

HOUSE PASSES DRASTIC DEPORTATION BILL

(Continued from Page 2)

and has received terms of imprisonment aggregating eighteen months or more.

An alien who, after the enactment of the deportation bill violates or conspires to violate narcotic and white slave laws.

An alien who is found practicing prostitution or is an inmate of or connected with the management of a house of prostitution or who receives shares in or derives benefit from any part of the earnings of any prostitute or who manages or is employed by, in or in connection with any house of prostitution or music or dance hall or other place of amusement or resort habitually frequented by prostitutes or where prostitutes gather, or who in any way assists any prostitute or protects or promises to protect from arrest any prostitute, or who imports or attempts to import any person for the purpose of prostitution or for any other immoral purpose or who enters for any such purpose; at any time after entry.

An alien who willfully conceals or harbors, attempts to conceal or harbor or aids, assists or abets any other person to conceal or harbor any alien liable to deportation, if the Secretary of Labor after hearing finds that he is an undesirable resident of the United States; at any time after entry.

An alien who willfully aids or assists in any way any alien unlawfully to enter the United States at any time after entry.

The bill was passed on Monday, June 7, under suspension of the rules, whereby amendments are prohibited and debate limited to forty minutes. Congressman Bergen, in his speech, declared that under the bill it would be possible to deport aliens who had been convicted abroad of political offenses and thus, for example, men imprisoned for opposition to the Fascist regime or communism in Russia or participation in the British strike, would be subject to deportation since the bill makes no distinction between political prisoners and others. Congressmen Sabath, Dickstein, and LaGuardia also spoke against the bill.

Austria Honors Lindenthal, American Jewish Engineer

(Continued from Page 1)

now visiting clinics here. President Hainisch was among the guests.

The Vienna Technical School, where he studied, awarded him an honorary doctor's degree in a ceremony made picturesque by the appearance of all the students in the ancient gala costumes of the country.

Dr. Adolph Stern, of New York, was elected President of the American Psychiatric Association, succeeding Dr. Trigant Burrow of Baltimore.

The Educational Committee presented to the Executive Board a resolution calling for a medical degree from a first-class medical school for practitioners of psycho-analysis for curative purposes and also for special training in neurology and psychiatry. The resolution recognizes the need for the application of psycho-analytical principles to medicine, social service and the theological professions, and advocates the establishment of courses of instruction for persons engaged in those fields.

Of the 280 students who were graduated from the Brooklyn College of Pharmacy, 131 are Jewish.

MR. INTERBERG REPORTS ON CONDITIONS IN PALESTINE

That Palestine is making marked progress towards becoming the national Homeland of the Jewish people, was declared by Israel Unterberg, president of the Jewish Education Association, who returned recently from an extended trip in Europe and Palestine.

Mr. Unterberg gave his impressions on Palestine at a dinner given in his honor by his associates of the Jewish Education Association on Wednesday. About 250 workers of the Jewish Education Association attended.

"I believe," said Mr. Unterberg, "that I may best summarize the impressions which I have received during my trip in Europe and Palestine, by saying that there are today only two countries on God's earth, which offer some measure of happiness to Jews—Palestine and the United States. It is rather regrettable that this country has closed its doors to the millions of our suffering brethren in Europe. But since this is the case, Palestine is today the only country that is left for them, the only country where they may find an opportunity to work, and to live happily and peacefully."

JEWISH COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES

The Business Men's Council of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, which since its organization in 1920, has been responsible for raising \$21,433.729 for ninety-one affiliated local charities, will reorganize next Tuesday, June 15, at a luncheon meeting at the Hotel Pennsylvania.

Mayor James J. Walker will be the principal speaker and Felix M. Warburg will preside. According to Mr. Strock, President of the Federation, the reorganized plan will limit membership in the money-raising branch of the Federation to those who acknowledge acceptance of the election by letter to the Chairman of the council.

More than five hundred members of the old council, of which Percy S. Straus and Felix M. Warburg are Associate Chairmen, are expected to attend.

In addition to Mayor Walker, speakers will include Mr. Strock, President of the Federation; Samuel C. Lowenstein, Executive Director of the Federation; and Fred M. Stein, Chairman of the Nominating Committee, who will present the committee's selections for the first 100 members of the reorganized council. The 100 members of the council, of the 1925 money-raising efforts will be announced following the election of officers.

