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HADASSAH, WOMEN'S ZIONIST ORGANIZATION, OPENS ITS CONVENTION IN BUFFALO

Hospital Facilities in Palestine Declared Most Urgently Needed.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Buff., N. Y., July 1.—The Hadassah, Women's Zionist Organization, and Junior Hadassah conventions opened yesterday with greetings by Mrs. L. H. Miller, President of the Buffalo Chapter, at the Hotel Statler. Rabbi M. M. Eichler offered the invocation. Greetings from the Zionist Organization of America were extended by Louis Lipsky, and from the United Palestine Appeal by Emanuel Neumann.

The most important immediate need for the development of Palestine as a Jewish Homeland is adequate hospital facilities for the medical care of the population, Miss Henrietta Szold, president of Hadassah, declared in her annual report sent by her from Jerusalem where she is now directing the work of the organization. The report was read by Mrs. Robert Szold, acting president, who submitted it to the several hundred delegates attending the 12th annual convention of Hadassah.

Reports of the national committee work were submitted by Mrs. Dorothy Lefkowitz, treasurer; Mrs. A. H. Fromenson, Palestine Supplies Department; Mrs. A. J. Bandes, Infant Welfare; Mrs. H. Kottler, Pennscholl Luncheon Fund; Mrs. Irma L. Lindheim, Jewish National Fund; Mrs. I. S. Adlerblum, Cultural Committee;

(Continued on Page 1)

IMMIGRANTS ATTACKED AND DEFENDED AT TWO CONVENTIONS IN PHILA.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, July 1.—An attack on the melting pot and a defense of it marked the sessions here Wednesday of members of the National Educational Association, consisting of teachers from all parts of the country, who are holding their annual convention here, and of the Civitan Clubs.

The demand that a more thorough examination of immigrants be made before and after their arrival was expressed by Frederick A. Wallis, Commissioner of Corrections of New York City.

A different view was taken by William C. Bagley, of Teachers' College, Columbia University, who, in an address before the National Educational Association, cited statistics to prove that there is less crime in states having a large foreign-born population. "Contrary to general belief," said Mr. Bagley, "not only is the average of morality high in these states, but Massachusetts, a state containing a population of which more than a quarter is foreign-born, stands at the top of the list of states comparatively free from crimes of violence."

PENSION FUND FOR AGED RABBIS IS URGED BEFORE RABBINICAL ASSEMBLY

Suggestion Presented to Rabbinical Assembly Convention by President

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Long Branch, N. J., July 1.—The creation of a fund for aged rabbis was urged by Rabbi Max Drob, president of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, in his message to the convention of the Rabbinical Assembly of the Jewish Theological Seminary which opened here yesterday.

"Our rabbis are still young for the most part, but the day of reckoning must come and something must be done now to provide for this certainty," Rabbi Drob declared.

Calling attention to the fact that this year marks the fortieth anniversary of the founding of the Jewish Theological Seminary, Rabbi Drob stated that since its first graduation exercises in 1894 it has graduated 190 rabbis.

Professor Louis Ginzberg, Professor of Talmud at the Seminary, addressed the Convention, emphasizing the need of a more liberal attitude on the part

(Continued on Page 2)

MRS. SCHWARTZ BARDS ASKS DISCONTINUANCE OF FUND RAISING IN HER BEHALF

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, July 1.—A request to discontinue the raising of funds for Sholom Schwartzbard's family was expressed by Mrs. Anna Schwartzbard, in a communication addressed to a number of Jewish organizations.

Mrs. Schwartzbard declared that she had heard that some organizations had started to raise funds for her. "I can work and while I thank you for your good intentions, I must decline to accept any relief," she wrote.

FEISUL ON WAY TO EUROPE. WILL STOP IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, July 1.—Emir Feisul, king of Mesopotamia and son of ex-king Hussein of the Hedjaz, is expected to arrive here the end of the week, on his way to Europe.

King Feisul will be the guest of the High Commissioner, Lord Plumer. A state reception in his honor will be given at the Government House Saturday night.

NAHUM SOKOLOV EXPECTED IN PALESTINE DURING JULY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, July 1.—Nahum Sokolov, chairman of the World Zionist Executive, will visit Palestine during July, despatches received here state.

Mr. Sokolov is returning from a visit to South Africa, where he worked in the interests of the Keren Hayesod. Mr. Sokolov is expected to arrive here the end of July.

