

Vol. III. Price, 4 Cents.

New York, N. Y., Monday, April 19, 1926.

Ent. as 2nd Class Matter at Post Office, New York No. 452.

COUNT SKRZYNSKI SPEAKS OF GOOD PROSPECTS FOR POLISH JEWISH AGREEMENT

Prime Minister, in Vienna, Denies
Existence of Special Jewish
Economic Hardships
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Apr. 17.—The prospects of continuing the Polish Jewish agreement, negotiations for which are now in process between the government and the leaders of the Club of Jewish Deputies, were discussed here by Count Alexander Skrzynski, Polish Prime Minister, who is on a visit here, in an interview with Jewish press representatives.

"The present government, just as the previous government, continually adheres to the Zionist declaration given by me to Mr. Nahum Sokolow, chairman of the Zionist Executive. As to the Polish Jewish agreement, I would like to say that when I return to Warsaw I will continue the negotiations with the praesidium of the Club of Jewish Deputies. In the meantime, conferences are taking place between the Club representatives and the departmental heads concerning all questions relating to the situation of the Jewish population. I must point out, however, that I am only the chief of a coalition government," Count Skrzynski stated.

When asked about the economic situation of the Jewish population in Poland, the Prime Minister denied that there was anything in the economic situation

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JEWS IN ROUMANIA PLAN NATIONAL ELECTION BLOCK

Jewish Leaders of Old Kingdom Will
Not Join Block

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Apr. 17.—The creation of a national Jewish bloc in the elections in Greater Roumania, for the purpose of defending the rights of the Jewish population by insuring the election of its proper number of representatives, was decided upon at a conference of representatives of the Jewish communities in Greater Roumania held here.

During the elections, the bloc will function as a national body and will endeavor to have all Jewish votes go for the candidates of its list, so as to avoid the anti-Semitic candidates being elected due to a split in the Jewish vote.

The Jewish Unity Party of Bukowina will probably join the bloc, Deputy Ebner, leader of the party, declared. The policy of the bloc in connection with the elections will be decided upon at a second conference which will take place with the participation of a greater number of delegates.

The Union of Roumanian Jews, of which Dr. William Filderman is the leader, will not join the bloc, it was stated.

EXISTENCE OF ANTI-SEMITIC INTERNATIONAL PROVEN BY BUDAPEST CONGRESS MINUTES

Document Shows Sinister Forces of European Countries United in Plot Against Jews; Action Followed Ford's Withdrawal of Financial Support

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Hamburg, Apr. 17.—Sensational revelations with regard to an attempt made by the anti-Semites of various countries to create an anti-Semitic international are made today by the "Israelisches Familienblatt," a German Jewish weekly here.

The revelations are based on a copy of the minutes of the anti-Semitic congress held in Budapest in October, 1925. It appears that the initiative for calling the congress in Budapest was taken following the discontinuance of financial assistance rendered the European anti-Semitic organizations by Henry Ford, the paper states.

The Congress was organized by the Austrian Consul General in Budapest, de Pottes, alias Olier. The call to the congress was issued under the slogan: "Liberate the enslaved nations of the world from the reign of international Judaism."

An examination of the minutes of the anti-Semitic congress in Budapest discloses the fact that the delegates attending the congress disagreed on the methods of carrying out the proposed anti-Semitic program. The delegates from Hungary, Roumania and Austria demanded the adoption of the method of terror and pogroms against the Jews, while the delegates from Italy and Germany were opposed to such methods. The Congress decided to create a bureau of the anti-Semitic International, with headquarters in Vienna. The executive committee of the anti-Semitic International as elected by the congress, consists of Professor Alexander Cuza of Roumania, Theodor Fritsch of Germany, Mrs. Nesta H. Webster, of England, author of the anti-Semitic books "The Chevalier de Bouffiers," "The French Revolution," "World Revolution" and "Secret Societies and Subversive Movements," General Neschvoldoff of Russia and Deputy Franz Ulain of Hungary.

According to the plan of action adopted at the Congress, national dictatorships were to be declared in April, 1926, in Roumania, Hungary, Austria and Bavaria, with a specific anti-Jewish purpose. The bureau of the anti-Semitic International was also committed to a plan of creating special military units in the respective countries and arming the existing nationalistic organizations.

The list of the delegates shows that among them were Abbe Duppreon of France, Senor Berigini of Italy, Theodor Fritsch of Germany, Professor Alexander Cuza of Roumania, Baron Schlager and Teufel of Austria.

