genesis: 12:2).

The ambassador in reply declared that the American people have always admired the genius of the Jews, to which the world is indebted for much.

ROMANIAN SENATE INVALIDATES ELECTION OF JEWISH SENATOR

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, July 8.—The election of Mr. Elijah Mendelsohn to the Romanian Senate was declared invalid by a vote in the Senate which took place yesterday. The decision was taken by a vote of 130 against 25. Rabbi Zirelson, representing Bessarabia, in the Senate, took part in the discussion.

The election of Mr. Mendelsohn to the Senate by the Federation of Romanian Chambers of Commerce, defeating the candidate of Prime Minister General Averescu, caused indignation.

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FIRE IN POLISH TOWN AFFECTS JEWISH FAMILIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, July 8.—Several scores of Jewish families remained roofless in Suchowola, District of Bialystok, as a result of a fire which broke out there last night.

The fire destroyed the post office, the city hall and the police headquarters. Many residences were destroyed.

RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT WIDENS SCOPE OF JEWISH LAND SETTLEMENT WORK

Zik Urges 100,000 Families From Palestine To Land In Next Few Years

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, July 8.—A concentrated action to recruit from the former Palestine of Settlement candidates for settlement in the new Jewish colonies in Soviet Russia is the sense of a new resolution adopted by the praesidium of the Zik, the Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party.

The praesidium adopted this resolution following a report submitted to it concerning the progress of Jewish settlement work. The resolution expresses approval of the plan of the Comzet, the governmental department for settling Jews on the land, to settle 100,000 Jewish families on the land in the next few years, declaring that "this plan is in accordance with the interests of the state and the needs of the Jewish population." The resolution further proposes that the Comzet concentrate primarily in taking the Jews out of the former Palestine of Settlement, according to the economic needs and to devote itself more to the building of houses in the new colonies.

The resolution also urges the Ziks, the Central Executive Committees, of all the Soviet Republics, to cooperate with the Jewish settlement plan by allocating large areas for this purpose.

The Ukrainian Ozet, the Jewish society for settling Jews on the land, allocated the amount of 80,000 roubles in order to enable the settlers to buy houses, machinery and seed. The Ozet also granted a loan of 178,000 roubles, 30,000 roubles of which were given for agronomical assistance.

JEWISH WEAVERS EVOLVE PLAN TO REVIVE TEXTILE INDUSTRY IN LODZ, POLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Lodz, July 8.—Plans which may partly relieve the unemployment situation among the Jewish population in Lodz, the Polish textile center, were decided upon.

A commission to find ways and means of setting into motion a part of the small weavers industry, in which mainly Jews are employed, was appointed by the weavers in an attempt to combat the increasing unemployment and resulting starvation.

Prior to the economic crisis in Poland there were in addition to the large textile plants, a great number of Jewish weavers who owned one or two "weaver's chairs." These small producers were compelled to stop their industry because of the lack of operating capital and a market for their products.

The plan devised now aims at turning over the products of these small

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DR. ROSEN DENIES MAKING STATEMENT ASCRIBED TO HIM IN ROSTA INTERVIEW

Reference to Palestine in Alleged In- terview Was Factor in Buffalo Discussion

A denial of a report of an interview with Dr. Joseph A. Rosen, head of the Agrojoint, the agency of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, in charge of the agricultural work in Russia, issued by the Rosta, the official Soviet telegraphic agency, was made yesterday in a statement issued by the headquarters of the United Jewish Campaign.

The report, which was circulated throughout Europe and in several American newspapers, including the London and New York editions of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin," quoted, according to the Rosta, Dr. Rosen as having said inter alia that "the Americans have finally been convinced that the national question in the Soviet countries has been properly solved and that therefore the Zionist demands for Palestine are no longer received sympathetically" and that "the Joint Distribution Committee which is campaigning for \$25,000,000 in the United States has secured \$20,000,000 within a few months, while the Zionists raised a much smaller sum."

The newspaper reports also quoted Dr. Rosen as speaking of the possibility of the United States granting recognition to the Soviet government.

