

## ROUMANIAN PRIME MINISTER PROMISES RELIEF FOR THE JEWS IN BESSARABIA

General Averescu Receives Jewish Delegations in Kishineff  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, May 8.—Promises to improve the situation of the Jewish population in Bessarabia were made by Prime Minister General Averescu who is now making a tour of Bessarabia.

In Kishineff, the capital city of Bessarabia, the Prime Minister received three Jewish delegations who submitted a request that the government carry out the law concerning the Jewish schools and to allow the Jewish stores to be open on Sunday.

At a banquet given in honor of the Prime Minister, many prominent Jewish citizens of Kishineff participated, following the Prime Minister's interview with the delegations.

## GOVERNMENTS ALLOW CHASSIDIM TO TRAVEL WITHOUT PASSPORTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, May 8.—Recognition of the Chassidic movement by the Czechoslovakian and Roumanian governments was granted in a special agreement concluded between the two governments, reports received here state.

The governments agreed to permit the followers of the Chassidic rabbi called the Wishnitzer Rebbe, who lives in Grosswardein, Hungary, to travel to Grosswardein five times a year without passports or visas. The governments appointed two Jewish citizens, Chassidic followers, to issue special permits to the Chassidim.

According to Chassidic custom the followers of the Rabbi leave their home and family and come to the rabbi on the five principal holidays.

## RATHENAU TRAGEDY MADE THE SUBJECT OF A PLAY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, May 8.—The life, achievements and tragic death of Walter Rathenau, one of the leading German-Jewish statesmen who died at the hands of anti-Semites in Germany, is the subject of a play published by the Drei Voegel Verlag.

The play was written by Gerd Tolzin.

## READING CHOSEN DIRECTOR OF LEADING LONDON BANK

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 8.—The Marquis of Reading, former vice-roy of India, was elected director of the National Provincial Bank in London.

The National Provincial Bank is one of the five leading banks in Great Britain.

## SENATOR JOHNSON TELLS DELEGATION HE FAVORS WADSWORTH'S NEW BILL

Approves Measure to Admit 35,000 Wives and Children of Declarants  
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, May 8.—Senator Hiram Johnson, chairman of the Senate Immigration Committee, in a statement made to the delegation representing the Declarants Immigration League of New York, which called on him yesterday, announced that he favored Senator Wadsworth's new bill to admit 35,000 wives and children of declarants who entered America prior to July 1, 1924.

Senator Copeland introduced the delegation to Senator Johnson. Each of the members of the delegation made a touching plea, describing the hardships which result from the separation of wives and children from the heads of the families and also told Senator Johnson of cases where wives abroad committed suicide because they could not secure visas to join their husbands in America.

The delegation also called on Congressman Albert Johnson of the House Immigration Committee, who likewise manifested a sympathetic attitude with regard to the new bill, an almost similar counterpart of which has been introduced in the House by Congressman Perlman.

## PRAYERS FOR PEACE OFFERED IN SYNAGOGUES IN BRITAIN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 8.—Prayers for the peace of the country were offered in all synagogues in Great Britain during the Sabbath services today.

In the sermons, the rabbis appealed to the congregations for steadiness and good will.

The Anglo-Jewish press commented on the strike situation. The Jewish "Chronicle," referring to the strike difficulties, urges its readers to submerge all considerations to the overwhelming necessity of aiding and supporting the government in all the proper measures it may take for preventing violent breaches of law and order and preserving for the people as a whole the means of existence. It is everyone's solemn duty to refrain from aggravating the situation, the paper states.

The "Jewish Guardian" writes that

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## JEWS PARTICIPATE IN BERLIN ART EXHIBIT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, May 8.—Many Jewish artists are among the exhibitors at the Exhibition of Swedish art of the present day which was opened by the President of the Republic, Field-Marshal von Hindenburg at the Crown Prince's Palace.

Isaac Gruenwald and Karl Isaacsohn are the most prominent of the Jewish artists exhibiting.

## NON-JEWS CONTRIBUTE TO U. J. C. AS NEW YORK \$6,000,000 DRIVE ADVANCES

Motion Picture Industry Prepares for Participation in Relief Campaign

Further evidence of sympathy by leading non-Jews with the \$6,000,000 United Jewish Campaign of New York is contained in letters received by Acting Chairman David M. Bressler, at the Hotel Biltmore headquarters of the drive. One of the letters was from U. S. Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., and the other from Welfare Commissioner Coler.