PRESIDENT SIGNS DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA KOSHER BILL

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., Apr. 17.—The President of the United States affixed his signature on April 15 to Bill H. R. 7255, known as the "Dickstein Kosher Law for the District of Columbia," which regulates the sale of meat in the following manner:

(a) "To sell or offer for sale within the District of Columbia as kosher, any meat which is not kosher.

(b) "To label or brand as kosher any meat, or the package containing any meat, sold or offered for sale or prepared within the District of Columbia which is not kosher, or

(c) "To sell or offer for sale within the District of Columbia in the same place of business both kosher and non-kosher meat, (1) without displaying conspicuously in place of business a sign in block letters at least four inches in height containing the words 'kosher and non-kosher meat sold here,' and (2) without displaying over such kosher meat the words 'kosher meat' and over such non-kosher meat the words 'non-kosher meat,' in block letters at least four inches in height.

"Violation of any of the provisions

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ORT GRANTED RIGHT TO WORK OFFICIALLY IN RUSSIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Apr. 17.—The organization Ort, functioning outside of Russia to raise the means for spreading trade and agriculture among Jews, will have the right to work in Russia officially, according to the terms of an agreement between the Comzet, the governmental department for settling Jews on the land, and the Ort. The agreement, which was negotiated for some time, was approved yesterday by the Council of People's Commissars.

According to the terms of this agreement, the Ort will have the right to engage in Jewish colonization activities in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The Ort undertook the obligation of spending the sum of 1,500,000 roubles annually and concentrating the work in the district of Odessa and in White Russia.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except
Saturday and Jewish high holidays
by the
Jewish Daily Bulletin Co., Inc.
611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Telephone: Spring 1614
Jacob Landau President
Meer Grossman Vice-President
Samuel Bienstock Treasurer and Secretary

Vol. III. Monday, April 19, 1926. No. 452.

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin
New York 611 Broadway
London 244 High Holborn
Paris 82 Rue d'Amsterdam, Paris, VIII
Berlin W. 15 Duesseidofler Strasse 72
Warsaw Ulica Aleje Jerozolimskie Nr. 18
Jerusalem P. O. B. 550
Cairo 13 Abou-El-Sebah

Subscription Rates		
	U. S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter Oct. 15, 1924,
at the Post Office at New York, N. Y.,
under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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LESS THAN ONE-FOURTH OF IMMIGRATION QUOTAS REMAINS TO BE FILLED

No Immigrants Sent by 18 Countries
During Current Quota Year,
Report Indicates

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Apr. 17.—With three months left of the quota year, most of the chief sources of American immigration have less than a quarter of their quotas remaining to be filled before July 1st, according to the Department of State.

The monthly report of the status of the Immigration Quotas as shown by visas issued by consular officers up to April 1st has just been made public. It shows that Poland has already used all but 620 of its quota of 5,982; Russia has left 244 of its quota of 2,248; Roumania, 143 of its quota of 603; Palestine 42 of the quota of 100; Lithuania 51 of the quota of 344; 22 still remain of Latvia's quota of 142; Hungary still has 81 of its quota of 473; 451 of Czechoslovakia's quota of 3,073 remain; Austria still has 104 of its quota of 735. The Arabian Peninsula is one of the eighteen countries which have not sent any immigrants to the United States.

Germany has already used all but 7,629 of the quota of 51,227 assigned to them, while Great Britain and northern Ireland have 4,920 left of their quota of 34,007.

The Irish Free State has 10,383 left of its quota of 28,567, while Italy has almost exactly one-quarter of its quota to be filled during the remaining quarter of the year.

There still remain eighteen countries which have sent no immigrants into the United States in the current quota year. The total of these countries' quotas numbers 1800. All are countries that are allowed 100 immigrants under the provision that this minimum shall be granted to all countries. The list is as follows: Afghanistan, Andorra (republican state under the suzerainty of France), Arabian Peninsula, Bhutan (independent state between India and Tibet), British Cameroon, French Ca-

MOVEMENT TO FACILITATE NATURALIZATION OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS IN FRANCE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Paris, Mar. 27.—M. Sylvain Levi, President of the Alliance Israelite, opening a meeting held here for the purpose of considering the welfare of the Jewish immigrants in France, spoke of the work which has been done by the Foyer Francais in facilitating the assimilation and naturalization of aliens, including the Jewish immigrants, in spite of the very archaic method in which the work of naturalization is still being conducted, the Foyer Francais has succeeded in facilitating the naturalization of a certain number of their co-religionists. Circumstances now require that a special organization be created to work at the side of the Foyer Francais for the purpose of encouraging alien Jews to become imbued with the French spirit and to become naturalized.