The statement issued by the United Jewish Campaign made public the following cable received from Dr. Rosen: "Moscow, July 6, 1926. Jewish Telegraphic Agency Bulletin London Edition June twenty-ninth carries presumed interview with me with reference to American Jewry and Jewish colonization. Interview partly fabrication, partly gross misrepresentation. Never gave or will give any interviews of political nature. Can accept responsibility only for statements appearing under my signature. Please request Bulletin to publish this statement.—Rosen"

The alleged interview was referred

HAKOAH PLAYERS CRITICIZED IN VIENNA FOR ABANDONING FAMOUS ALL-JEWISH TEAM

Admirers Resent Action Weakening
Prestige of Club

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, July 8.—The announcement that a few of the Hakoah soccer players have joined American teams has called forth dissatisfaction in Viennese Jewish circles which took great pride in the successful tour of the Hakoah in the United States.

It now appears that on the day before the departure of the team from the United States a number of the Hakoah players entered into an engagement with the Brooklyn Wanderers and the New York Giants. These engagements were concluded without the knowledge or consent of the Club and its president, Dr. I. H. Koerner and when the first news reached Vienna, Dr. Koerner categorically denied its truth as he could not believe that any of the Hakoah players would join another team without informing his own club, an act contrary to all rules of sportsmanship.

Doubt is expressed here that, under these circumstances, the Hakoah will be in a position to return to the United States as was originally planned. Regret was expressed here that the all-Jewish team should have been weakened by the action of some of the players and that the prestige built up by years of arduous work on the part of the Club and Dr. Koerner who founded and directed the Club should have been jeopardized. It was stated that Dr. Koerner, whose devoted work was responsible for the success of the club, is greatly affected by this action.

The belief was expressed here that the American Jewish public will hardly display the same enthusiasm for the individual Hakoah players on the American teams that it did in the success of an all-Jewish team, demonstrating the Jew's ability for team work and his achievements in the field of sport. American and British teams have always had Jewish individual members who excelled in the sport.

The late Sir Stuart Montagu Samuel, Bart., who died recently in London, left unsettled property of the gross value of £99,582, with net personality £76,009. He stated that as he had contributed liberally to charities in his lifetime he made no bequests for charitable purposes, except for £1,000 which he left on the death of his wife to the Home and Hospital for Jewish Incurables for the completion of the synagogue of the Home.

Independent shops signed an agreement with the striking capmakers yesterday, it was announced by the Cloth Hat, Cap and 3,000 members' International Union, whose new agreement between the union and the wholesale Hat and Cap Manufacturers is valid for three years. Six hundred workers will return to work as a result of the agreement.

to during the discussion at the Zionist Convention on the Russian colonization plan and was one of the arguments for the adoption of the now famous resolution which caused the controversy between the Zionist Organization of America and the Joint Distribution Committee.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Says Controversy Between J.D.C. and Zionists Has No Point

The controversy between the Joint Distribution Committee and the Zionists has no point, declares the "Day" (July 8), as it has only proved that there is no inherent incompatibility between the work of Palestine reconstruction and the colonization work in Russia.

"Although," says the paper, "harsh words have been spoken on both sides, the Zionists admit that the attack was directed only against the propaganda connected with the Russian colonization work, not against the colonization itself, while the Joint Distribution Committee declares clearly and openly that its arrows are directed only against Zionist leaders, not against Zionism."

"Thus, the controversy assumes a purely organizational character, which has nothing to do with a conflict of ideas."

The paper further expresses its conviction that both sides are wrong, for the following reasons:

"The J. D. C. is wrong when it accuses the Zionists in America of indifference to the Jewish sufferers in Eastern Europe and of attempting to sabotage the relief campaign. And surely it is an injustice when the J. D. C. employs against the Zionist leaders such terms as 'irresponsible politicians' and 'false prophets'."

"Likewise wrong is the accusation of the Zionist Organization against the J. D. C. in which it is emphasized that the Russian colonization plan has become the center of all anti-Zionist forces. Even if this were true it would not justify the Zionist leaders in laying the guilt to the J. D. C., unless it had first been proven that the J. D. C. had helped to cement the anti-Zionist front."

The "Day" concludes with the warning that unless the controversy is ended and friendly relations reestablished the Jewish public in America will be alienated both from the Palestine work and from the Russian colonization work.

Social Anti-Semitism in the United States

The surprise expressed recently by Alexander Samuel Lyle, British member of Parliament, in an interview with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin," at the social anti-Semitism which he found in the United States and which, he declared, is not to be seen in England, is the subject of editorial comment by the "Jewish Times" of Baltimore.

