JEWISH DEPUTIES DISCUSS ECONOMIC NEEDS OF JEWS WITH COMMERCE MINISTER

No Agreement Reached; Polish Commerce Minister Promises to Consider Jewish Demands

Warsaw, Apr. 14.—Difficulties were encountered by representatives of the Club of Jewish Deputies in asking for the fulfillment of the Club's demands for the Jewish population in the economic field, in conference with representatives of the Polish Ministry of Commerce.

Deputies Hartglass and Farbstein conferred with Minister of Commerce Osiecki, with the participation of the department heads, particularly concerning the pending industries bill.

No agreement was reached at the conference with regard to any of the questions. Minister Osiecki promised, however, to consider some of the Jewish demands.

JEWISH SOCIAL WORKERS PROCLAIM STRIKE IN VILNA

Demand Payment of Past Due Salaries and Increase in Wages

(Vilna Telegraphic Agency)

Vilna, Apr. 14.—The distribution of bread to unemployed Jewish workers was suspended here yesterday due to a general strike of the Jewish social workers.

The strike was called by workers in the Jewish Community Board, the Orphans Home, the Oze, the Jewish Health Society; the Zedakah Gedolah, the Federation of Jewish Charities; and the workers in the Jewish cemeteries.

The demands of the strikers are that the institutions pay up the past due salaries and increase the salaries of the social workers.

Much hardship is resulting from the strike. Tragic scenes took place at the cemetery when relatives had to dig the graves for their dead.

COLONISTS AND ARTISANS CONFERENCE OPENS IN CRIMEA

(Vladivostock Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Apr. 14.—An all-Ukrainian conference of Jewish colonists, artisans and workers was opened yesterday in the city of Simferopol in the presence of 300 delegates.

The Communist Jewish daily newspaper, "Der Eftess", reports from Crimea that elections to this conference took place in an atmosphere of hostility against the Zionists. In many towns and villages resolutions were adopted urging the Soviet government to close the agricultural collectives of the He-chalutz, the Zionist pioneer society, and transform these collectives into Jewish agricultural schools.

WORLD MIGRATION CONGRESS IN LONDON WILL DEMAND FREEDOM OF MIGRATION

Creation of International Migration Office by Trade Unions Will Be Proposed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Apr. 14.—A World Migration Congress under the auspices of the International Federation of Trade Unions and the Labor and Socialist International, will take place here on May 18-21.

Delegates from the National Trade Union Centres affiliated to the International Federation of Trade Unions and the Labor and Socialist International, the International Trade Secretariats, and the National Sections of the Labor and Socialist International, are expected to attend the Congress.

The labor organizations in Australia, British Columbia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Dutch East Indies, Egypt, Ethiopia, Finland, Greece, Ireland, Japan, Mexico, New Zealand, Norway, South Africa and West Indies have been invited to send delegates.

The Congress will be held under the chairmanship of the Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, M.P., British ex-Colonial Secretary of the International Federation of Trade Unions, will be the secretary of the Congress. The Agenda includes addresses and reports on the Regulation of Migration by L. Jousain, Paris; the International Federation of the International Federation of Trade Unions and the Labor and Socialist International and Secretary of French National Trade Union Centre; Restitution, Exclusion and Assimilation by C. T. Cramp, London, Member of the Executive Labor and Socialist International; Industrial (Continued on Page 4)

ONE-THIRD OF FRONTIER FORCE SHOULD BE JEWS

VAAD LEUMI DEMANDS

Bases Argument on Agreement of 1921; Colonial Office Issues Statement on Question

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 14.—One-third of the Palestine-Trans-Jordanian frontier force should be Jews, is the demand entertained by the Vaad Leumi, the National Council of Palestine Jews.

The demand is based on an agreement concluded between the Palestine government and the Vaad Leumi in 1921, with regard to the Palestine gendarmerie.

According to that agreement, the Palestine gendarmerie was to consist of one-third local Jews, one-third local Arabs and one-third outsiders, such as Circassians, Cypriots, etc. If the number of outsiders would be insufficient, the civil service in charge of the Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Dutch East Indies, Egypt, Ethiopia, Finland, Greece, Ireland, Japan, Mexico, New Zealand, Norway, South Africa and West Indies have been invited to send delegates.