LEAGUE SESSION BROUGHT NO PRACTICAL RESULTS, DR. WEIZMANN STATES

Essential for League to Watch Progress in Palestine, He Declares

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, July 1.—Views on the present political situation in Palestine were expressed by Dr. Chaim Weizmann and Dr. Arlosoroff, member of the Vaad Leumi delegation, at a public reception given to the delegation by the Zionist Organization here.

"We have achieved no practical results from the last session of the Permanent Mandates Commission," Dr. Weizmann declared. "We are the most interesting but the most troublesome child of the League of Nations. It is essential that the League of Nations watch the process of growth in Palestine. If Great Britain has refused to listen to our expostulations, it will listen to public opinion as expressed in Geneva," Dr. Weizmann declared.

In his address, Dr. Arlosoroff mentioned the fact that a Palestine official told him that Palestinians are considered as Englishmen everywhere outside of England. The Palestine mandate, Dr. Arlosoroff said, belongs to a special category. The recognition of the experiment of the upbuilding of Palestine has the greatest significance in the political world, Dr. Arlosoroff stated. He urged closer cooperation with the International Labor Office of the League of Nations.

CONVERTS TESTIFY THAT INFAMOUS "ELDERS OF ZION PROTOCOLS" WERE FORGERY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, July 1.—Testimony to the forgery of the "protocols of the Elders of Zion," the anti-Semitic falsification circulated in many countries, was offered by the London organization of Jewish converts to Christianity.

Reverend Samuel Schor, international vice-president of the Hebrew Christian Alliance, a missionary organization, and Reverend Gold Levine, vice-president of the international executive of the Alliance, published a letter of protest on behalf of the executive of their organization in the "Life of Faith," a Christian paper.

The paper recently published articles by Reverend Lancaster in which anti-Semitic accusations based on the Protocols were made. In their statement, the leaders of the Alliance declare that "the Hebrew Christians in all lands are in constant personal contact with Jews throughout the world" and they "have never directly or indirectly come in touch with such a body of Jews determined to overthrow Christian civilization as is alleged in the protocols. The protocols have proven a clumsy forgery and vulgar anti-Semitic fiction without a shred of truth," they testify.

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Jacob LandauPresident
Meer GrossmanVice-President
Samuel BienstockTreasurer and Secretary

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New York614 Broadway
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Paris82 Rue d'Amsterdam, Paris, VIII
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BUSINESSMEN SUBSCRIBE \$265,000 FOR PALESTINE MORTGAGE BONDS

**First Issue \$1,000,000 First Mortgage
Bonds; American Commission to
Study Building Conditions in
Palestine**

The first issue of \$1,000,000 first mortgage bonds of Palestine Securities, Inc., the agency organized under the chairmanship of Judge Bernard A. Rosenblatt, for the purpose of creating a market in America for the sale of Palestine investment securities, was subscribed to the extent of \$265,000 at a luncheon on Monday of business men during the Zionist Convention at Buffalo. One subscription of \$50,000 by Mr. Morris Dlugasch of Brooklyn, N. Y., featured the gathering.

An advisory committee was formed, headed by Benjamin Winter of New York. Mr. Winter has associated with him, Mr. Solomon Ullmer of Cleveland, president of the Ullmer Bond and Mortgage Co.; Morris Friedberg, Detroit, Mich.; Mr. Kranzberg, St. Louis; Dr. A. J. Rongy, New York; Solomon Lampert, New York, H. B. Robbins, New York; Benjamin Mushlin, St. Louis; Max Shulman and Nathan D. Kaplan, Chicago; S. Hennes, Waterbury, Conn.; Edward Chase, Manchester, N. H.; and Nathan Pinsky, Boston. The committee is to be increased by representatives from various centers throughout the United States, it was stated.

A commission of the Palestine Securities, Inc., consisting of investment experts, headed by Solomon Ullmer of Cleveland, will go to Palestine early in the fall for the purpose of making a survey as to the expansion of home building, based upon American principles of building and financing. The commission will also make recommendations as to future issues of first mortgage bonds for homes in Palestine. The first issue of \$1,000,000 will provide for the construction of 1,000 homes, which will take care of the housing of more than 1,000 families.

I. O. B. A. PROCLAIMS JULY AS A "SESQUI-CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION MONTH"

A proclamation to all the 550 lodges of the Independent Order B'rith Abraham was issued by Judge Gustave Hartman, Grand Master of the Order.