M. Israel Levi, the Grand Rabbi of France, said that the new body would work for the instruction of alien Jews resident in France. It would propagate the knowledge of French. It would see whether the foreign children had any special disposition for study, and it would prepare the sound and useful elements with a view to their naturalization.

FIND INDICATIONS OF OIL NEAR DEAD SEA REGION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 17.—Indications of the presence of oil southwest of the Dead Sea in the Kurnub area are recorded in the report of an expedition to Southern Palestine by Adolph Reifenberg, Research Assistant in the Biochemical Institute of the Hebrew University.

The report is published in Hebrew and in English under the editorship of Prof. A. Fodor, Director of the Chemical Institute of the Hebrew University, and is the first of the publications on the scientific investigation of Palestine by the Hebrew University staff. Accompanied by a supplementary survey on the local geology by Mr. L. Picard, the report covers the results of analyses of asphalt and phosphate deposits and also of soil analysis in the Beersheba and Dead Sea areas.

Joseph L. Feibleman of Newark, N. J., former president of the Newark Real Estate Board and recently elected President of the New Jersey Association of Real Estate Boards, was tendered a testimonial dinner at the Robert Trent Hotel. Speakers who paid tribute to Mr. Feibleman were former Congressman Eugene F. Kinkead; Joseph T. Fanning, past grand exalted ruler of the Grand Lodge of Elks; Vincent P. Bradley, a member of the New Jersey Real Estate Commission; Joseph R. Ashmore, past president of the New Jersey Association of Real Estate Boards and State Senator; J. Henry Harrison, Tax Commissioner; John J. Berry was toastmaster.

microon, Ethiopia, Liberia, Muscat, Nauru (island in South Pacific under British Mandate), New Guinea, Ruanda and Urundi (former German East Africa, now Belgian), Samoa, Siam, Tanganyika, British Togoland, French Togoland, Yap.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does indicate approval.—Editor.]

The "Saturday Evening Post" and the Immigrants

The "Saturday Evening Post" is criticized by the "Jewish Independent" of Cleveland for its recent attacks on immigration.

Writing editorially (April 16) the "Jewish Independent" observes:

"The 'Saturday Evening Post,' founded in the days when Great Britain ruled this land, is now directing its energies in behalf of the pro-Nordic immigration restriction law passed by Congress in 1924, to a characteristic attack upon Americans who are supporting the effort to humanize the measure by enabling families separated by its provisions to be reunited.

"Europe's voice is not the only voice to be heard in the land," declares the 'Saturday Evening Post.' 'Old-fashioned Americans still have their say and still are in the majority, but their margin of control is not what it once was. The Europe-first opposition is steadily gaining in strength and influence.'

"The 100 per cent Nordic bigot's voice and the Ku Klux Klan's voice are not the only voices to be heard in the land," the "Jewish Independent" adds.

"The American-first movement, the movement of believers in old-time American ideals and principles of human brotherhood, is steadily gaining in strength and influence.

"The reassertive power of those who are urging restoration of the principle of sanctuary may not measure up to the 'Saturday Evening Post' alarms. Those, of course, serve right well as a warning voice to whip up flagging energies of Nordic supremacists."

Praises Jewish Motion Picture Men

"Statistics and records show that the American Jew contributes more to worthy charitable causes than members of any other group," declares the "B'nai B'rith Messenger." "He gives and gives often to help the needy and less fortunate, regardless of creed or color. An instance in support of this statement was revealed at the meeting of the men of the film industry last week when one of the prominent Jews present wrote out three checks calling for the same amount and tendered one to the officials of the United Jewish Appeal. The remaining two checks, he explained, would be sent to two other worthy charities sponsored by different religious groups. This individual is no exception among Jews."

The Philadelphia Branch of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America will hold its annual meeting on Sunday evening, April 25. The sessions of the group will take place at the Dropsie College.

The principal speaker of the occasion will be Dr. David Blondheim, Professor of Romance Languages at Johns Hopkins University. Dr. Blondheim was recently awarded a prize by the Academy of Inscriptions in Paris, the first American to be so honored.

Mr. Jacob Singer, President of the local branch, will preside.