Senator Wadsworth in his letter to Mr. Bressler stated: "I wish you and your co-workers in the United Jewish Campaign in New York every possible measure of success. No one who realizes the plight in which so many poor Jewish people find themselves in certain portions of Europe can doubt for one moment that the \$6,000,000 undertaking is well worth while. The funds which you are about to raise will save thousands upon thousands of desperately poor people who, otherwise, I fear, are doomed to a bitter end.

"I am sure that the response to your appeal for funds will be prompt and generous, as is always the case when Jews are asked to help those who suffer."

Commissioner Coler wrote: "The campaign to raise \$6,000,000 from the Jews of New York City as their share of the \$15,000,000 fund being raised throughout the United States for the aid of the sick and needy Jews in foreign lands is a most commendable project deserving the fullest measure of success.

"Familiar as I am with the generosity of the Jews of New York City, who never tire of giving to those of other creeds as well as their co-religionists, I highly commend this appeal to the people of all creeds of the City of New York.

"Those giving may rest assured that every dollar will be spent for relief and

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## EXCITING ELECTIONS IN LITHUANIA AND ROUMANIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, May 8.—Parliamentary elections here have reached the highest pitch of excitement in the fight among the various parties.

The anti-Semitic party issued posters in Yiddish, in order to mislead the Jewish voters into supporting their candidates.

Czernowitz, May 8.—The first congress of Bukovina Jewry opened here yesterday.

The purpose of the congress is to define the attitude of the Jewish citizens toward the forthcoming parliamentary elections.

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MR. EMANUEL NEUMANN, U.P.A. DIRECTOR, RETIRES FROM VOLUNTEER OFFICE

Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Chairman of Appeal, Made Campaign Possible, Neumann Declares

Emanuel Neumann, General Director of the United Palestine Appeal, has retired from the active direction of the campaign, a statement issued by the headquarters of the Appeal declared. Mr. Neumann will continue to supervise the work. He has been volunteer director of the Appeal since its beginning in October.

The United Palestine Appeal was Mr. Neumann's conception and he was largely responsible for the plans. At the invitation of Dr. Stephen S. Wise who was elected Chairman of the Appeal and Louis Lipsky, Chairman of the Zionist Organization, he accepted the post of General Director stipulating, however, that he be permitted to do his work as a volunteer, receiving no compensation.

Until a year ago Mr. Neumann was secretary of the Keren Hayesod since its inception in the United States. Last year he visited Palestine after attending the Zionist Congress, where he acted as chairman of the Budget Committee, one of the most important committees of the Congress.

Mr. Neumann is the recipient of numerous expression of appreciation for his work in directing the United Palestine Appeal. Commenting on these expressions of appreciation, Mr. Neumann declared:

"I was in Palestine last summer and when I saw the work of our Chazuzim, the spirit that informs them and the real sacrifices that they offer, I felt that nothing we here could do for Palestine could measure up with the historic service of our pioneers on the soil. I have simply followed the promptings of my heart in giving these months of service as my contribution to Palestine.

"The campaign is by no means over. There are two months of solid and intensive campaigning ahead in various

MEMORIAL SERVICES FOR OSCAR S. STRAUS

Services in memory of Oscar S. Straus will be held May 16 by the George Junior Republic Association, Inc., it was announced by Richard Welling, president of the association. For many years Mr. Straus was a member of the organization's extension committee.

A resolution adopted on his death by the association read:

"Whereas, the late Oscar S. Straus was for many years an ardent believer in the principle of self government and education as a means of training youth for citizenship, we have heard with profound sorrow of his death, at this time when our committee needed not only his great ability, his advice and assistance, but the example of his unselfish and noble character."

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise will officiate at the memorial service.

Albert D. Lasker, former chairman of the United States Shipping Board, in a statement issued to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, declared:

"From earliest boyhood I was raised with the keenest sense of appreciation of all the Straus brothers. Their lives were an inspiration and encouragement to every Jew in America, for they were a family not only distinguished as Jews but as Americans. In their works and service to the general community and the Jewish group they represented the best that man has to give. Oscar Straus' name and deeds will never die."

Jacob Weiser, Treasurer of the Central Jewish Institute, at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the C. J. I. Camp held Thursday night, announced a donation of \$10,000 in honor of the engagement of his daughter, Ruth Weiser. The money is to be used for the construction of three buildings at the C. J. I. Camp at Port Jervis, New York, a Synagogue Auditorium, and two Recreational Indoor Playgrounds.

parts of the country before the Annual Convention in Buffalo, and there is also the work of collection to follow it. I will render a full report at the Convention and I believe the extent and character of our success will surprise even the optimists among us. Palestine has won a glorious victory in this campaign.