Writing in its issue of July 2, the paper observes:

"It is interesting to note that leaders of social life in this country who will not include Jews in their invitations to their affairs will, when they go to England, accept invitations from Jew-

ANTI-SEMITIC ACTION AGAINST UNIVERSITY RECTOR IN JASSY FAILS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Bucharest, June 22.—The liberal action involving accusations against anti-Semitic professors at Jassy University, brought by Professor Schumleanu, who has been returned to Parliament as one of the deputies of the Cuzist Party, against Professor Slatineanu, Rector of Jassy University, was dismissed by the Bucharest Tribunal today.

In his official capacity as Rector, Professor Slatineanu sent a confidential report to the Minister of Education pointing out that this disturbances at the Universities were the result of the agitation conducted by the anti-Semitic professors. He also drew attention to the fact that these professors were sabotaging the Jewish students, refusing to give them passes in the examination even when they were the best qualified students in their class.

The Public Prosecutor expressed the view that the report being confidential the Court could take no action.

The Court after considering the case found that Professor Slatineanu had done his duty as Rector in making his report to the Ministry of Education. Moreover, the report had been based on an investigation carried out by Professor Parchon, the Dean of the Medical Faculty, which showed that Professor Schumleanu did actually sabotage Jewish students in their examinations.

Dr. Joseph Kussy was elected president of the Lions Club of Newark, N. J. Dr. Kussy is active in the civic and fraternal life of the city, having previously served as a member of the Board of Education. He was recently nominated by Governor Moore for the position of State Civil Service Commissioner, but the State Senate has not yet acted on the nomination.

The first volume of the revised and amended edition of the Vulgate Bible was presented by Pope Pius XI, after fifteen years of labor, by Benedictine monks under the direction of Cardinal Gasquet, according to a report from Rome.

The work was originally undertaken by Pope Pius X. Its completion is expected at an early date.

ish social leaders and will also be happy to extend them to the same Jews.

"We would be perfectly satisfied to let the non-Jews huddle to themselves in their social affairs but when this discrimination is extended to include hotels in popular summer resorts to the extent that it makes a real problem for self-respecting cultured Jews to find accommodations, then it is time to protest. It is astonishing when one considers the type of Gentile who objects to the presence of Jews in the same hotel. We know of a specific case where a prominent Jew was travelling with his family in the Adirondacks and his wife was taken ill. He had the utmost difficulty in securing accommodations in one of the finer hotels. Of course that sort of thing is provincialism gone wild. Men and women who are really cultured would not employ such methods in order to strengthen their social position. But it is unfortunate that such a condition exists, for in many instances it works a definite hardship."

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ON ALL MIGRATION QUESTIONS URGED BY WORLD CONGRESS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

London, June 30.—The World Migration Congress convoked here by the International Federation of Trade Unions and the Labor and Socialist International adopted a number of resolutions as submitted by the Commission appointed for the purpose of unifying the original resolutions and the amendments.

In the introduction to the resolutions it is said that an incentive to emigration, whether temporary or permanent, is the ever-present desire of the workers to leave countries with lower standards of living and go to others, where the standard of life is higher.

From territories which are greatly overpopulated, and backward in industrial development, there is also a constant stream of emigrants; and yet another cause of emigration which is continually coming to the fore is the political oppression of the workers.

The rush of large numbers of workers to those countries where economic conditions are better and which are therefore still capable of absorbing them may in certain cases be a danger to the working classes of these states, because there are just grounds for fearing a depression of the level of wages and other working conditions for native workers in these countries.

The Congress does not regard the present especially strong tendency towards emigration from states with unfavorable economic conditions as being an effective and permanent method of overcoming the economic crisis; on the other hand, it considers emigration as a phenomenon which is an inevitable result of capitalist development.

The Conference desires to emphasize its conviction that it is the duty of all governments to provide for the solution of migration problems in the manner best conducive to international peace and good-will, and to the protection of the interests both of the emigrant workers and of the workers in the countries to which they go.

The Congress therefore instructs the International Federation of Trade Unions and the Labor and Socialist International to appoint a joint commission to make a further study of the economic, racial, color and social factors entering into the migration question and to bring the results before a future Congress.

The resolutions state: "This Congress considers that every country should establish a state migration office on which the trade union organizations should have adequate representation. In addition, an International Migration Office, also with adequate trade union representation, should be created within the framework of the International Labor Office to draw up international conventions and recommendations concerning migration and to provide ample and reliable information concerning migration."