GOVERNOR SMITH URGES IN PROCLAMATION SUPPORT FOR NEW YORK U. J. C.

Do Not Ask for Charity, But Opportunity to Rebuild Lives

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Albany, N. Y., April 18.—Governor Alfred E. Smith issued an official proclamation today calling upon the citizens of New York to respond generously to the appeal of the United Jewish Campaign, in the drive which begins in this city next Sunday.

The Governor's proclamation reads: "When during the World War the cry of their distressed co-religionists in Europe was sent across the ocean to the Jews of America, asking for shelter for the homeless, food for the orphans and healing for the sick, the generosity of the response was unparalleled in the history of American philanthropy.

"The aid then given to these stricken people saved the Jews of Poland, Roumania, Russia, Bessarabia and other European countries and Palestine, from almost physical extinction. There followed a period during which it was hoped that peace would come to these sufferers and that they would be able to support themselves again without resorting to charity. But the countries in which they live are still passing through a period of political and economic readjustment which makes it impossible for hundreds of thousands of families to make a living, and conditions have grown so depressing that once again these unfortunate human beings must ask for help from their American brethren.

"And, now they ask not for charity, but for an opportunity to rebuild their lives upon the basis of trained productive industrial and agricultural labor.

"Once more the American Jew is called upon and the Joint Distribution Committee, which rendered such historic service to the Jews during the war is taking up the task of securing the necessary funds to bring about a thorough reconstruction of the victims of the war.

"The present plight of the Jew is particularly tragic because the gates of America and other countries are now practically closed to him. In the past, his sufferings were mitigated by the outlet of migration. Now, this escape is denied him. The American Jew who has always been so generous in helping his less fortunate brother will not be indifferent to this noble effort made by the American Jewish leaders who are at the head of the United Jewish Campaign.

"Called upon again and again to give generously to the unfortunates of the

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DR. EMIL HIRSCH ARRIVES IN THE UNITED STATES

Dr. Emil Hirsch of Hallenstein, Germany, is arriving on the steamer Hamburg today. He is accompanied by Mrs. Hirsch.

Dr. Hirsch is prominent in Jewish philanthropic and orthodox religious work in Germany. He is a member of the firm of Aron Hirsch und Sohn, metal merchants.

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

Board of Jewish Deputies Explains Attitude on Polish-Jewish Agreement

(By Our London Correspondent)

London, Mar. 25.—The position of the Board of Deputies of British Jews on the subject of the Polish-Jewish Agreement, which Mr. Lucien Wolf of the Joint Foreign Committee, representing the Board of Deputies and the Anglo-Jewish Association, helped to negotiate but which the Club of Jewish Sejm Deputies in Poland recently repudiated, is stated in the 74th Annual Report of the Board just issued here. The report regards the Polish-Jewish Agreement as a wise step but feels that its fruits "can only be garnered with time, as they depend more on a 'change of heart' than any legislative concessions."

"Nothing can be more cheering in itself and as a symptom of a better spirit in Eastern Europe than the Polish-Jewish Agreement and the remarkable circumstances in which it was negotiated," the report declares. "For twelve years Poland had been the haunt of an anti-Semitism which, in calculated and insidious cruelty, has no parallel in the history of religious or racial persecution.

"With the beginning of the great economic crisis early in the year and the growing discontent in the Minorities provinces, thoughtful men in Poland began to realize that a new policy was necessary, and Count Skrzynski set himself to form a concentration of political parties which would enable the Government to carry out a policy of reconciliation.

"In the preparation and execution of this policy the Polish Government paid the Joint Foreign Committee the high compliment of inviting its counsels and cooperation. Count Skrzynski met Mr. Lucien Wolf in Geneva and discussed with him the whole problem. On returning to Warsaw the Minister took the opportunity, during a debate in Parliament, of speaking appreciatively of the conciliatory attitude of the Joint Foreign Committee, and towards the end of May he requested the Committee to allow Mr. Wolf to go to Warsaw to assist in the work of appeasement. The invitation was accepted on condition that it had the approval of the Jewish Parliamentary Party, and that Mr. Wolf's activities should be limited to giving such assistance in the negotiations as the Jewish Community might consider necessary. There seems to be little doubt that the mission had a happy effect. An atmosphere was created which made for moderate counsels on both sides and ultimately for an agreement, which has been hailed throughout the country as beginning a new era, both for Poland and her Jews. The full fruits of the new agreement can only be garnered with time, as they depend more on a 'change of heart' than on any legislative concessions.