The Congress will be held under the chairmanship of the Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, M.P., British ex-Colonial Minister, J. W. Brown, secretary of the International Federation of Trade Unions, will be the secretary of the Congress. The Agenda includes addresses and reports on the Regulation of Migration by L. Jousain, Paris; the International Federation of the International Federation of Trade Unions and the Labor and Socialist International and Secretary of French National Trade Union Centre; Restitution, Exclusion and Assimilation by C. T. Cramp, London, Member of the Executive Labor and Socialist International; Industrial (Continued on Page 4)

JEWISH QUARTER IN MINSK IS SUBMERSION BY FLOODS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Apr. 14.—Ten streets in the city of Minsk were flooded as a result of the River Svisloch overflowing.

The lower districts, in which the majority of the residents are Jews, were completely submerged. The inhabitants were removed with great difficulty. In some places the water reached over seven feet. All traffic is by boat.

INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS CENTER TO BE ESTABLISHED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Apr. 14.—The establishment of an international students center was decided upon at the National Students Conference which concluded its sessions here.

The conference also adopted resolutions urging the governments to facilitate student travel and the creation of students' homes.

ANTI-SEMITIC PLOTTERS SENTENCED IN LEIPZIG

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Apr. 14.—Sentences of five years at hard labor were imposed by the Leipzig court on Reinhard and Kirsten, leaders of a gang which conspired to bomb the Great Synagogue of Leipzig. The counsel for the accused declared that the case would be appealed.

The conspiracy to destroy the Great Synagogue in Leipzig was discovered by the police in November 18 of last year, in time to prevent the plan being carried out. Members of the radical anti-Semitic organizations belonging to the Right party planned to destroy the synagogue by bombing it. They were planning to carry out the plan until foreign passports would be secured. In the meantime the police learned of the plot and arrested two of the conspirators.
JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Jews are immune from tuberculosis but are susceptible to diabetes.

The Jews show a marked tendency toward diabetes and a relative immunity to tuberculosis, according to Dr. Louis I. Harris, Commissioner of Health of New York City. This article is to be published in The Ninety-and-One, the official organ of the New York Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, the first issue of which makes its appearance today. The publication is under the direction of I. Edwin Goldstein, Assistant Secretary of the relations committee, and Harold A. Leibar, chairman of the Ninety-and-One. Isidore Soboloff is the editor.

"The high tension under which the Jews have so frequently worked and the sensitive nervous equipment of which they are possessed," declares Commissioner Harris, "has affected their hearts, blood vessels and kidneys. Wherever Jews abound, the rate of apoplexy and the instances of high blood pressure have been a problem to all public health workers. The Jews must learn to moderate their dietary and to curb their energies. The prevalence of nervous diseases and diabetes among Jews is another evidence of their high-tensioned, tense and intense existence."

As a result of the survival of the fittest, a severe testing within the Ghetto walls, the Jew has acquired an immunity against tuberculosis. This does not mean, however, that tuberculosis is not a grave problem among Jews. Through the Committee on the Care of Jewish Tuberculous and its affiliated agencies, many have been restored to health. In the same way, through the Jewish Social Service Association, hundreds upon hundreds of families have been directed to agencies with preventive and corrective health programs, thereby contributing so much toward the lessening of disease and poverty, its too-frequent companion. Their infant mortality rate is very low. In the most congested districts of the lower East Side, the percentage of deaths is lower than in some of the most exclusive sections of the city, where the economic level is considerably higher, Dr. Harris writes.

Further disclosures concerning the discovery of a Slavonic version of the text of Josephus Flavias in his work, The Wars of the Jews, which might prove the historicity of Jesus of Nazareth, are to be described by Dr. V. Burch, lecturer on history at Liverpool Cathedral.

It is known that the old Slavonic manuscripts are in Dr. Burch's possession, and that he is himself who is incited in preparing a new version of the new text of Josephus in English.

The work of scholarship, according to Dr. Burch, has unaccountably overlooked the importance of the discovery made some years ago by Miss Irena May, who recently returned from a three-months' tour of the Eastern European countries, to make her first public address on her observations, the complete translation of the $6,000,000 United Jewish Campaign of New York. She reported on her observations in the countries she visited. Miss Irena May, a member of the Women's Division, presided. Officers of many Jewish women's organizations attended.