The proclamation declares "the month of July a period of celebration and rejoicing throughout the Order in commemoration of the 150th Anniversary of the birth of our beloved nation and profound gratitude to God for the priceless heritage handed down by the Fathers of this glorious country of ours" and directs that "in every lodge throughout the land appropriate patriotic exercises be held at a designated meeting in the month of July, that the Declaration of Independence be read in full to the assembled members of the Lodges and that the entire membership pledge anew its undying allegiance to the flag and to the United States of America."

The proclamation also advises the members that the Convention of the Order directed that the Order participate in the Sesqui Centennial Celebration in Philadelphia.

Pension Fund for Aged Rabbis Is Urged Before Rabbinical Assembly

(Continued from Page 1)

of both extremes in the constituency of American Judaism. He stated that it is far more easy to maintain a middle-of-the-road policy. Every Jewish movement, he said, must be judged in accordance with its relation to the problems of its own age. He deprecated the tendency to imitate current vogues of other cultures, maintaining that the Jewish people is an original personality which must develop in accordance with its own unique traditions.

Rabbi Louis Levitsky of Wilkes Barre, Pa., read a paper in which he presented methods of dealing with the problem of adult Jewish education. The discussion on the paper was led by Rabbi A. Landesman.

The convention was greeted by Governor Harry A. Moore and Mayor Howland. Governor Moore in his address of welcome emphasized the need of spiritual leadership as a means of counteracting the crime wave.

Rabbi J. L. Zlotnik of Montreal was chosen executive secretary of the Zionist Organization of Canada. He is succeeding Mr. Leon Goldmann who resigned after serving as executive secretary for a number of years.

Three hundred teachers and students in the immigrant education classes of the evening Philadelphia to take part in a session of the conference of the Immigration Education Division of the National Education Association.

Other subscriptions at the luncheon were those of Louis Topkis, Wilmington, Del., \$10,000; Israel Matz, New York, \$10,000; Jacob Goell, New York, \$10,000; Isaac Meister, New York; Sol Lampert, New York; Bernard Rosenblatt, New York; Morris and J. Friedberg, Detroit; Sol Ullmer, Cleveland; Juda Landau, Buffalo; Dr. A. J. Rongy, New York; each \$5,000.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does indicate approval.—Editor.]

Jewish Press Discusses Attitude of Zionist Convention on Russian Colonization and Jewish Agency

Regret that the Zionist convention in Buffalo saw fit to adopt an antagonistic attitude in its resolutions on Jewish colonization in Russia and on the question of the Jewish Agency, is expressed in the Jewish press of New York, which comments editorially in yesterday's issues on the results of the Buffalo convention.

The fear that the consciousness of power which made itself manifest at the convention, as a result of the successful achievements of the American Zionists during the year past, "may send Zionist work in America along dangerous paths which may lead to an open split in the ranks of American Jewry and thus spoil, perhaps for a whole generation, the chances of a full participation by all American Jews in the reconstruction of the Jewish Homeland in Palestine," is voiced by the "Day," which observes further:

"The firm antagonistic attitude of the Zionist convention to Jewish colonization in Russia, on the one hand, and the veiled warning to the Marshall group, that the Jewish Agency will proceed without them, clearly demonstrate that the Zionist Organization of America is becoming intoxicated with a sense of its own power and is beginning to stray from the clear path of cooperation with all elements, which can and should and must be brought into the circle of Palestine reconstruction."

The "Jewish Daily News," giving utterance to the same view, thinks the American Zionists have made Dr. Weizmann's task more difficult when he will come to the United States soon to make the final effort to draw non-Zionists into the Jewish Agency.

The paper declares its belief that whereas there was good reason for the Zionists to be agitated over the Russian colonization plan a year ago, there is now no cause for such agitation in view of the compromise arrived at at the Philadelphia conference.

"The entire situation regarding the work of the J. D. C. has been altered in so far as any connection with the Zionist question is concerned," we read. "Not only has the J. D. C. not harmed the Zionist funds, the J. D. C. has no more relation to Zionism than any other philanthropic drive, with the difference that the J. D. C. is giving some of its funds for Palestine too. Hence, the question arises: What was the sense of the Zionist convention making an issue of something that does not touch the Zionist interests and which can only create bad blood?"