The new Community Center of the Congregation Beth Israel, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, N. Y., will be dedicated on Sunday, June 13.

The Synagogue of the congregation was dedicated in 1917, and the Center is adjacent to the synagogue.

Rabbi Abraham Dubin is the rabbi of Congregation Beth Israel.

Justice Mitchell May will be the principal speaker at the ceremonies.

Officers of the congregation are: Dr. De Wolf, pres.; Jack Warshawer, vice-pres.; John Ginsberg, treas.; I. Schuman, fin. sec.; Norman Neman, rec. sec.; Bernard Ginsberg, Chairman of House Committee and Aaron Allen, Exec. Sec.

"Man is the tree of the field"—is a biblical saying. In olden times there was a beautiful Jewish custom to plant a tree for every new-born child.

Palestine needs trees. \$1.50 plants a tree. Send your contribution to THE JEWISH NATIONAL FUND, Inc. (Keren Kayemeth Le Israel) 114 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y. (This space is contributed by an anonymous friend.)

DROPSIE COLLEGE HONORS MEMORY OF OSCAR STRAUS

(Continued from Page 1)

Philosophy upon Elcazer L. Sukenik, whose thesis is on the subject "The Ancient Synagogues in Palestine." Doctor Sukenik is a Palestinian scholar who held a Fellowship during the past year at Dropsie College. He is returning to Palestine and through a fund contributed through the College, Mr. Sukenik will continue his excavations in the so-called third wall in Jerusalem under the general direction of the Jewish Palestine Exploration Society.

David Berchipsky, B.A., was reappointed a Fellow in the Biblical Department. Joseph Levitsky, B.S. (Temple), was reappointed a Fellow in the Rabbinical Department. New Fellowships were appointed as follows: David Gordis, B.A., Fellow in the Biblical Department, Zvi Cohen, Lodz Gymnasium, Fellow in the Rabbinical Department, Baruch Weizel, Gymnasium, Fellow in the Department of Cognate Languages, Julius L. Siegel (Rabbi Isaac Elehanan Theological Seminary, Fellow in the Historical Department.

Doctor Adler reported that during the year 65 students attended the College of whom 48 were men and 19 women. Of these 33 were in the post-graduate courses and 32 in the undergraduate courses.

Samuel Untermeyer transferred all his realty holdings in Yonkers to his three children, Irwin and Alvin Untermeyer and Mrs. Stanley Richter. The property is estimated to be worth \$1,000,000.

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COL. SYMES WILL APPEAR BEFORE THE MANDATES COMMISSION ON JUNE 21

To Present Views of Palestine Government; Dr. Weizmann Leaves Geneva (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, June 11.—"The truth from Palestine" as seen by the Palestine government will be presented to the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations on June 21 when Col. George S. Symes, civil secretary of the Palestine government, will appear before the Commission.

Col Symes will on that occasion, it is expected, present the views of the Palestine government and state the opinion of its government concerning the various memoranda submitted to the commission on behalf of the Executive of the Zionist Organization, the anti-Zionist Palestine Arab Executive, the Vaad Leumi, the National Council of Palestine Jewry; and the Agudath Israel, the Orthodox Jewish world organization.

Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, who was here for several days, left today for London.

EXHIBITION OF JACOB EPSTEIN'S WORK IN LONDON ATTRACTS WIDE ATTENTION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, June 11.—Wide attention was attracted by the exhibition of the work of Jacob Epstein, famous American Jewish sculptor, which was opened here yesterday. The exhibition includes a bust of the artist, one of his wife and daughter.

The English press publishes lively comments on the exhibition. The London "Herald" says that Epstein's name will live for all time. The well known critic Konody comments on Epstein's choice of Asiatic and exotic types. He terms Epstein's treatment rude and offending to classic beauty, and criticizes what he terms Epstein's perversity in accentuating vicious characteristics of his models. However, he states, Epstein is a powerful artist.

DROPSIE COLLEGE HONORS MEMORY OF OSCAR STRAUS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, June 11.—The Fellowship in history at the Dropsie College will be named the Oscar S. Straus Fellowship in memory of the late American Jewish statesman, according to a decision taken at the annual meeting of the Board of Governors of the College.