ESTABLISHED EDUCATION FUND FOR JEWISH STUDENTS

Chicago, Ill., Apr. 1—A gift of $15,000 to the Jewish People's Institute to be known as the Albert Stein Scholarship Fund for Higher Education, was announced today by Philip A. Stein, secretary of the organization. The gift was made by Mr. Stein's widow and is to be a memorial to the interest he took during his lifetime in social service.

Seven hundred and fifty dollars of the income of the gift will be presented to the Chicago Jewish student who found most deserving of the honor. After the scholarship has once been awarded, the student will receive the amount until he has completed his education, even if it should extend over a longer period than the usual four-year college course. The recipient of the scholarship may attend any school in the United States, the only qualification being that the student shall be of Chicago birth.

The scholarships will be awarded by a committee of five, of which Mr. Stein will be the chairman. The scholarship will be considered to be in the nature of a loan to be repaid when the student is able to do so. The number of years of scholarship is to be determined by the Chicago Board of Education.

The first scholarship will be awarded so that its recipient may start school work this fall.

Work was started yesterday morning on the $700,000 west side branch of the Jewish People's Institute in Chicago.

The building will have an auditorium seating 800, with a well-equipped stage. It will also have a large gymnasium.

The institute, even if it should extend over a longer period than the usual four-year college course. It will also have a well-equipped laboratory, a library with book accommodations for approximately 40,000 volumes, a hall for the use of the students with chemistry and physics laboratories, a lunchroom and a reading room.

On top of the building will be a roof garden.

The new branch will be opened about April 1, 1927. Jacob M. Loebl is president of the institute.

Plans for the erection of a synagogue were adopted by the officers and the board of directors of the Y. M. H. A. congregation of Galveston, Texas. The structure, when completed, will cost in the neighborhood of $40,000.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotations, does not include inquiries.—Editor.]

Vienna Court Verdict Aroused Questions of Religious Tolerance

The question whether a Jewish citizen who is being sued or tried is bound to appear in court if ordered on a Jewish High holiday, when he is forbidden to take part in his business or transact business, has aroused attention in Austria as a result of a recent sentence of one month's imprisonment handed down by a Vienna court against a Jewish engineer whose religious convictions caused him to refuse to appear in court on a Jewish High holiday in a case in which he was involved. An appeal against this court decision has been filed with a higher court and the outcome of the case is awaited with great interest by the Jews of Austria. We learn from "Die Warheit," German Jewish paper of Vienna.

Pointing out the importance of the case, "Die Warheit" observes: "It is to be hoped the decision of the higher tribunal will be in accord with justice and common sense. For it is impossible to uphold the law which punishes severely anyone who breaks the law of religious freedom and freedom should make it a duty for one to violate his own religion; it cannot at once protect with its authority the feelings of the adherents of all denominations and safeguard the same feelings on the part of a religious Jew by forcing him to transgress one of the laws of his faith."

Is There a Jewish Art?

There is no Jewish art because the Jews have never demanded an art, it is the contention put forth in the Art World Magazine of the Chicago "Jewish Art" by Meyer Levin, who discusses the matter of why Jews have not demanded an art in connection with the impending exhibition of "work of Jewish artists," including works from France, England, Germany, Switzerland and the United States, to be held by the Jewish Woman's Art Club in Chicago.

"They (the Jews) have never demanded an art," he contends, "in the sense that the Greeks demanded their art, in the sense that the Italians demanded their frescoes, in the sense that the French demanded their architecture."

"The Jews are beginning to demand an art, and a Jewish art is beginning to grow."

Epstein makes his statues for Englishmen. Chagall had to seek recognition from the French rather than the Jews. Szorocz had recreated the Jewish art of hammering biblical bas-reliefs of brass—and slavaries, because Jews will not buy his work."