"The Congress demands the strict prohibition of all propaganda in favour of emigration by private transport enterprises, and the abolition of all private migration agencies. For this purpose

DR. MOSKOWITZ AND JUDGE PANKEN SAIL FOR EUROPE TO ATTEND ORT MEETING

Dr. Henry Moskowitz, Chairman of the National Executive Committee of the Ort Reconstruction Fund, and Judge Jacob Panken, President of the American Ort, sailed for Europe on the Mauretania to attend the Ort conference to be held in Berlin in August.

In a statement issued before his departure Dr. Moskowitz declared:

"I am going to Europe to note what progress has been made in the work of Jewish reconstruction which I investigated last summer in Poland, Bessarabia and Russia. At that time I made an agreement with the Soviet government which is enabling the Ort to continue its work in Odessa and White Russia. Up to date it has settled 2,000 families in those regions. It is working in close cooperation with the Joint Distribution Committee which is doing a splendid piece of work in Kherson and Crimea. Altogether there are about 10,000 families consisting of over 50,000 souls, are at present working upon the land. It is my purpose to observe the progress that has been made since my last visit and to report upon it to the American Jews in the fall."

FLINDERS PETRIE, FAMOUS EGYPTOLOGIST, TRANSFERS ACTIVITIES TO PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, July 8.—Sir Flinders Petrie, the famous Egyptologist, has decided to abandon research work in Egypt and transfer his archaeological activities to Southern Palestine because of the attitude of the Egyptian Department of Antiquities under Director Lacau, a Frenchman, it was learned here.

Sir Flinders is quoted by the "Daily Express," in an interview detailing hindrances imposed upon research workers, as saying the skilled American excavators at Thebes have abandoned their work and are compelled to spend their time studying discoveries they made two years ago.

It recommends that, where these do not already exist, state migration offices shall be set up to advise and give moral assistance to emigrants. The trade union centres must have adequate representation on these offices. The function of these offices shall be to prepare and secure the passing of legislation providing for the abolition of all private migration agencies, and also for the supply of full and reliable information concerning wages, etc., in the countries of immigration, the medical examination of emigrants before departure, the provision of good travelling conditions, the reception of the emigrants in the countries of immigration and their conveyance to the places where they will live and work.

"The legislation of every country must ensure to all immigrant workers, both male and female, the same rights as national workers in respect to wages and working conditions. The unfair recruiting of immigrants must be stopped by making all emigration agents and all

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INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ON ALL MIGRATION QUESTIONS URGED BY WORLD CONGRESS

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other persons acting in the business interests of these responsible for all prejudice caused to emigrants through the violation of existing regulations or interstate agreements.

"The Congress demands the abolition of passport and visa charges for emigrants in countries of emigration, transit and immigration.

"This Congress recommends that all labor bodies cooperate to secure for immigrant workers complete equality of treatment in respect of all forms of social insurance established by law in the country of immigration.

"In view of the inequality of the progress made in the various countries in the important field of social legislation, this Congress welcomes the efforts of the International Labor Office to standardize such legislation, and recommends that these efforts should be accelerated and extended to every form of social insurance (compensation for industrial accidents, unemployment, sickness, invalidity, old-age and death insurance, widows and orphans pensions).

"The Congress also considers that everything should be done pending the achievement of the above to promote the adoption of the principle of reciprocity of treatment.

"This Congress recommends the International Federation of Trade Unions to take all necessary measures for the organization of immigrant workers.

"With regard to trade union organization, this Congress recommends that international regulations should be drawn up by the national centres affiliated with the Trade Union International and the International Trade Secretariats to ensure the prompt and smooth transfer of emigrant workers from their unions in the old countries to the competent in the new; that trade union centres should do all in their power by propaganda of every kind to stimulate the organization of immigrant workers in trade unions, special groups of foreign nationalities being formed only with the sanction of the national centre in the country of immigration; and that the trade union centres should endeavor to secure the equality of treatment of immigrant members in respect of all trade union benefit.

"The Congress demands the abolition of all restrictions on the right to work of certain categories of workers provided that these restrictions drive these workers out of their native land. Emigrant workers who for political reasons cannot establish their nationality should be provided with passports by an international body."

Resolutions extolling the lives and accomplishments of the late Alton B. Parker and Oscar S. Straus were read on July 1 at a memorial meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Civic Federation, of which Straus was formerly President and Mr. Judge Parker was Vice President. Matthew Wolf, Acting President; Frederick R. Couderc and Archibald E. Stevenson paid tributes to them for their services to the community and the country.