(Continued on Page 4)

MORE THAN \$15,000,000 PLEDGED; \$3,000,000 CASH, RESULT OF UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN, NATIONAL CHAIRMAN ANNOUNCES

\$25,050,000 Quota Accepted in 1,241 Campaigns Throughout U. S. and Canada, Summary to National Committee States; \$7.15 Per Capita Raised in Campaign, Figures Show

The sum of \$15,772,730.68 has been pledged thus far in the United Jewish Campaign, according to a statement issued yesterday by David A. Brown, National Chairman of the campaign.

Toward the ultimate total of \$25,050,000, campaigns that will be ended in the next fortnight are expected to raise a minimum of \$1,026,930; to this will be added \$6,928,291 in campaigns scheduled for next September, and \$1,322,048 in local "repeat campaigns" in 1927 and 1928, the statement declared.

"The largest sum of money ever raised in America in one nation-wide campaign for a humanitarian purpose, has been obtained in the United Jewish Campaign," Mr. Brown declared in his statement.

"The magnitude of this humanitarian effort is emphasized by the fact," the report states, "that there are only 3,500,000 Jews in the United States. On that basis, the contributions to the United Jewish Campaign, if figured on a per capita basis, average \$7.15. In the United War Work Campaign to raise funds for welfare work among the soldiers of the American Expeditionary Forces by such organizations as the Y.M.C.A., Y.W.C.A., Knights of Columbus, Salvation Army, Jewish Welfare Board, Red Cross and the Quakers, the per capita contribution from the 110,000,000 American population averaged \$2.10 and in the Hoover campaign for children in Germany, Poland and Austria the American per capita was thirty-three cents."

In his report to the national executive committee, which is as of July 1, Mr. Brown states that the communities which since last September have organized and carried through local campaigns for this fund, number 1,132, and that 109 campaigns will be held in the Fall, making a total of 1,241 campaigns by the Jewish citizens in that number of cities in the United States and Canada.

"Hundreds of Christians are included among our contributors, in addition to Mr. Rockefeller, whose munificence took us by surprise; many non-Jews gave in sums running from \$10,000 down to the 'widow's mite,' and many took an active, and even a leading part, in a number of local campaigns. But, on the whole, the \$25,000,000 comes from the Jewish citizens of America, who must be credited with this marvelous achievement, which is without parallel in the history of philanthropy the world over," Mr. Brown said, in announcing the present status of the United Jewish Campaign.

"The original sum which the Philadelphia conference last September decided must be raised, as a minimum for the relief of the stricken Jewries of Europe, was \$15,000,000, and the quota committee, headed by Jacob M. Loeb, of Chicago, made local allot-

ments in excess of that sum to the 1,241 communities participating in the United Jewish Campaign," the report stated. "However, it soon became apparent, from reports cabled to campaign headquarters by our representatives abroad, and from thousands of petitions and heart-rending letters from stricken communities and from suffering individuals, that the amount of money that would be required to relieve the unparalleled distress, had been largely underestimated. A decision to raise the national quota to \$25,000,000 was quickly arrived at," Mr. Brown stated.

"The result is that as of July 1, the quotas accepted locally total \$25,050,000, and we have every assurance that the grand total raised will exceed that amount. It is noteworthy that the only state that has taken no action thus far is Rhode Island. On the other hand, other communities which for purely local reasons have deemed it expedient to defer their campaigns until the Fall have sent in checks,

many of them covering the first annual installment of the total amount they are expected to raise. It is interesting to know, that although the subscriptions are made on the basis of three annual payments, we have already received over \$3,000,000 in cash, and that judging by the remittances we are receiving daily from local campaign officers, we will shortly have in hand the \$5,000,000 which it was estimated would be required for our European relief and reconstructive efforts this year on the basis of the original \$15,000,000 national quota."

In his report to the national committee of the United Jewish Campaign, Mr. Brown says:

"The money we have received thus far is already in action in every country in which the Joint Distribution Committee is working at the present time and the budget which has been approved is based upon an ever-increasing flow of money into the national treasury.

"The by-products of this Campaign up to date have been many. Communities all over the land have organized themselves into permanent service groups, whose purpose it is now to stand ready to give of themselves for every human cause that presents itself—Jewish or non-Jewish.