"In the final report which I have begun to prepare, I will have occasion to refer to the forces whose cooperation has made it possible to accomplish so much. But now I only wish to say one word. The results this year would not have been possible but for the devoted, aggressive and courageous leadership of Dr. Wise. He fought perhaps the greatest battle of his life for the centrality of Palestine in Jewish life. He took the Appeal together with the quota seriously and has been the life of the campaign from the first day to this. He infused his faith and passionate determination into the whole army. Without him we might well have lost the day. His has been the outstanding service of the year in behalf of the Zionist cause," he declared.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does indicate approval.—Editor.]

Suggests That Ford Give \$1,000,000 to United Jewish Campaign

The suggestion to Henry Ford that he donate one million dollars to the United Jewish Campaign as a means of substantiating the claim made recently in the "Dearborn Independent" to the effect that, so far from being a Jew hater Mr. Ford is a Jew lover, being violently opposed only to the Jewish capitalists, is made by the "American Israelite" of May 6.

"Now talk is cheap," the paper writes, "and 'The Israelite' would suggest to Mr. Ford a very easy way to convince the Jews that he rather loves them than not. The misery and destitution and untimely deaths among the Jews of Europe caused directly by oppression and persecution is most pitiable and a great effort is being made to give what relief we can by raising \$15,000,000 for this purpose. Now Mr. Ford has an income of many millions a year and an accumulated fortune which is reported at a billion. In short, he is said to be the richest man in the world. Now if he were to take one of those millions and donate it to the United Jewish Campaign to be used for the relief of the suffering Jews abroad he would become not only a great benefactor of the Jew but to humanity as a whole."

140,000 — Where Are They?

Criticism of New York Jewry for its showing so far in the United Jewish Campaign drive for \$6,000,000, is voiced in the "Forward" (May 8) by Zivion, who feels that the sum of money secured as well as the number of contributors, 10,000, are inadequate compared to the size and wealth of the Jewish community of Greater New York. Assuming that New York has a Jewish population of 1,750,000, the writer observes:

"In a population of 1,750,000 persons we can count close to half a million adults and, even reckoning that donors are exclusively males, there should have been at least a quarter of a million Jews in New York to contribute to the relief drive.

"Well, let us assume that not every one is in a position to give, though everyone should make a special effort to do so in this emergency, I am ready to deduct 50,000, even 100,000 of such that cannot contribute and there still remain 150,000 who are in a position to give. Up to now only 10,000 have contributed—where are the other 140,000?"

"And while I am trying to find out what happened to the Jewish masses when they were called on to give a little for the relief of their fellow-Jews in Eastern Europe, I would like to know where the thousands of New York's wealthy Jews have hidden?"

"The truth is," Zivion believes, "that there is but a small number in Ameri-

## LEAGUE OF NATIONS LABOR OFFICE PUBLISHES FIGURES ON PALESTINE IMMIGRATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Geneva, Apr. 28.—The migration movement in Palestine is dealt with in the current issue of the "Monthly Record of Migration", issued here by the International Labor Office of the League of Nations, under the heading of "Migration in Mandated Territories."

During the year 1924, says the report, 13,553 immigrants entered Palestine, of whom 42 per cent came from Poland and 39 per cent from other parts of Eastern and South Eastern Europe. The corresponding figure for 1923 was 7,991. The increase was particularly marked among persons of independent means, merchants, shopkeepers, and manufacturers who, by their activity and need of houses, created a demand for labor.

In the second half of 1924 there was very little unemployment among the Jews; this is attributed to the above-mentioned fact, to the reaction upon Palestine of a world-wide economic revival, and to careful restriction of immigration in 1923. Practically no unemployment in the accepted sense of the term exists among the Arabs.

Emigration amounted to about 2,500 as compared with 4,947 in 1923. Exact figures are available only for the second half of the year and during that time 967 pre-war residents (212 Jews, 321 Christians and 236 Moslems) and 342 post-war residents (295 Jews, 32 Christians, and 15 Moslems) emigrated.

There was, therefore, a considerable diminution in the emigration movement accompanied by a big increase in immigration, and it will be noted that the great majority of the emigrants were pre-war residents.

