

ARCHAEOLOGISTS' CONGRESS IS OPENED IN JERUSALEM

Noted Archaeologists of America and Europe Attend Sessions
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 3.—The archaeological World Congress opened here yesterday in the presence of Lord Plumer, High Commissioner of Palestine and Henri de Jonvenel, High Commissioner of Syria.

Prominent archaeologists from Europe, the United States and Asia are attending the Congress. Ahmed Zaki Pasha as representative of the Egyptian government is among the visitors to the Congress. The next session will be held in Beirut on April 8.

The delegates will visit all the historic sites, including Tiberias, Beisan and Petra. They will examine the caves at Wadielamud where Turville Petre recently discovered the skull of the Neanderthal man. The delegates will also visit the ancient synagogues at Capernaum, Chorazin, Meron, Kefrithim, in the vicinity of Safed. They will also examine the excavations in the city of David made by the Palestine Exploration Fund and the Third Wall of Herod Agrippa unearthed by the Jewish Exploration Society.

Jerusalem, Apr. 3.—Several American scholars and archaeologists are participating in the Congress.
(Continued on Page 8)

NEW JERSEY JEW NOMINATED CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONER

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Newark, N. J., Apr. 3.—The State Senate tonight adjourned until June 22 without confirming the appointment of Dr. Joseph Kussy of this city to the State Civil Service Commission. Dr. Kussy was appointed last week by Governor A. Harry Moore but the Senate Judiciary Committee has not reported on the appointment either favorably or unfavorably. The appointment is for five years.

Dr. Kussy is a former member of the Newark Board of Education, a former member of the State Board of Registration and Examination in Dentistry and during the war was a local associate federal food administrator. Among his fraternal affiliations is membership in Ezekiel Lodge, I.O.B.B.

D. C. KOSHER BILL REPORTED FAVORABLY TO SENATE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Apr. 3.—Congressman Dickstein's Kosher Bill for the District of Columbia, introduced in the Senate by Senator Copeland of New York, was yesterday favorably reported by the Senate District Committee. There is the prospect of favorable action on the bill next week.

Senator Copeland will prepare and present the committee's report.

LORD READING LEAVES INDIA HAVING COMPLETED TERM

Press in India and London Praises His Achievement
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bombay, India, Apr. 3.—The Earl of Reading left today for London, having completed his term as viceroy of India.

Although Lord Irwin, the new viceroy arrived in India today, they did not meet each other, in accordance with an established custom.

Newspapers here pay tribute to Lord Reading on the conclusion of his term as viceroy of India. The newspapers point out that the Lord succeeded in transforming India from a welter of political and financial chaos to a position of stability unparalleled in the recent history of the country.



Lord Reading

London, Apr. 3.—The British press devotes many editorial in praise of Lord Reading who left India today on the completion of his term as viceroy. Newspapers pointed out his extraordinary achievements in the country.

FRENCH BEGIN OFFENSIVE ON PALESTINE FRONTIER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 3.—A French offensive in southern Lebanon on the Palestine frontier began yesterday.

In a heavy battle which developed yesterday many Druzes were killed. The Bedouin village, Chendoar, in the Alechleah area, on the Palestine was bombed by the French. Many were wounded. A number of the wounded Druzes were brought by the Bedouins to the Jewish colony, Metullah, and were sent to the Hadassah hospital in Safed.

SOLOMON'S TEMPLE WILL NOT BE BUILT IN PHILADELPHIA

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Apr. 3.—A reproduction of King Solomon's Temple, which was to have been erected here for the Sesqui-Centennial Exposition, that will mark the 150th anniversary of American independence, will not be built, the directors of the Exposition have announced.

Although elaborate plans had been made for erecting a temple that would conform in every detail to the requirements of the original Temple as described in the Bible, the directors of the Exposition feel that the project would be too great for the time at hand. The Exposition will open this summer.

JEWISH WORKERS IN POLAND DEMAND RIGHT TO WORK

Resolution to Convene World Congress Defeated
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Apr. 3.—A protest against the Polish government's policy with regard to Jewish labor and the action of various governmental departments to oust Jewish workmen from industries under a government monopoly was voiced by a general Jewish workmen's Congress here, the first of its kind held in the Republic of Poland.