"There has developed a newer and (Continued on Page 4)

FUTURE OF JEWISH AGENCY PLAN DISCUSSED AT ZIONIST CONVENTION IN BUFFALO

Emanuel Neumann, General Director of United Palestine Appeal, States Views of Administration

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Buffalo, July 1.—During the discussion on the Jewish Agency at the twenty-ninth annual convention of the Zionist Organization of America Mr. Emanuel Neumann, general director of the United Palestine Appeal, urging the adoption of the resolution stated:

"The Zionist Convention has devoted considerable time annually to the discussion of the Jewish Agency. This resolution might be made more emphatic, but whatever resolution we adopt here with regard to the Jewish Agency we ought not to leave this Convention under any misapprehension as to what the situation really is, and what our relation to the efforts taking place have been. There has been a great deal of loose talk, irresponsible patter, irresponsible outpourings with regard to the Zionist Organization of America and its administration on the matter of the Jewish Agency. I believe that this discussion with us and them (the Agency group) should remain on a high level.

"The responsibility or failure of the Jewish Agency plan to be completely achieved or realized does not rest exclusively or entirely upon the gentlemen of that group. Some Zionists have also had a great deal to do with the failure of the Agency to be achieved, and those Zionists are not those who are addressing you here or sitting on the platform, but others. This discussion has been going on for three years or more, and there has been in our midst a group of people, not here but abroad, who have consistently and persistently fought the

attempt to extend the Jewish Agency without due regard to the actual situation. If this had not been the case, the conjuncture of events which took place this year might have been averted. Before we pass on to criticism of this American group, we have the right and duty to say that they have hampered the attempts of the Zionist Organization to bring about the realization of the Agency.

"The question of the Agency is not a question of contracts. The social world is governed by understandings, faith, mutual confidence. If this Agency is to be materialized, it must rest on a basis of mutual confidence and trust on the part of the Zionists and non-Zionists. Something has happened during the past year to seriously impair that confidence—our confidence in them, and perhaps I might say their confidence in us.

"We must bear in mind that the resolution adopted at the Congress specifies only the general lines along which the Jewish Agency should be formed. Those resolutions do not say that we must enter into a partnership with this or that particular group of non-affiliated Jews, non-Zionists. That question is left broadly and widely open under those resolutions. Under the same Congress resolutions we could have a non-Zionist representation in Poland or Latvia on an entirely different basis. The hands of the Executive Committee were left free, subject to the control of the Ac-

(Continued on Page 4)

FUTURE OF JEWISH AGENCY DISCUSSED BY ZIONISTS

(Continued from Page 3)

tions Committee with regard to the application of these Congress resolutions, and in matters of this kind what is important, above all, is the understandings between the parties, and secondly, the application of the Congress resolutions. What has transpired—I want to say, for myself, my confidence in the Jewish Agency plan began to weaken long before the Crimean plan developed. It has been my duties to assist in the preliminary efforts in the calling of the non-partisan Conferences A and B, and I must say that from the start I was impressed, rather adversely, by the slow process in which the negotiations were proceeding. I laid this at first entirely to the fact that this was the method of approach of the people with whom we were dealing. As time advanced, as the negotiations progressed, or did not progress I should say, it became increasingly clear that the group with whom we were negotiating were not yet fully alive to, fully cognizant of the responsibilities that were involved in the Jewish Agency.

"The question before us today is not, whether or not Mr. Marshall had good or bad motives or intentions—I say this with regard to the Jewish Agency and not Crimea—it seemed increasingly clear to us that those gentlemen with whom we were negotiating with regard to the Jewish Agency were not in a position to influence the minds of their followers with the responsibility involved in the Jewish Agency. I am in favor, substantially, of the resolution presented, that we urge upon the World Zionist Executive that they bring these negotiations to a head.

"We, the Zionists of America, are entitled to know, and to know soon, what is the status of this matter. Our policies depend on it. Our work is hampered by the situation and we cannot allow the Agency to remain in this country in a state of suspended animation—either we influence it with life or get it out of the way. Furthermore, we must express to the World Zionist Organization that we have a right to know what the adoption of the Jewish Agency resolution will actually mean, what it will mean to Palestine, and what it will mean in the furtherance of the Jewish colonization work in Palestine. We have a right to state that in the application of the Congress resolution, the World Zionist Executive and the Actions Committee shall so deal with it as to insure the Zionist Organization that measure of cooperation under the Jewish Agency to which we are entitled. If, for one reason or another, these negotiations should not be concluded, the Executive, of course, has the right and may seek such other methods of carrying out the intent of the Congress resolutions as may be deemed fit. The Palestine Mandate leaves the Zionist Organization perfectly free, the Palestine Mandate merely suggests that the Zionist Organization take such steps as to insure the cooperation of all sections and classes of the Jewish people, and there are many ways that can be devised for cooperation. I hope that

HADASSAH CONVENTION IS OPENED IN BUFFALO

(Continued from Page 1)

Mrs. S. Inzibuch, Hospitality, and Miss Ruth Cohen, Executive Committee.