Of the 13,553 immigrants, 12,856 were Jews and 697 non-Jews. They may be classified in the following categories: 5,420 persons of capital or assured income; 2,327 dependents of residents in Palestine; 3,451 working men and women and others coming to employment; 2,203 dependents of those in the previous category; and 152 persons with assured incomes settling for religious purposes.

The principal countries from which the immigrants came were Poland (5,702), Russia (2,157), Lithuania (750), Roumania (593), Germany (552), Ukraine (504), Yemen (445), Turkey (389), United States (361), Bulgaria (358) and Greece (337). It will be noted that the overwhelming majority of the immigrants came from Central, Eastern and South Eastern Europe.

The number of persons rejected at the frontiers or ports for failure to comply with the immigration regulations was 450.

The British Government states in its replies to the questionnaire of the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations for 1924 that

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## OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

### A Bird's-Eye View of Moroccan Jewry

(By Our Paris Correspondent)

Paris, Apr. 15.—A bird's eye view of the leading Jewish communities in Morocco is contained in a report issued by the Central Committee of the Alliance Israelite from its secretary, Mr. Bigart, who visited the Moroccan Jews on behalf of this Committee in order to study their economic and moral conditions as well as the work of the schools founded by the Alliance in that country. The main points of Mr. Bigart's report follow:

**Tangier, Feb. 14, 1926.**—I arrived here on Feb. 12th and was met at the pier by Mr. Abensou, President of the Jewish Community, and by Mr. Cohen, the vice-president. On the 14th I visited the Boys' School which is located in a very fine building, the class rooms being large and well distributed, with good ventilation and abundant light. The Girls' School is located in a very fine house, a real palace, which although it was not built for a school, meets all the requirements of a model and modern school. The teaching staff is of the best and the courses of study up to standard.

The first school founded by the Alliance in Morocco was that at Tetuan in 1864 and in Tangier in 1864.

**Larache, Feb. 15.**—The Principals of the schools at Larache report that the conditions here are lamentable. I visited one of the schools and found in a class room 50 students when there should not have been more than 20 or 25. I called the attention of the Principals that the Alliance could not allow such unsanitary conditions to exist. On visiting the village I discovered that there was no suitable house for a school to be had and under the circumstances it was decided that it would be worse to close the schools than to allow the existing conditions to continue. The number of students is around 300 and they come from every part of Morocco.

**El Kasr, Feb. 16.**—The Jewish community consists of approximately 2,000 and is very poor. The Spanish Consulate has founded a school for the Jews. The number of students is around 250. The School buildings are worse than in Larache, being dark, damp and small.

**Rabat, Feb. 18.**—Yesterday we had an audience with Mr. Steeg, the Resident General of Morocco. We also called on Mr. Hardy, Director General of Public Instruction, to whom we outlined our plans and I am glad to say that my impression is that the Protectorate expects to carry out a complete and prompt reorganization. The Boys' School is located in the barracks which are unsuitable for such purposes, but Mr. Hardy promised to remedy the situation as soon as the war with the Rif is over. The principal of the Girls' School is Mlle. Pereyre who is an excellent teacher and is obtaining splendid results. There is also a school for French-Jewish pupils under Mme. Vallette. We were favorably impressed

and it seems that good results are obtained.

**Sale, Feb. 18.**—The principals of the schools are Mr. and Mrs. Tadjouri and while they are not located in suitable buildings they are the best to be had in the village. These young principals are very well liked by the people.

**Casablanca, Feb. 22.**—Casablanca has a Jewish population of 20,000, most of them having come from the interior, from the South and other points of Morocco. Those from the interior and the South are extremely poor; however, there are a number of rich Jews and others are quite comfortable. The schools are in poor condition, there being too many pupils for the size of the buildings in which they are located.

The Jews of Morocco are of a unique origin, those from the interior are from Arabic extraction, whereas those from the North and West are of Spanish and Portuguese extraction. This difference in origin can be detected in their features, faith and mentality.

In Tangier and the seacoast towns where the Jewish population is of Spanish extraction and speaks the Spanish language, the Jews are more advanced, of higher mentality and more European-like than those of Meknes, Fez or Marrakech who are mostly from the interior and act like Arabs or barbarians. In short, our schools have given better results in the coast than in the interior and the contact of the Jews with the foreigners of all nationalities is beneficial to them.