It was also decided to name the Fellowship in the Biblical Department the Mayer Sulzberger Fellowship; and in the Department of Cognate Languages the Elizabeth A. Lazarus Fellowship. The governors approved, upon the recommendation of the Faculty, the conferring of the degree of Doctor of

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CONFERENCE OF ZIONIST CENTER GROUPS CALLED TO MEET IN LONDON

Step Taken on Initiative of American Zionists

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, June 11.—The conference of the center groups within the Zionist movement, consisting of the so-called general Zionists, without definite affiliation with the right or left groups, will open here on July 19.

The conference, which was called on the initiative of the American Zionists, has for its purpose the consideration of ways and means of strengthening the center groups within the movement and to provide these groups with the possibility of forming a stronger Zionist Executive, which would derive its strength and support from the center groups.

The conference will also consider the budget for 1926-1927 and adopt resolutions with regard to strengthening of the present Zionist Executive at the meeting of the Zionist Actions Committee which will open in London on July 22. Representatives of the American Zionists are expected to attend the conference.

AUSTRIA HONORS JEWISH ENGINEER, BUILDER OF MANY AMERICAN BRIDGES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, June 11.—The golden insignia of honor of the Austrian Republic was conferred upon Gustav Lindenthal, American Jewish engineer, builder of many American bridges, by Michael Hainisch, President of the Republic.

Mr. Lindenthal was born in Bruum, 76 years ago and went to America in 1874 as engineer of the Philadelphia Centennial Exposition, remaining there since. He is President in New York of the American Society, whose Vienna branch held a reception last night to honor him and 150 members of the American Interstate Medical Society

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JEW MAY BE MEMBER OF NEW POLISH CABINET

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, June 11.—The Bartel government may have a Jew as a member of its cabinet, it was learned here today.

The Jewish banker, Mr. Flaum, was nominated for the post of vice-Minister of Finance.

ITALY HONORS MEMORY OF JEWISH SCHOLAR

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rome, June 11.—A tablet in memory of the late Italian Jewish scholar Alessandro d'Ancona, famous authority on Italian literature, was unveiled at the University of Pisa by the Italian Minister of Education, Pietro Fidele.

CULTURAL AUTONOMY FOR JEWS IN POLAND DEMANDED BY BLOC OF LEFT PARTIES

Demand Is Feature in Program for National Minorities

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, June 11.—Improving the political situation of the national minorities in the Republic of Poland is one of the features in the program of the bloc of left groups in the Polish Sejm, according to a number of resolutions adopted by the bloc today.

At a meeting of the left groups bloc the following resolutions were adopted:

1. To demand the immediate dissolution of both houses;
2. To urge the government to grant, within the borders of the Polish Republic, a territorial autonomy for the White Russians and the Ukrainians;
3. To urge the government to grant to the Jews and Germans cultural autonomy under which the Jewish population in Poland would be in a position to regulate by its own elected representatives the religious, educational and cultural questions.

WORLD CONGRESS OF JEWISH MUSICIANS WILL BE HELD IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 11.—A concert hall will be erected in Tel Aviv through the efforts of Palestinian Jewish musicians as a commemoration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the musical work of the composer Engel. The site for the proposed hall was donated by the Tel Aviv municipality.

A world congress of Jewish musicians is planned to take place in Jerusalem during Passover of 1927. Prominent musicians from various European countries and America have announced their intention of participating in the Congress.

ARAB AND JEWISH RAILWAY- MEN DECIDE TO COOPERATE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Jerusalem, May 17.—A meeting of the Railways, Posts, Telegraphs and Telephone workers of the Jaffa-Ludd District, was held at Tel Aviv. Most of those present were Arabs.

Mr. Negerberg reported on the work of the Association. Ahmer Haj Namer spoke of the work of the Arab paper, "Ittihad Al Umal", which was doing much to effect an understanding between Jews and Arabs. A number of Arab workers spoke, and the closing speech was delivered in Arabic by Dr. Malul, editor of the "Ittihad Al Umal", who urged cooperation between Jews and Arabs. A resolution to this effect was adopted, special stress being laid upon the proposed cooperation of Arab and Jewish railwaymen.