Five hundred and eighty delegates, representing all the Jewish workmen's parties participated in the Congress. Four hundred of the delegates represent the Bund, 120 the Left Poale Zion and 60 the extreme radicals. The labor leaders Portnoy, Alter, Zybort, Nowogrodsky and Zerubabel were elected to the presidium.

The Congress was held under the slogan: The Jewish workmen must have the right to work without interference on the part of the government.

"The Jewish workmen in Poland stand on the verge of destruction," declared B. Michaelowitz, leader of the Bund. "The Jewish workmen in Poland face the danger of becoming paupers and being transformed from a

(Continued on Page 8)

PETITION TO PERMIT HEBREW IN RUSSIAN SCHOOLS REJECTED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Apr. 3.—Instruction of Jewish children in the Hebrew language will continue to be prohibited in the state schools of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, according to a decision of the Committee for National Minorities in the Soviet Union, of the Central Committee of the Communist Party.

The Committee for National Minorities considered the petition submitted to it, signed by 10,140 Jewish children, asking for the lifting of the ban on Hebrew. The petition was rejected.

DR. EHRENPREIS ELECTED SALONICA CHIEF RABBI

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Salonica, Greece, Apr. 3.—Dr. Marcus Ehrenpreis, formerly chief rabbi of Stockholm, was unanimously elected chief rabbi of the Jewish community here.

The election took place at a general meeting of the Jewish Communal Board.

JEWISH WOMAN HONORED BY SOVIET GOVERNMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Apr. 3.—The order of the Red Flag was conferred upon a Jewish woman of Rostoff Don.

Mrs. Grundmann, who is a member of the local Gcpu, the Extraordinary Commission, distinguished herself in the fight against banditry.

ZIONISTS LAUNCH EDUCATION WORK IN AMERICAN JEWRY

Nation-wide Movement Is Announced
By Louis Lipsky

A nation-wide movement for solving the problem of Jewish education in America will be launched by the Zionist Organization of America. A special and independent agency is to be created which will cooperate with existing Jewish educational agencies for the promotion of all aspects of Jewish education, coordinating their activities and offering them various forms of aid and service.

Announcement of this action was made by Louis Lipsky, Chairman of the Zionist Organization of America, after a decision reached at a special meeting of the Administrative Committee of the Organization. Mr. Lipsky announced further that a Provisional Committee for the new enterprise is already in process of formation and that a national conference, at a time and place to be made public shortly, will be convened for the purpose of officially launching the movement and constituting the new organization. A number of leading figures in public Jewish life in America have already accepted membership on the Provisional Committee and from many quarters enthusiastic endorsement and offers of cooperation have been received, Mr. Lipsky announced.

"In initiating this action in the interest of Jewish education," Mr. Lipsky stated in his announcement, "the Zionist Organization desires to be of service to the American Jews in the tremendously difficult problem of transmitting to the young their Jewish cultural heritage and of conserving the positive Jewish cultural values among all the members of our people. Needless to say, there is no desire and no intention to dictate curricula or impose educational policy on any group or institution.

"The problem of Jewish education in the United States has always been a subject of deep concern to the Zionist Organization of America. Involved in this problem is the future of our movement, as well as the integrity of the Jewry of America. Some years ago, the Organization conducted a special Department of Education. At present also, the Organization bears moral and financial responsibility for a number of educational activities, including Young Judea, Avukah, the Hebrew weekly, Hadoar, Hatozen, and others.

"The feeling has gained ground, however, that the time has arrived to create an agency for Jewish education which will aim to extend and coordinate Jewish educational work of every sort, including Talmud Torahs, youth organizations, educational work among adults, work on behalf of the Hebrew language and literature, publication of books and periodicals, etc.

"An organization is contemplated which will, in the first instance, through systematic propaganda, seek to arouse a sense of responsibility of Jewish communities throughout the country for Jewish education. The organization will not compete with existing agencies; on the contrary, its work will be to cooperate with them and coordinate Jewish educational activities for greater

CHRISTIAN MINISTERS JOIN PLEA FOR JEWISH RELIEF

Bishop Manning, Dr. Cadman and Dr. Holmes Support U. J. C.

Heads of leading Christian religious bodies of the city have joined with Rabbis in urging immediate response to the call of the United Jewish Campaign of New York, which is to raise a \$6,000,000 quota toward a \$15,000,000 overseas chest of the United Jewish Campaign.