**Azemour, Feb. 22.**—We stopped this morning at Azemour, a village of the interior from where the Jewish population has emigrated largely, there being now only approximately 500, most of them having gone to Casablanca or Mazagan. The French-Jewish school is under a Catholic teacher who is doing splendid work and is on excellent terms with the Jewish people. I was exceedingly pleased to find in this village a school suitably quartered, well managed and where are taught the principal elementary subjects.

**Mazagan, Feb. 22.**—The school here is beautiful having been built by the community on a plot given by the Alliance. The class rooms are large and there is plenty of light. The pupils are intelligent but there are quite a number of albino children having poor eye sight. The school has given excellent results, the children are well dressed, speak nicely and in general have a European appearance, in fact much more European than many large villages of France and this speaks very highly of our methods of education and the system employed. The French-Jewish school is under Mr. Jordan and this will be turned over by us and a new building will be constructed by the community with funds advanced by us which they will refund. This proposition will be submitted to the Alliance in due time.

The Congregation Am Echod, of Waukegan, Ill., will erect a new synagogue.

can Jewry who give. It is, therefore, the task of the leaders of the campaign to find ways of reaching the large number of non-givers."

## NON-JEWS CONTRIBUTE TO NEW YORK U. J. C.

(Continued from Page 1)

reconstruction work overseas and without deduction for exorbitant overhead charges."

Among the contributions from non-Jews announced was \$1,000 from E. W. Fairchild, president of the Fairchild Publications.

Jews of New York were called on to help the United Jewish Campaign raise the \$1,700,000 necessary to complete the \$6,000,000 by contributing directly and not to wait until one of the army of volunteer solicitors reach them.

More than 50,000 Jewish households in Greater New York received a letter from Mr. Bressler asking for contributions to the Appeal.

David A. Brown spoke at a luncheon at the Hotel Astor, participated in by 150 members of the Motion Picture Theatre Owners Chamber of Commerce and the Film Club, preliminary to organization of the film industry and its allied branches for participation in the drive. Over \$23,000 was contributed.

Some of the larger contributions made at this luncheon were: David V. Picker, \$6,000; Sidney S. Cohen, \$3,000; Columbia Pictures Corporation, \$1,500; and \$1,000 each from Leo Brecher, Barr Bros., Muller and Schwartz, Premier Circuit and Small Strausburg Circuit. Non-Jewish contributions included \$500 from Charles L. O'Reilly, \$100 each from Edward M. Saunders, John J. Heagany and C. P. Sheahan.

Mr. Bressler announced that approximately \$10,000 of its quota of \$15,000 was contributed by the Dental Division, headed by Dr. Maurice William in response to an appeal by Louis Marshall. A challenge by Dr. Leon Harris to contribute \$1,000 if four other dentists would give \$250 each was met by Dr. S. M. Solat, T. Fornarton, J. Goldman and V. Stoll.

Brooklyn contributions to the United Jewish Campaign have reached a total of \$702,413, according to a report from Judge Grover M. Moscovitz, chairman of the Brooklyn committee.

The Eastern Parkway Division under the chairmanship of Charles Goell, holds the lead for the borough with \$107,784. Next in order comes the Flatbush Division of which Meyer Yondorf is chairman, which has raised \$98,795. Other divisions rank as follows: Fulton, \$58,511; Bedford, \$49,791; Bensonhurst, \$42,530; East Midwood, \$36,692; Arlingtion, \$34,775; Williamsburg, \$32,951; Manhattan Beach, \$28,160; Park Slope, \$27,610; Greenpoint, \$23,972; Bay Ridge, \$21,951; Borough Park, \$21,128; Kings Highway, \$18,459; Brownsville, \$15,835; Kensington, \$13,665; Coney Island, \$13,233; South Brooklyn, \$11,597; Stuyvesant, \$9,465; East New York, \$8,662; Sea Gate, \$2,488; Bushwick, \$2,383 and Mapleton, \$2,010.

A \$100 a plate luncheon of the Women's Division of Brooklyn will be held at the Plaza Hotel on May 13th.

At a meeting of the Woolen Division, under the chairmanship of Louis Rittenberg, held yesterday noon, \$3,995 was subscribed by the following: Samuel Karon, \$1,000; Charles H. Silver, \$1,000; Morris Kaplan, \$600; Benjamin Schloss,

## LEAGUE PUBLISHES FIGURES ON PALESTINE IMMIGRATION

(Continued from Page 3)

immigration continues to be regulated so that it shall not exceed the capacity of the country to absorb new arrivals. It is now controlled by a Permits Section of the Government and passport control is in the hands of Customs Officers. The Palestine immigration officer in Europe was transferred during 1924 from Trieste to Warsaw owing to the large proportion of immigrants coming from Poland.