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ROUMANIAN PREMIER PROMISES TO FIGHT ANTI-SEMITIC PARTIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Czernowitz, May 30.—General Averescu, the Premier, speaking at an election meeting here at which Dr. Joseph Bierer and Dr. Meyer Ebner spoke on behalf of the Jews, declared:

"My hand will never be extended towards those groups which incite in their programme the incitement of peoples one against the other and the fostering of hatred and enmity. Against groups and parties of this kind I know of only one method—war to the end. If there is anyone who loves a certain religious community, class or nation more than another, he can show his affection by stimulating that country's share in the cultural or economic activity of the country, but under no circumstances can it be permitted that it should be made the basis of acts of violence."

Dr. Ebner in his speech said that as a citizen and a Jew he welcomed General Averescu's Government. "The Jews still retain happy memories of his previous Government. Under your Government," he said, "there were no excesses against the Jews, no Cuzist agitations, no official anti-Semitism, and no secret support of the movement against the Jews. God grant that there may be a new epoch of peace and friendship opening for all the peoples of this country."

Bucharest, May 25.—The Minister of the Interior, M. Octavian Goza, in an interview with the representative here of the "New York Times," replying to the question of what measures the Government had taken to put down the anti-Semitic agitation in the country, said:

"The anti-Semitic movement has never assumed in Roumania those dimensions which have been reported abroad by certain individuals for reasons of their own, with the result that damage has been done to Roumania's

HOUSE PASSES DRASTIC DEPORTATION BILL Bill Passed Under Suspension of Rules (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, June 11.—The deportation bill passed by the House and now referred to Senate where early action is expected provides for the time limit and offense for deportation of aliens as follows:

An alien who entered the United States at any time or place other than as designated by immigration officials, or who eluded examination or inspection or who obtained entry by a false or misleading representation at any time after entry, unless the entry was before July 1, 1924 in which case at any time within three years after entry.

An alien who at the time of entry was a member of one or more of the classes excluded by law from admission to the United States, such as anarchists, at any time within five years after entry.

An alien who remains in the United States for a longer time than authorized by law or regulations made under authority of law, at any time after entry unless the entry was before July 1, 1924, in which case, at any time within three years after entry.

An alien who, at any time within seven years after entry, is a public charge from causes not affirmatively shown to have arisen subsequent to entry, at any time after entry.

An alien who at any time within seven years after entry from causes not affirmatively shown to have arisen subsequent to entry is an idiot, imbecile, feeble minded person, epileptic, insane person, person of constitutional psychopathic inferiority or person with chronic alcoholism, at any time after entry.

An alien who is convicted of any offense committed after the enactment of the Deportation Act of 1926 and within ten years after entry, for which he is sentenced to imprisonment for a term of one year or more at any time after entry, but not after the expiration of three years after the termination of the imprisonment. The three important changes effected by this provision are the extension of the five year time limitation to a ten year limitation for a single offense, the substitution for test of moral turpitude, the test of a sentence to imprisonment for a term of one year or more and the elimination of the provision for a recommendation of non-deportation by the court or judge sentencing such alien.

An alien who has been convicted of a second felony without any time limitation except that the deportation proceedings must be begun within three years after the termination of the imprisonment.

An alien who has been convicted more than once of minor infractions of law

(Continued on Page 3)

good name. Among the students the anti-Semitic movement has stopped. The students have complete confidence in the Government and they have all returned quietly to their studies. The Christians have put up a number of candidates in the elections but they stand no chance of being elected."

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Upton Sinclair Explains His Charge Against the Jews

The charge made recently by Upton Sinclair, noted American novelist and Socialist, that the Jews have "commercialized sensuality in art" and that through the medium of the stage and the movies they exert a corrupting influence, which has aroused resentment in Jewish circles, is explained by him in a letter to the editor of the "Jewish Tribune," which appears in the June 11 issue of that paper.

Mr. Sinclair made his charge in a contribution to the "Yudenhaus—Eine Anthologie" (Jew Hatred—A Symposium) a German book published in Vienna.

In his present explanation to the "Jewish Tribune," Mr. Sinclair declares:

"I cited the Jewish racial defects as I conceived them, and I went on to cite the Jewish racial virtues as I conceived them.