"All who become aware of the facts, whatever their religious faiths may be," Bishop William T. Manning, head of the Episcopal Diocese of New York wrote in a letter to William Fox, chairman of the New York drive, conveying his personal contribution to the fund, "will I am sure sympathize with the effort of the Jews of America for aid of their suffering and destitute co-religionists in foreign lands, and will wish you full success in raising the amount needed."

Rev. John Haynes Holmes of the Community Church in a letter urges the view that support of the relief undertaking should not be restricted within sectarian lines.

"It is my hope," Dr. Holmes writes "that you will not restrict your appeal to Jews but ask all men and women everywhere to join hands with you in this great and beneficent undertaking. This is not merely a Jewish but a human cause which represents a challenge to our common brotherhood.

"I take it for granted that the Jews of New York, always so generous in their service of their co-religionists, will rally to this cause with enthusiasm and devotion. I pledge my utmost sympathy and support to your undertaking."

Rev. S. Parkes Cadman, President of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ, declared it a pity that the cam-

(Continued on Page 4)

efficiency," Mr. Lipsky's statement declared.

Among those identified with the new movement are Israel Matz of New York, who established the Matz Foundation for Hebrew Literature, Elias Gottfried, Treasurer of the Histadruth Ivrit, Solomon Lampert of New York, Jacob Goell of Brooklyn, Irma Lindheim, Hermann Conheim, treasurer of the United Palestine Appeal, Isaac Meister, Treasurer of the Zionist Organization of America, Bernard Semel, Honorary Secretary of the Jewish Educational Association, Abraham Spicehandler, Dr. Nathan Ratnof, President of the American Jewish Physicians Committee, Dr. Israel J. Werbsky, Secretary of the American Jewish Physicians Committee, Dr. Joseph Krinsky of Brooklyn, Morris Sapir of Brooklyn, Philip Wattenberg, Jacob Ginsburg of Philadelphia, Michael Stavitsky of Newark, N. J., Judge Jacob M. Moses of Baltimore, Louis Topkis of Wilmington, Judge William Lewis of Philadelphia, Judge Jacob Lourie of Boston, Prof. Nathan Isaacs of Harvard University, George Gordon of Minneapolis, Prof. Gustave Klausner of St. Louis, Sol. C. Kraus of Philadelphia, Charles Rosenbloom of Pittsburgh, Archibald Silverman of Providence, Louis A. Freed of Houston, Texas.

NEW YORK TRADE DIVISIONS PREPARE FOR U. J. C. DRIVE

Biltmore Hotel Observes Passover Dietary Law

The Hotel Biltmore served the first Passover luncheon in its history last Friday to enable committee chairmen of the Trade Division of the United Jewish Campaign of New York to go through with a scheduled noonday meeting without violating the Passover dietary law. Carrying out in every detail the ritual injunctions governing the preparation of food during Passover, a special kosher Passover menu was prepared in a kitchen equipped with new utensils and served with silver and dishes used for the first time on this occasion.

Speakers at the meeting were David A. Brown, national chairman of the United Jewish Campaign and Felix M. Warburg, chairman of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee.

The Trade Division now being organized will constitute a key section of the drive organization, and is expected to bring in a major portion of the quota. Each of its committees will undertake an intensive canvass of factories, offices, and business houses in the particular trade or profession it represents. The various units of the Division embrace practically every field of professional and industrial activity in which Jews are engaged in New York.

50,000 ATTEND FUNERAL OF JACOB P. ADLER

The funeral of Jacob P. Adler, for almost half a century the leading exponent of the Yiddish theatre in Europe and America, was marked yesterday by a demonstration in the lower east side seldom equaled in the history of New York. Fifty thousand persons paid their last tribute to the dead actor.

Members of the immediate family included the widow, Mrs. Sarah Adler, and seven children, Irving, Luther, Jack and Charles Adler, Mrs. Frances Adler Sheingold and the Misses Julia and Stella Adler. Another daughter, Miss Celia Adler, is in Detroit and was unable to be present.

More than 100 patrolmen and a squad of twenty-four mounted police were stationed along the line of march when the procession started for the Kessler Theatre.

More than 2,000 persons crowded the auditorium and stage of Kessler's Theatre during the services. Cantor Israel Breeh officiated. Among those who delivered eulogies were Abraham Cahn, editor of the "Jewish Daily Forward," Louis Mann, representing the Jewish Actor's Guild of America and others.