"There can be little doubt that the wise example of Poland will be felt far beyond her frontiers, and we may look in the near future to a subsidence of

JEWISH NATIONAL FUND TO HOLD FIRST NATIONAL CONFERENCE IN U. S.

Will Celebrate 25th Anniversary Since
J. N. F. Was Established

A call for the first national conference of the Jewish National Fund was issued by Judge Bernard A. Rosenblatt, chairman of the Fund. The conference which will take place May 9th, at the Hotel Pennsylvania, New York, occurs on the twenty-fifth anniversary of the organization of the National Fund. One hundred delegates, leaders in National Fund work throughout the country are expected to attend.

The conference, which will celebrate the silver jubilee of the National Fund and review its various activities for the upbuilding of the Jewish National Homeland during the past twenty-five years, is expected to adopt an extensive program for the intensification of Jewish National Fund work throughout the United States and the widening of its activities in Palestine.

The planting of 100,000 trees in Palestine by American Jews during the next month is one of the varied activities of the Fund, which will be dwelt upon at the conference. Thus far the Fund has planted over 300,000 trees in Palestine in its extensive afforestation campaign, it was stated.

Since its establishment twenty-five years ago, the National Fund has invested over \$6,000,000 in the purchase and improvement of land in Palestine, which at the present increased values, represents a total of over \$10,000,000. Over 250,000 dunam have been purchased by the Fund, which is held as the inalienable property of the Jewish people. Upon this land many of the colonies of the Keren Hayesod are located, as well as public and school buildings throughout the country. In addition to purchasing land in the name of the Jewish people, the Fund prepares the land for colonization by the Keren Hayesod through drainage, irrigation, clearing away rocks, etc. Its drainage work has led to a considerable reduction in the malaria in the country.

The National Fund is one of the colonization agencies associated with the Keren Hayesod, the Hadassah, the Hebrew University Fund and the Mizrahi, in the \$5,000,000 United Palestine Appeal.

A campaign for five thousand members was launched by New England Zionists in connection with the Zionist Organization month. At a conference at the Hotel Bellevue, Boston's quota was determined at two thousand. Benjamin Rabalsky is Chairman of the Boston Campaign Committee. Joseph B. Abrams, secretary, Mendel N. Fisher, executive secretary.

the anti-Semitic movement in such countries as Roumania, Lithuania and Hungary. Meanwhile, however, the continued activity of this movement has to be reckoned with, and the Joint Foreign Committee has found it necessary not only to make representations to the Governments of those States, but, in the case of Hungary, to invoke the powers of the League of Nations under the Minority Clauses of the Treaty of Trianon."

PRESIDENT SIGNS DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA KOSHER BILL

(Continued from Page 1)

of this law by any individual, association or corporation will be punishable by one thousand dollars or by imprisonment of one year or by both such fine and imprisonment."

Commenting on the action, Congressman Dickstein declared:

"I am gratified by the action of the President. In my opinion, this is the first piece of legislation ever passed in a Federal Government which would take care of people who believe in the purchase and consumption of kosher meat in accordance with the Mosaic Law."

"This is the first time the President of the United States ever affixed his signature to a law which would protect not only the people of Jewish faith who believe therein but all other classes of people who believe that the slaughter and sanitary inspection of the Jewish law is more safe and makes it better for human consumption."

"When I introduced this bill originally, the Committee did not favorably recommend this bill. However, after many efforts and presentation of facts the hearing was reopened and the bill favorably reported. When the bill appeared on the Floor of the House of Congress on March 22, 1926, every effort was made by several members to prevent its passage. After a short debate, it proved that the merits of this legislation were too strong to be overcome by opposition and the bill was passed."

"I then brought the bill over personally to Senator Copeland who handled it in the Senate and on the 10th day of April, 1926, the Senate of the United States unanimously passed this bill and now it is a law by the signature of the President of the United States who affixed his signature without any discussion but purely upon its merits recognizing the necessity and caution of such a measure to our American people who believe in the kosher meats and its consumption."

Governor Smith Issues Proclamation Urging Support for U. J. C.

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world, New York always finds sufficient resources with which to respond. This present need of women and little children for relief from starvation and misery and the encouragement of the noble effort of the heads of families to reestablish themselves as artisans and productive factors in the countries where they live, should be encouraged and aided, and merits the sympathetic interest of our citizens.