"I thought that I could render a service to all Jews by trying to think of the reasons given to me by Americans for despising Jews, and I stated these reasons.

"One of the most prominent reasons is because members of the Jewish race are giving us a great deal of commercialized sensuality in art. Mr. Hurwitz asks for 'scientific data' on the subject of the Jewish sexual instinct. My answer is that he can get the data in question by attending Broadway shows put on by Z (here he mentions a Jewish play producer), and Hollywood moving pictures put on by Y (here he mentions a Jewish film producer)—to name but two where I might name a score. Decent Americans loathe these productions, and they blame the Jewish race. I think that the Jewish race has a remedy at hand; they do not have to rest under the disgrace which these 'black sheep' of the Jews put upon them. They can reprobate and ostracize these persons, and they can make it plain that the decent Jewish people are as much in revolt against commercialized sensuality as are the American people. I think that an American friend of the Jews is rendering them a service when he points out the facts in this matter. I will not need to point out how many times in Jewish history the people took to worshipping sensual gods, and how prophets arose who were not mealy-mouthed, but who looked the facts in the face, and laid about them with a vigorous lash. I think we need a Jewish prophet right now on Broadway, and we need another one in Hollywood!"

The editor of the "Jewish Tribune," Mr. Herman Bernstein, replying to Mr. Sinclair, says:

"If the situation is truly as dreadful in California as Mr. Sinclair describes it, it is a matter for the police depart-

APPOINT JEWISH SCIENTIST ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR AT POST GRADUATE COLLEGE

Work of Dr. Morris Levine in Practical Otolaryngology Attracts Attention

An appointment of considerable interest to Jewish and non-Jewish physicians in the United States was made by the New York Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital, one of the largest medical colleges in the United States, several days ago.

Dr. Morris Levine was appointed associate professor of the Otolaryngological Department of the New York Post Graduate College.

Dr. Levine, who is the author of a book, "Practical Otolaryngology," which is to be published shortly, has been associated with the New York Post Graduate College, being also one of the head surgeons in the Post Graduate Hospital.

Attention was focused on the work of Dr. Levine due to the great popularity of his lectures to post graduates at the College, consisting of physicians from all parts of the country. It was because of this interest in his lectures that he was induced to publish them in book form. Dr. Levine is considered an authority on eye, ear, nose and throat diseases. He is the first Jewish physician to be appointed associate professor in the Otolaryngological Department of the College.

Dr. Levine, who was born in Vilna, was brought to this country when he was six years old. He made his way through college, having won a scholarship for Cornell University. Later he studied at the Long Island Medical College.

Dr. Levine, who is the son-in-law of the late Rabbi Abraham Eber Hirschowitz, is an observant Jew and a devoted Zionist. He visited Palestine in 1922 and when interviewed yesterday by the representative of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" stated that he is looking forward to seeing Palestine again and introducing American methods in the otolaryngological science of the country.

ment and for the courts of justice to handle; and if Jews are found guilty of committing crimes, they should be punished even as Christians guilty of such crimes should be punished. And no element of the community would be more glad to see justice done than the Jews would.

"We deplore and condemn filth and vulgarity in the films and the theater, whether they are presented to the public by Jewish or Christian managers, but we are convinced that their religion or descent has nothing to do with their business enterprises. The Jews who offend in this respect, like the Christian offenders, do not act in the capacity of representatives of their race, and their race should not be denounced or criticized because of a few individuals.

"The Jewish people resent the responsibility forced upon them by certain writers for the acts of some Jewish offenders, when credit is withheld from the Jewish people when individual Jews distinguish themselves by rendering valuable and important services to humanity."

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

Some Sidelights on the Jews in the British Parliament

(By Our London Correspondent)

London, June 1.—To those who are familiar with the important role played by Jews in British politics, as exemplified only recently by the successful termination of Lord Reading's term as Viceroy of India and Sir Herbert Samuel's mediation of the general strike, it may be a surprise to be told that there are only a handful of Jews in the House of Lords—the Marquis of Reading, Lord Rothschild, Lord Swaythling, Lord Michelham, Lord Bearsted, Lord Jessel—and only about a dozen in the House of Commons.