Following the services in Kessler's Theatre, the cortege started down the Bowery, past the Yiddish theatres on the East Side, across the Williamsburg Bridge and out to the grave in Mt. Carmel Cemetery in Cypress Hills.

A site for a Young Men's Hebrew Association building was purchased in Carbondale. It is planned that the new building will have a gymnasium, swimming pool, bowling alleys and a large auditorium, besides other features which are necessary in Y. M. H. A. work.

357,135 JEWISH FAMILIES HAVE RELIGIOUS AFFILIATIONS IN THE U. S., CENSUS SHOWS
The number of Jews in the United States affiliated with Jewish congregations, synagogues and temples is 357,135, according to the figures obtained by the "Christian Herald" in its annual census of religious affiliations in the United States. Of the 110,000,000 population of the United States, 47,000,000 are affiliated with the respective denominational organizations. The figures for the Jewish population indicate, according to the census, the heads of families, not the number of individuals.

According to the census, the Catholics in this country number 16,047,914, the Methodist Episcopal is the next largest denomination, with 4,516,806 members. The Catholics are credited with a gain of 203,990 during the year. The Methodists, including the South and North divisions and other variations, have a total membership of 8,920,190, and their gains of 220,183 were the largest recorded for any family group of denominations.

The churches gained more than 800,000 members in 1925, the largest gain in many years, according to the census. This is considered as indicating a religious revival, in spite of the bitter religious controversies of the last year.

Irving H. Hellman, vice-president of the Hellman Commercial Trust & Savings Bank of Los Angeles, Cal., has been appointed a lieutenant-colonel, Ninth Corps Area, to be ready for active service on call. Mr. Hellman is accredited to the Financial Section, the duties of which he is well acquainted with, having served in the Financial Section attached to the Red Cross through the World War.

That the Ku Klux Klan is disintegrating into political factions is the view of members of Congress who have been watching recent events in California, Colorado, Indiana, Massachusetts and Southern States, a despatch from Washington to the New York "World" states. The present situation in Indiana was preceded by a similar break in Colorado, where bolting Klansmen organized the minute men, under leadership of a former Klan official. The South lost interest in the Klan when Imperial Wizard Evans and his retinue quitted Atlanta and Dallas and came to Washington to reside, and when the policy to discard the mask was agreed upon, the despatch reports.

William F. Montavon, representing the National Catholic Welfare Conference, declared before the House Immigration Committee that in the administration of the immigration laws the Government should subordinate the question of deportation to the work of assimilating aliens.

Dr. George M. Kline, Commissioner of the Department of Mental Diseases of Massachusetts, who also appeared before the Committee, said the burden of caring for defectives should fall on the Federal instead of the State Governments. He approved the provision removing the five-year limitation in the deportation of defectives. Dr. Kline insisted that in cases where aliens were sent to State institutions the Federal Government should contribute to their support.

Milton Hopfenmaier, 41 years old, prominent banker and manufacturer, died in Washington, D. C. at his home.

Mr. Hopfenmaier was a director of the Chamber of Commerce, a member of the Board of Trade and a member of clubs. He had been active for many years in civic enterprises as a member of the Georgetown Citizens' Association. He also served as a member of the District of Columbia charity committee of the Washington Chamber of Commerce, a director of the Washington Hebrew Congregation, the Foster Home for Children, the Georgetown University Hospital and the Georgetown University building committee.

HEBREW UNIVERSITY OPENING IS CELEBRATED IN FRANCE
Sokolow Presents French Statesmen with Inscriptions in J. N. F. Book
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Apr. 3.—The first anniversary of the opening of the Hebrew University on Mount Scopus was celebrated here Thursday night.

A large audience assembled in the Salle Dorsay where Nahum Sokolow, chairman of the Zionist Executive, handed to Paul Painleve and M. De Monzie diplomas of their inscription in the Golden Book of the Jewish National Fund. M. Painleve and M. De

Monzie in reply declared that they were happy to work on behalf of France for the success of the Zionist efforts.

Mr. Sokolow in his address explained the significance of this historic event, concluding with the traditional Hebrew prayer: "Shehechayana V'kimanu."

Painleve and De Monzie joined the audience in singing the Haikwah, after which the Marseillaise was sung. "Vive la France" re-echoed throughout the hall.