"April 25th to May 9th has been set aside as the time for the collection of these funds, and therefore, I, Alfred E. Smith, Governor of the State of New York, call upon the people of this State to respond generously at that time as they have in the past and to make possible the complete achievement of this noble humanitarian task."

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HAKOAH SOCCER TEAM ARRIVES IN UNITED STATES

Mayor Greets Team at City Hall

Twenty-two members of the Viennese Jewish sport club, Hakoah, comprising the soccer team of the club, which will play its first game here on Sunday, April 25, arrived Saturday morning on the steamer Berengaria. They were met at the steamer by Congressman Emanuel Celler, heading the reception committee. The group, whose ages range from 18 to 27, was headed by Dr. Eugen Felix, vice-president of the Hakoah Club.

They were conducted to City Hall where they were given an official reception by Mayor Walker at noon.

The members of the team are Dr. Eugen Felix, Joseph Gruenfeld, Dr. Valentin Rosenfeld, Max Scheuer, Maximilian Gold, Alexander Neufeld-Nemes, Moriz Haeusler, captain, Albert Guttman, Erno Schwarz, Erwin Pollak, Alexander Fabian, Joseph Eisenhofer, Jacob Wegner, Alois Hess, Alfred Krausz, Max Gruenwald, Siegfried Wortmann, Theodor Wegner, Heinrich Schoenfeld, Siegfried Vogel-faenger, Leo Drucker.

During the week the team will work out on the Crescent Athletic Club field and will play practice games Tuesday and Wednesday, against the Brooklyn Wanderers and the New York University team.

The southern New York State Football Association made public the personnel of the eleven for the game at the Polo Grounds on April 25 against the Hakoah team.

The following were selected: Baird, Vasco F. C.; Levin, Viking A. C.; Hunt, Calpe American F. C.; Murphy, Galicia S. C.; Holland, Norwegian Turn Society F. C.; Varga, Hungarian S. C.; Findlay, Galicia S. C.; Gray, Vasco F. C.; Rew, Hungarian S. C.; McChesnie, Galicia S. C.; Glen, Vasco F. C.

Skrzynski Discusses Prospects of Polish-Jewish Agreement

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from which the Jews alone suffer. "Not only the Jews but Polish Counts and Dukes are complaining of conditions. A general improvement of the situation is expected when the state budget will be balanced and when credit will be forthcoming. Then the situation of the commercial class will also improve. At present the state is not in a position to help the situation by granting credit aid, in view of the considerable cuts made in the budget," he stated.

The Hakenkreuz press today attacked the Polish Embassy here, claiming that the majority of its officials are "either Mosaic Jews or Catholic converts."

A benefit performance for Mrs. Sarah Adler, widow of Jacob Adler, and in memory of Mr. Adler, will be given at the Manhattan Opera House about May 1, Elihu Tenenholz, President of the Jewish Theatre Museum, announced. David Belasco, Morris Gest, Al Tolson and Fannie Hurst have promised their assistance. Mr. Tenenholz stated. Next Winter at the Jewish Actors' Club, 31 East Seventh Street, there will be an exhibition of Adler manuscripts, sculptures of the characters he portrayed during his career on the stage and other interesting mementos of his career.

ECONOMIC SITUATION IN PALESTINE IMPROVING

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Jerusalem, March 13.—The economic "crisis" here is becoming less and less acute, according to a report in the "Palestine Bulletin", Jerusalem English daily. There is a feeling of optimism that the foundations are now being laid for an enduring stabilization, the paper states.

The reasons for the optimism are ascribed to the removal of financial panic by the definite ascertainment by individual traders and industrialists of their precise position and the increased conveniences afforded by the banks; the good prices commanded by Jaffa oranges in England and in other countries; the hopes of a good crop; the arrival of capitalists and men of means among the new immigrants; the added facilities for employment by the encouragement of public works to be undertaken, particularly the Jaffa-Petach Tikvah highway. Even the pessimists are acknowledging that the skies are clearing.

POALE ZION CELEBRATION PROHIBITED IN POLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Warsaw, March 22.—The twentieth anniversary of the foundation of the Poale Zion Party which was to have been celebrated here was prohibited by the government.

All arrangements for the holding of the celebration were already completed, when the Government Commissariat informed the Party that permission could not be given for the gathering. The representatives of the Party intervened with the Deputies of the Polish Socialist Party who made representations to the Government, but without results.

The Poale Zion Party was founded in Poltava in 1906.

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