One of the Jews on the front Government bench is, Mr. A. M. Samuel, who hails from Norwich, and it is interesting to note that it was Mr. Robert Grant, then member from Norwich, who in 1830 originally moved for leave to bring in a Bill to allow British-born Jews to enjoy all the rights of the British subject without having to profess the religion of the State. It was on this motion that Macaulay delivered his maiden speech—a powerful plea for emancipation.

Lord Bearsted is now the first Viscount of Maidstone. That was one of the first constituencies ever contested by a Jew and he—Mr. David Salomons—made history. Although unsuccessful at Maidstone, he was elected for Greenwich in 1851—for although a professing member of his faith could not then sit in the House of Commons, there was nothing to prevent the electorate from selecting him. He presented himself at the table in order to take the oath, but he declined to pronounce the then obligatory words, "On the true faith of a Christian." He was ordered to withdraw, and he obeyed—but only temporarily. The circumstances were interesting.

Major Astor, the giant member for Dover in 1924, voted in a division without taking the oath, thereby forfeiting his seat—there was a by-election—and rendering himself liable for a penalty of £500. Well, Mr. David Salomons did wittingly what Major Astor did unwittingly.

A fellow member of the House asked the Government whether they would sue him for the penalties provided by the Act if Mr. Salomons took his seat without taking the oath. Lord John Russell replied in the negative. So Mr. Salomons, to the general disconcertment, calmly walked into the House and sat down. There was an uproar. What was to be done with this quiet and respectable gentleman, who claimed to be where he was at the bidding of his constituents?

Matters were complicated by the fact that probably a majority of the House of Commons thought the restriction ridiculous, and on many occasions had so decided. It was the House of Lords that always imposed a blank negative to the wishes in this matter of the Lower House. All that could be done was to debate the matter, and on the

many amendments and motions that were moved, Mr. Salomons gaily voted. Eventually the Speaker ordered Mr. Salomons to withdraw. Mr. Salomons in effect answered politely that they had better throw him out—and that they theoretically they did. But Mr. Salomons had virtually won his battle and emancipation was carried shortly afterwards.

Even before Mr. Salomons began his battle the City of London had begun electing Rothschilds to the House of Commons, and their connection with that assembly had only recently been broken.

Similarly, the Disraeli connection was broken only when Mr. Coningsby Disraeli ceased to be a member in 1906. This nephew of the great Benjamin—he is a son of Mr. Ralph Disraeli, who was clerk of the House of Commons—still lives in the family manor of Hughenden.

With no Rothschilds and no Disraelis in the House of Commons we must look to what is virtually a younger parliamentary generation of Jews. Sir Philip Sassoon does, however, continue the tradition of his father, who represented the same constituency—Lytham.

Major Brunel Cohen's name has been prominent during the past week in connection with the meetings of the British Legion, of which he is honorary treasurer. He is a nephew of Sir Herbert Samuel. In the House of Commons he specializes in putting forward the case of the ex-service men, and always speaks from a sitting position—he had the misfortune to lose both his legs in the war—from the corner seat by the Bar.

NEW YORK UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN TOTALS \$6,775,456

Acting Chairman David M. Bressler announced that since the official closing of the United Jewish Campaign on May 24th, \$119,456 in additional contributions have been received, bringing the total up to \$6,775,456. The New York "drive," which was for a \$6,000,000 quota, ended with a total of \$6,656,000.

A number of trade division chairmen, M. Bressler said, are still canvassing their industries and propose to carry on throughout the summer.

Mr. Bressler said that he expected that the fund will be further augmented by the receipts from the Theatrical Field and Sports Day, which is to be given by the Amusement Industry Division of the Campaign at the Polo Grounds on June 27th.

Among the recent contributions are one for \$139.50 from the patients of the Hospital for Joint Diseases, \$1,500 from George Sidney, comedian, \$50 from Bella Baker, and \$500 from the proceeds of the Soccer game at the Polo Grounds in which the Hakoah players participated.

A prize for proficiency in otology was awarded to Miss Bettina Warburg, daughter of Paul M. Warburg, at the graduation exercises of Cornell Medical College. Ten of the 63 students to receive the degree of Doctor of Medicine are Jewish.