The French press expressed satisfaction with the result of Jouvenel's visit to Palestine and his having reached an accord with Lord Plumer.

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**PALESTINE EXECUTIVE LOANS
REDUCE UNEMPLOYMENT****Increase of Labor Budget Enables
Construction of Public Works**

How capital made available by the Keren Hayesod is solving the unemployment problem in Palestine by extending loans to various municipalities for public works for the general up-building of the country, is revealed in a report of the Palestine Zionist Executive detailing its colonization and immigration expenditures for the past four months.

During the past three years a number of Jewish suburbs have been established around Tel-Aviv, Jerusalem and Haifa, largely upon land provided by the Jewish National Fund. These suburbs have needed a considerable amount of public works such as roads, public buildings, etc., but have been short of the funds necessary for the various undertakings, which build up the country at the same time that they absorb considerable numbers of unemployed.

The Palestine Zionist Executive, which administers the funds of the Keren Hayesod in Palestine, has extended loans to these various groups so that the growth of the suburbs can continue unabated and unemployment cut down to a minimum. For this purpose the Labor budget has been increased about \$25,000 above the budget adopted by the last World Zionist Congress and will be further increased, when additional funds are made available through the United Palestine Appeal.

Tel Aviv will shortly spend over \$100,000 on roads for its new quarters and to start the work at once a loan of \$25,000 has been advanced by the Palestine Zionist Executive. This will give immediate employment to one hundred workmen. The new roads are also expected to facilitate the further growth of Tel Aviv. Another loan to Tel Aviv will permit the municipality to build additional sidewalks throughout the city. On this work ninety per cent of the labor will be furnished by girls. A loan to the garden city Ramath Gan between Tel Aviv and

**CHRISTIAN MINISTERS JOIN
PLEA FOR JEWISH RELIEF**

(Continued from Page 2)

paign cannot begin sooner, in view of the terrible conditions which now prevail in Poland, in Russia, in Bessarabia, in Galicia and Hungary.

"But I feel confident," he assures the drive leader, "that once you have set your hand to the plough there will be no looking back. The splendid response of our Jewish citizens to past appeals of this character gives me every reason to hope that you will carry your noble crusade to a successful issue."

A call to prominent Jewish women leaders in philanthropic and social fields, to form a committee of 100 as a special auxiliary of the Women's Division of the United Jewish Campaign of New York, was issued by Mrs. Abram I. Elkus, chairman in charge of the women workers for the drive. Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff is honorary chairman of the Division, which has undertaken to raise \$500,000 as its share of the \$6,000,000 quota for New York.

A meeting of the Women's Town Club was held this afternoon at the club rooms to determine on its participation in the campaign. The gathering was addressed by David A. Brown, national chairman of the United Jewish Campaign, and Felix M. Warburg, chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee.

A meeting of the Women's Auxiliary of Temple Emanu-El in the interests of the campaign, to be held at 3 o'clock in the synagogue vestry rooms, will be addressed by Captain Frank Connes, a former war relief worker abroad.

Among other organized groups which have pledged the active support on raising the local women's quota are the New York City Federation of Temple Sisterhoods and the Federation of Jewish Women's Organizations of New York.

Petach Tikvah, will help build roads connecting the two colonies and permit further extensive home-building in the garden city.

In Haifa, now experiencing a decided building boom, a loan has been granted to a new suburb half way up Mount Carmel, which will enable the suburb to begin public works totalling over \$35,000.

One interesting loan was made to a group of fishermen at Acco, who are attempting to re-establish the fishing industry in Palestine. The town has already grown from five Jewish families last year to over three hundred persons now. During the past three months three factories have been established—a match factory, brewery and tannery. The fishermen, numbering about sixty, were originally brought to Acco through loans of the Keren Hayesod.

The Labor Department through its loans is making special provisions for the development of employment for girls. In addition to the loan to Tel Aviv which will employ girls, employment groups of girls are being organized with an inspector in charge for laundry, paving and farmwork, the report stated.

**MAXA NORDAU WILL BE
HONORED AT RECEPTION**

Mlle. Maxa Nordau, who is concluding her visit to the United States, will leave for France on April 17th, from where she will accompany the remains of her father, the late Dr. Max Nordau, to Palestine on the steamer "Braga," especially provided by the French Government.