A large increase in membership during the past year, bringing the total to 30,614 as compared to 23,436 for 1925, was announced by Miss Cohen. The number of chapters has grown from 245 to 276.

Mrs. Lefkowitz reported on the financial situation of Hadassah. During the past four and a half years the organization has collected for expenditures in Palestine, \$1,320,538. Last year \$379,972 was raised for its work, Mrs. Lefkowitz announced. During the five months of the current year Hadassah chapters have obtained \$307,481 already. The budget for 1926-27, she stated, would be approximately \$750,000.

The principal activity of Junior Hadassah, an organization composed of young Jewish women between the ages of eighteen to twenty-one, is its support of Meier Shefeye, a school in Palestine providing academic and agricultural education to one hundred children, according to the report of Mrs. Freda Silbert Ullian, president. The entire financial burden of the institution is being borne by the junior group, Mrs. Ullian announced, and last year the organization raised from its members \$40,407 towards its maintenance. The membership of the group is now 7,025 with 131 units and 161 groups.

The Palestinian activities of Junior Hadassah were reviewed in a report sent on from Palestine by Miss Sophia Berger, Executive Director of the Palestine Orphan Committee. Miss Berger told of the plans made through Meier Shefeye to give an adequate education to orphan children.

in expressing ourselves we bear in mind that we are not dealing with a question of a personal breach of faith by this or that individual, but that a situation has arisen which we could not foretell before, but we must call attention that in our negotiations now this condition must be taken into consideration," Mr. Neumann stated.

Inscribe your name in the Golden Book. A contribution of \$100 to the N. F. redeems five dunams of soil in Palestine and immortalizes your name as one of the first builders of Zion.

The inscription can be paid for in cash or in installments.
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(This space is contributed by an anonymous friend)

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UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN REPORTS RESULTS TO DATE

(Continued from Page 3)

finer understanding of what the Yiddish and Anglo-Jewish press of this country stands for, and the power of this press in relation to making possible a great effort of this nature. That they have given of their space with a perfect abandon; that they have been one of the most helpful forces in making the United Jewish Campaign a success, is evident to all of us who have been closely in contact with what they have done."

"States that have already reported 'over the top' are:

Alabama, which exceeded its original quota of \$100,000 by \$40,000; Arkansas, which raised \$75,244.50 against a quota of \$75,000; Indiana raised \$37,500 above its quota of \$300,000; Kentucky passed its \$200,000 goal by \$38,969.77; Michigan went its \$400,000 quota \$82,251.11 better; Ohio's original quota of \$150,000 has been exceeded by \$16,635.50; Oklahoma with an original quota of \$125,000 raised \$151,547.21. Texas voluntarily increased its original quota of \$250,000 to \$350,000 and they have about raised that figure. The Province of Quebec has exceeded its quota of \$100,000 by \$25,520.

"Many other states where campaigns are drawing to a close are sanguine that they, too, will go over the top in the next few days. New York City with an original quota of \$4,000,000 increased its allotment to \$6,000,000 and raised over \$6,800,000. The second largest city quota raised to date is Chicago, \$1,000,000 exclusive of Mr. Rosenwald's outright gift of \$1,000,000," the report stated.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION

(Continued from Page 2)

As regards the Jewish Agency, the paper says: "Weizmann's coming visit here will close the last chapter in the Jewish Agency work, and we will know whether the non-Zionist group, consisting of wealthy and influential Jews, will join the Palestine work through the Jewish Agency or not. While the two parties are still negotiating, it would certainly have been better to await the result of Weizmann's forthcoming visit."

The "Jewish Morning Journal" also regrets the attitude of the Zionist convention, expressing the conviction that the suspicion of an anti-Zionist move on the part of the leaders of the Russian colonization plan, is without foundation. The paper feels, moreover, that the resolution on the Jewish Agency should not have contained the clause which criticizes the non-Zionist group. "Such a method of cooperating with Dr. Weizmann is somewhat strange," the paper avers. "We do not believe that Dr. Weizmann is so sharply opposed to the Crimean colonization as the convention in Buffalo was. And if he is not, if he does not wish to come out against the group whose cooperation he has sought to secure, he cannot be assisted when the men in whose name he speaks, openly go further than he does."

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