"It is significant that the Jewish Women's Art Club calls its exhibition an exhibition of work of Jewish art—
AUSTRIAN MINISTER GREETS THE HAKOH SPORT CLUB; BESEPKES HEARTY WELCOME
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Apr. 14.—The Austrian Minister to the United States, Edgar Prochnik, today issued a statement to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency on the forthcoming visit to America of the soccer team of the Hakoah, the Jewish sport club of Vienna. The statement reads:

"The members of the Sport club Hakoah welcome on their arrival on American soil. I heartily greet my countrymen, who have come to defend the Austrian colors against American teams. In a fair and free contest they will meet American sportmen, and there is no field where friendly feelings, understanding and good fellowship, are rendered through strife, than on the battlegrounds of International sport. There the competitors from various countries measure their strength and ability and in this peaceful struggle for supremacy they learn to esteem each other. Each, a sportsman will never conde to victory over or defeat from a meaner man; his code of honor forbids him to cross arms with a man of inferior qualities. The Austrian team will find a hearty welcome by the sport-loving public of America, who will show a keen interest in the coming contest and whose attention to Austria will be drawn on this special occasion.

"The Hakoah Football team belongs to a purely Jewish athletic association of Vienna, and has distinguished itself in the world of sport, having repeatedly won European championships in Soccer Football, Wrestling, Hockey, Swimming, etc. This bears witness to the fact that, contrary to rumors disseminated at times, the Jewish population in Austria is afforded equal rights and equal opportunities for its social and physical development."

REFORM RABBI PREDICTS RELIGIOUS INTEREST WILL BE REVIVED IN AMERICA

A revival of Jewish religious interest in America was predicted by Dr. Julian Morgenstern, president of the Hebrew Union College of Cincinnati, and Rabbi Michael Aaronsohn, blind war hero, and field secretary for the Union of American Hebrew Congregations, at a meeting of the Association of Reform Rabbis, at the Cafe Boulevard, New York, yesterday. The speakers declared that the Jewish laity's interest in his faith was steadily increasing. Dr. Rudolph Grossman, of Temple Rodolph Sholom, presided.

Dr. Morgenstern described the recent library and museum acquisitions of the Hebrew Union College, and declared that they would lend impetus to scholarship and research in America. Scholars from all parts of the world, he said, will come to this country to avail themselves of the collection in the Hebrew Union College library.

Rabbi Aaronsohn's address occasioned considerable interest. He has just returned from a tour of the South and Southwest where he spoke before more than one hundred groups, religious bodies and war veterans organizations. He is about to start on a lecture tour of the New England states on behalf of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations.

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ONE-THIRD OF FRONTIER FORCE SHOULD BE JEWS
VAAD LEUMI DEMANDS
(Continued from Page 1)

normal police duties and those whose functions are military.

"The following are the forces hitherto employed by the Palestine and Trans-Jordan Governments: (a) the Palestine Police Force; (b) the Palestine and Trans-Jordan Gendarmerie; (c) two Sections, viz., a dismounted British Section and a mounted Palestinian Section; and (d) the Arab Legion in Trans-Jordan.

"Under the reorganization both Sections of the Palestinian Gendarmerie are being disbanded, but five officers and some 200 men of the British Section, and two officers and some 250 other ranks of the Palestinian Section, will be re-engaged for service with the Palestine Police Force, the establishment of that force being increased accordingly. The Arab Legion is also undergoing a radical re-organization. A new police force is being created in Trans-Jordan, the personnel of which will be recruited from suitable members of the Legion. The remainder of the Palestinian Section of the Gendarmerie will form part of the military force to be called the Trans-Jordan Frontier Force, which it is proposed to raise mainly for service in Trans-Jordan. The establishment will be completed by the enlistment of surplus personnel of the Arab Legion. The force will be officered by serving British regular officers seconded from the Army or Royal Air Force. British Staff Sergeants and Sergeants required to complete establishment will be attached from the Regular Army.

"Statements to the effect that Jews are to be excluded altogether from the Frontier Force are inaccurate. A certain number of Jewish gendarmes, now serving in the Palestinian Section of the Gendarmerie, have already been selected for enrollment in the new force. As, however, the Frontier Force is not strictly intended for service in Trans-Jordan, the number of Jews in its ranks will not be great. The remaining Jewish personnel in the Gendarmerie have been offered transfer to the enlarged Palestine Police Force.

"The British Cavalry Regiment recently stationed in Palestine has been withdrawn and will not be replaced.

"The general effect of the reorganization will be to reduce the total strength of the Forces in Palestine and Trans-Jordan. No vacancies will be created for British personnel in the employment of a few Regular Army Officers, Warrant Officers or Non-Commissioned Officers."