In memory of the distinguished Zionist leader, Dr. Max Nordau, and to show the admiration which American Jewry feels for his daughter, the Zionist Organization of America will give a farewell reception to Mlle. Nordau on April 15th at Town Hall.

On that occasion Mlle. Nordau will speak of her impression of America. Mlle. Nordau, while in this country, lectured in various parts of the United States. An exhibition of her paintings was held at the New Galleries in New York. The evening will be in the nature of a musical and theatrical concert. David Belasco is the honorary chairman of the reception and Jacob Fishman, managing editor of the "Jewish Morning Journal," will be chairman of the evening.

JEWISH COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES

Nine public Seders were held in Chicago. The services were conducted by rabbis.

Seders were held at Temple Mizpah community house; South Shore temple community house; Washington Boulevard Temple community house; Congregation B'nai Zion; Congregation Beth El; Temple Beth Israel; Congregation B'nai Bezalel; by the Chicago Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society; and the Young Peoples League at the Rodfei Zedek synagogue.

A campaign to raise \$50,000 for erection of a building in Akron, O., to be used as a Jewish community center, was launched.

The cost of the building when completed will represent an outlay of \$125,000.

M. Rivitz is president of the community center.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Jewish Education of Baltimore, Israel Silberstein was elected president for the coming year. The other officers elected were: First Vice-President, Philip Sykes; Second Vice-President, Joseph Derman; Treasurer, Herman Gansse; Secretary, Benjamin Schwartz. Mr. Silberstein and Mr. Schwartz were re-elected and the officers were elected to fill the vacancies caused by the deaths of Isaac Davidson and Mayer L. Bloom.

The Board of Jewish Education supervises all the Talmud Torahs which are supervised by the Associated Jewish Charities of Baltimore.

COMMUNICATION TO THE EDITOR

Sir:

In today's paper you speak of a new railroad line which will join Haifa, Beirut, and Tripoli, thus bringing together Africa and Asia.

There are two Tripolis, one in Syria and the other in Africa. The one of Syria is not far from Beirut. The other is in Cyrenaica, which is under Italian control. The line would have to cross Palestine, the Sinaï Peninsula, Egypt, and Cyrenaica. I think the Tripoli of Syria is referred to.

N. DEHAR.

New York, April 1, 1926.

NEW BOOKS OF JEWISH INTEREST

CATHOLIC CHURCH MAY ISSUE
MISSIONARY APPEAL TO JEWSCall May Be Issued When Ecumenical
Council is Reopened

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., Apr. 3.—A missionary attempt of the Catholic Church directed at the Jews may be made at the Ecumenical Council when it is reopened, according to reports from Rome to the news service of the National Catholic Welfare Conference here.

The relation of the Catholic Church to the Jewish people and the efforts of the Catholic Church for missionary propaganda among the Jews were discussed in Rome in a special lecture at St. Peter's Club, according to a dispatch from Rome to the news service of the National Catholic Welfare Conference here.

The lecture was arranged by the Eucharistic League for Social Peace, a Catholic missionary institution, the aim of which is to promote "a Christian Peace between individuals, families, different classes of society and nations." The League, which was established in 1914 by Pope Benedict XV, was economically recognized and established in Rome and raised to a Primaria in June, 1925.

In connection with this discussion, it was recalled in leading Catholic Circles that the Ecumenical Council of 1870 had a proposal, bearing the signatures of 510 Catholic bishops, several of them Americans, concerning the Jews. This proposal "begged the Council to send a paternal invitation to the nation of Israel to recognize Jesus Christ as the Messiah, thus fulfilling and crowning the Mosaic religion, without changing it."

This document, unanimously accepted by the commission to which it was assigned, was never discussed at the Council proper because of the abrupt suspension of that gathering. However, it has been said that when the Council is reopened and there has been much talk of reopening it, of late, the proposal might still be discussed.

DETROIT JEWS PROCLAIM
HOLIDAY FOR U. P. A. DRIVE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Mich., Apr. 3.—Wednesday, April 7th was proclaimed a Jewish holiday in Detroit in honor of Chaim Nachman Bialik, Dr. Stephen S. Wise and Dr. Schmura Levin, who will visit Detroit on that day. The Hebrew schools will be closed.