HAKOAH ASSOCIATION IS FORMED IN NEW YORK

An athletic club under the name of the Hakoah Athletic Club, was formed in New York.

The new club originates from the Maccabean Athletic Club, which has been in existence for five years.

The Executive of the club consists of Dr. Max Kraus, president; Dr. Eugene Bar, vice-president; Diana Solomon, treasurer; Arthur Hirschler, Arthur Wiener, H. Magid and Harry Feigenbaum.

The Hakoah Athletic Club is a member of the International Soccer League of New York, the Empire State League and the German-American League.

The club plans next season to build up its activities, which will include soccer, wrestling, boxing, fencing, swimming, modelling its work after the Viennese Hakoah.

Roumanian Senate Invalidates Election of Jewish Senator

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tion in various governmental circles. It was stated that the Minister of Trade intended to dissolve the Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Mendelsohn is the chairman of the Zionist Organization in Jassy.

Jewish Weavers Evolve Plan to Revive Textile Industry in Lodz, Poland

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weavers to Jewish cooperative societies. Hundreds of weavers would find employment if this plan proves successful. The amount of \$10,000 was promised by the representative of the Joint Distribution Committee in Poland to aid in the carrying out of this plan.

The conference of Zionists of the State of Maine, attended by delegates representing all the important Jewish communities of the state was held on Sunday and Monday in Old Orchard, Me. Max L. Pinanski, president of the state organization, reported \$20,000 the year.

Resolutions were adopted by the conference congratulating Louis Lipsky on his election as President of the Zionist Organization of America, endorsing the work of the American Russian congress, and protesting against the relief work of the Joint Distribution Committee. The conference was addressed by the Hon. Elihu D. Stone of Boston, Bernard S. Shubov of Boston, Governor Brewster of Maine greeted the conference.

The officers elected were: Rabbi Pineas Israeli, Honorary President; Rev. Meyer J. Levenson, Honorary Vice-President; Max L. Pinanski, President; Meyer Minsky, Bangor and Joseph Wigton, Portland, Mrs. H. H. Adelman, Bangor, Vice-Presidents; Rose Levenson, Portland, Secretary; L. Shiro, Waterville, Treasurer. Eldon Markson was again unanimously chosen Chairman of the United Palestine Appeal of Maine.

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BUENOS AIRES SOCIETY FOR IMMIGRANT PROTECTION REPORTS ON WORK

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Buenos Aires, June 10.—The fourth annual report of the Society for the Protection of Jewish Emigrants, created in 1922, has just been published here.

During the four years of its existence, the Society has developed its activity extending it also to Uruguay. It has established a permanent service for the supervision of the disembarking of the emigrants, for negotiation with the authorities, the placing of emigrants and the transfer of funds. It had also established professional schools. Its work had drawn the attention of great organizations like the Ica, the Ort, the Hias, the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden, the Emigdirekt, etc., who have established connections with it.

During the four years of its existence, 5,703 immigrants had been registered by the Society, of whom 3,737 were men, 971 women and 995 children. The Society had placed with the Ica 2,421 immigrants, at Buenos Aires 616 immigrants, and in the country 155, making a total of 3,092.

According to place of origin these immigrants came from Poland 3,226, Russia 410, Lithuania 140, Roumania 260, Austria 49, Germany 67, Czechoslovakia 55, Galicia 17, Hungary 79, Ukraine 54, Turkey 44, Egypt 6, Latvia 12, Belgium 2, France 4, England 7, Italy 4, Palestine 3, Switzerland 1, Bulgaria 5, Holland 1, Jugo-Slavia 6. Other countries 251.

According to professions, the immigrants were engineers 4, land-workers 723, agricultural experts 2, doctors 33, pharmacists 4, chemists 4, dentists 6, hospital attendants 17, dressmakers 288, mechanics 250, electricians 55, carpenters 81, watchmakers 22, printers 39, painters 42, photographers 5, glaziers 6, plumbers 8, upholsterers 13, hatters 37, bookbinders 70, picture-frame makers 37, other professions 1,200, no profession 2,724.

The Society had approached the authorities with regard to 7,498 cases; in 101 cases the intervention was unsuccessful. It had intervened 841 times for permission to land, only 39 times without success. The reasons for refusal were tuberculosis, physical defects, trachoma, unaccompanied women and suspect professions.

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