The He'chalutz Organization has been formed with the support of the Zionist Organization for the purpose of training prospective Jewish immigrants in agriculture and manual labor. It has branches throughout Eastern Europe and its membership reaches 20,000. It maintains training farms, apprentices, prospective immigrants to Jewish landowners for instruction, and has established workshops for training in the building, engineering and metal trades, joinery, cabinet-making, etc. 10,000 ex-members of the Organization are already settled in Palestine.

The total Jewish population of Palestine amounted at the end of 1924 to about 108,000, of whom 23,000 were engaged in rural pursuits. In 1924, 21,000 acres of agricultural land were purchased by Jews and 14 new settlements were established. The total area of land in Jewish ownership was about 319 square miles.

Preliminary figures have been issued for 1925 showing that 33,801 Jews entered Palestine as immigrants in that year and that 2,141 Jews departed.

The cornerstone of the first Yiddish Art Theatre building in America will be laid next Sunday afternoon, May 16th, at the Yiddish Art Theatre, on Second Avenue at Twelfth Street, New York.

Built by Louis N. Jaffe, real estate operator and motion picture producer, the new Yiddish Art Theatre is designed to house the Yiddish Art Theatre Players, headed by Maurice Schwartz.

Based on an ancient Hebrew architectural design originating in Jerusalem, the Yiddish Art Theatre will be equipped with modern theatrical facilities, having a revolving stage.

The fiftieth anniversary of the Ethical Culture Society will be celebrated at the society's meeting house, Central Park West and Sixty-fourth Street, New York, at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning. Dr. Felix Adler will speak.

\$500; Abraham Zuger, \$300; Aaron Krumbain, \$300; Morris Rothstein, \$100 and B. Pisterman, \$105. Jonah J. Goldstein was the speaker.

M. H. Sterne, Chairman of the United Jewish Campaign for Alabama, reported that Birmingham raised \$53,938 against original quota of \$50,000, a statement from the National headquarters of the campaign declared.

Akron, Ohio, opened its United Jewish Campaign with pledges of \$5,000 in excess of its quota of \$30,000, according to a telegram from Louis D. Freiberg, chairman of Akron, to the national headquarters of the United Jewish Campaign. A quota of \$50,000 was adopted.

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## PRAYERS FOR PEACE OFFERED IN SYNAGOGUES IN BRITAIN

(Continued from Page 1)

"the Jewish subjects of the Crown who are preparing to celebrate the pentecost will support His Majesty's Government in the present struggle for liberty with law as distinct from liberty without law."

## JEWISH COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES

More than \$70,000 was raised for the United Jewish campaign in five of the smaller cities of Eastern Pennsylvania in less than one month, according to an announcement made by Albert H. Lieberman of Philadelphia, Chairman for Eastern Pennsylvania. The sum represents an increase of almost 50% over the original quota for these cities.

The cities in which the campaigns have been conducted in the course of the last month are: Scrubury, Williamsport, Bristol, Gettysville and Lancaster. In every case the original quota set for the town was exceeded by a substantial margin.

Altogether, it is estimated that these five cities, contain a population of 650 Jewish families making the contribution of each family over \$100.

Members of the Building Committee of the Federation of Jewish Charities of Philadelphia, Pa., formulating the policy to be followed in expending the \$405,000 subscribed to the building fund last January, announced that appropriations thus far have been made to cover the cost of constructing two new buildings for the Associated Talmud Torahs and for improvements at the Egleville Hospital and Sanatorium.

A new dining room will be erected at the institution, together with a number of improvements such as new sewage pipes, a more adequate water supply, installation of drive-ways. The total amount to be spent there will be \$90,000.

The Building Committee has decided that two of the six proposed new Talmud Torah Buildings which are to be used principally for educational purposes, shall be commenced as soon as feasible, according to Albert M. Greenfield, chairman.

In the building program an appropriation of \$500,000 was made to cover the cost of erecting five two-story community centres to contain auditoriums and class rooms.

Arrangements have been completed for the building of a synagogue and school in Monticello, N. Y., to be completed for use early this coming summer.

The committee in charge of the development of the project have closed negotiations for the purchase of a building formerly occupied by the Masonic Lodge.

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The committee in charge of the development of the project have closed negotiations for the purchase of a building formerly occupied by the Masonic Lodge.

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