The drive for Detroit's quota of \$125,000 will be launched at a banquet at the Hotel Statler. Mayor John Smith will welcome the Zionist leaders on behalf of the city. Edgar Guest, American poet, will speak at the banquet. A mass meeting will be held Wednesday night.

(8 vol., Vol. I), London, Heinemann. The first volume of a notable translation in the famous Loeb Classical Library and containing original text.

Shulein the Shadenin, by Tashrak, (Israel J. Zevin), Chicago Chronicle. A collection of clever sketches by the Yiddish humorist.

Jacob's Well, by Pierre Benoit, International Publishers. A new novel of Jewish life with a Palestinian background.

The Linemies' Gates, by Richmond Brooks Barrett, Boni & Liveright. A Jewish novel described as "the chronicle of the brilliant Morgenthal family" by a non-Jewish writer.

The Singers of Judah's Hills, by Charles Arthur Boyd, New York, Fleming H. Revell Co. A series of the Psalms woven into dramatic form.

Selected Poems, by Chaim Nachman Bialik, The New Palestine. Translated from the Hebrew by Maurice Samuel.

Meronda Masters, by John Cournos, Knopf. The relations between Jew and Gentile, the artist and the Philistine, are recounted in a story centering around the life of John Gomorov, the hero who now figures in the fourth novel by the same author.

The Tents of Jacob, by Hyman Cohen, New York, Robert M. McBride & Co. A Jewish village in White Russia forms the scene of this story of Jewish life told by a new writer.

Virgin Spain, by Waldo Frank, Boni & Liveright. A book of travel and meditation containing many references to Jewish association with this land.

Sacrifice in the Old Testament, by G. Buchanan Gray, Oxford University Press. An important study in Bible research.

Die Politische Idee Des Judenthums von Hans Kohn, Verlag G. Braun in Kalsruhe.

Protection of the Weak in the Talmud, by Mordecai Katz, Columbia University Press.

Journalists and Politicians, by Lord Beaverbrook, Hutchinson. Contains attacks on Zionism.

Are the Jews a Race?, by Karl Kautsky, New York, International Publishers. A penetrating discussion of the fundamental questions affecting the Jews at the present time.

The Raven on the Skyscraper, by Veronica and Paul King, London, T. Fisher Unwin, Ltd. This book is the outcome of recent residence in the U. S. and two English writers who find much fault with this country and take occasion to charge the Jews with "controlling the press" etc.

The Growth and Contents of the Old Testament, by Chas. Foster Kent, New York, Chas. Scribner's Sons. A series of introductions to the various literatures of the Old Testament and forming a guide to its contents.

Gespraechen Mit Heine, von Dr. H. Houben, Frankfurt am Main, von Rutten und Leonig. A compilation of material relating to conversations and interviews with Heinrich Heine.

Jacob, by Bernard Lecache, Paris. A story of Jewish life in France.

Deutero-Isaiah, by R. Levy, Oxford University Press.

The Jew in Drama, by M. J. Lauda, P. S. King & Co. An exposition of Jewish association with the stage as authors and subjects covering a wide range of literature.

The Jewish Year with Other Devotional Poems, by Alice Lucas, London, George Routledge.

Tutorial Preparation for Mishnah and Gemoro, (first instalment), by James H. Lowe, London, Hebrew Compendium Publishing Co.

La Peril Juif: L'Imperialisme d'Israel, by Roger Lambelin, Paris, 1926. A new French version of all the calumnies contained in the original "Protocols of the Elders of Zion."

The Queen of Sheba, by J. C. Mardrus, translated by E. Powys Mathers, New York, Bernard G. Richards Co. The story of the Wise Kings and the Bewitching Queen as told in ancient Arabic folklore.

A Dictionary of European Literature, Designed as a Companion to English studies. By Laurie Magnue, M. A. E. P. Dutton. An elaborate work of reference containing mention of many authors of Jewish identity.

Selected Essays, by Karl Marx, New York, International Publishers. A collection of the early and, for the most part, unknown essays among which are included essays on the Jews.

The Jewish Background of the Christian Liturgy, by W. O. E. Oesterley, Oxford University Press. An exposition of a subject of general interest.

The People and the Book, edited by A. S. Peake, Oxford University Press. Essays by various scholars on the Old Testament.

The Fellowship of Faiths, by Alfred W. Martin, New York, 1925, Roland Publishing Co. for the Fellowship of Faiths. Selections from the world's great religions, including Judaism.

Die Jiddische Sprache, by Matthias Mieses, Berlin, Verlag Benjamin Harz. A historical grammar of the idioms of the Jews of Eastern Europe.

Disraeli, Allen and Patriot, by E. A. Raymond, George H. Doran Co. A biographical study displaying considerable racial hostility.

Allenby of Armageddon, by Raymond Savage, (with preface by David Lloyd George), Indianapolis, The Bobbs Merrill Co. Record of the career and campaigns of Field Marshal Viscount Allenby.

Evolution and Optimism, by Dr. Ludwig Stein, with preface by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, New York, Thos. Seltzer.

The Race of Myth, by Theophile Simar, with introduction by Prof. Alexander Goldenweiser, New York, Thos. Seltzer. A study of the notion of race.

Disraeli and Gladstone, by D. C. Somervell, New York, Geo. H. Doran Co. A duo-biographical sketch.

Josephus, Translated by H. Thackeray,

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Believes Political Influence of Jews Is Waning

The complaint that the present administration in Washington has not appointed any Jews to important political posts, is made by S. Dingol in the "Day," in the course of an article in which he voices the opinion that Jewish influence in American politics is declining.

"It is a disgrace," writes Mr. Dingol, "that there is not even one Jew in the United States Senate, despite the fact that according to the proportion of the Jewish population in the country the Jews are entitled to at least three Senators."

"Our political influence shows tendencies of becoming weaker rather than stronger. It is no secret how our cabinet is constituted. The appointments are made with a view of satisfying various elements and sections of the country. We had a Jewish cabinet member during Roosevelt's administration; during Taft's administration we had a Jewish ambassador to Turkey; during Wilson's administration one Jew was appointed to the Supreme Court and another was made ambassador to Turkey. Even in Harding's administration a Jew was appointed diplomatic representative to Persia. But under our present administration not one Jew was appointed to an important post."

Norman Hapgood Attacks Tactics of Congressman Johnson

An attack on the tactics of Chairman Johnson, of the House Immigration Committee, is made by Norman Hapgood, former Ambassador to Denmark, in a despatch from Washington, D. C., to the New York "American" of April 3rd.

"On July 1 we start in on a new plan of fixing the quota. It may be a sound plan, or it may be a snobbish and foolish one. My point is that it was slipped into a bill after it had reached the stage of conference and was never discussed," Mr. Hapgood charges.

"Chairman Johnson, of the House Committee on Immigration, was the statesman who accomplished that feat," we read further. "He is now busy accomplishing another. It is to introduce registration of aliens without having anybody realize that it is being done. It is to give a bunch of inspectors power over the opinions of as many people as possible."

"He has been holding some scrappy hearings on the immigration bills and bullying any witness who does not say what he wants said, so obviously that even a member of the committee was led to protest."

Opposes "Compulsory Chapel"

The continuance of "compulsory chapel" at American colleges and universities, is regarded by the Chicago

"Daily Journal" (April 1) as "out of tune with the whole theory of American life."

Referring to the argument of the authorities at Yale that chapel should be continued because it builds up collegiate solidarity for the students to assemble frequently, the paper contends that while it may be for the best interests of every American college to gather the students together at stated intervals, "it would help greatly if in further discussion a clear distinction should be made between compulsory religious worship, for which nothing can be said, and college secular assembly, for which many arguments can be advanced."

Native Stock, Immigrants and the Problem of Crime

To attribute the problem of crime, as it exists throughout the country today, to the floods of immigrants who come and settle here is neither an accurate nor a constructive solution of the problem, asserts Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, in a statement to the New York "American" (April 3).

"The criminal personnel, as it from day to day becomes known through one crime after another," Mr. Hillman explains, "represents a complete cross-section of the American population, from our native stock to the most recent of immigrants. The discovery of the source of this criminal disease and the course of the contagion has so far been a matter of little more than fruitless speculation."

"The root of the matter, if there is one, is much more likely to be found in the tendency of the many educational and Americanizing agencies to pay tribute to the form and letter of American institutions and to forget their spirit."

"Doar Hayom" Criticizes Rosenwald

The failure of Julius Rosenwald and Gimbel to visit Palestine recently when they were in Egypt, in the course of a world tour, is commented on by the "Doar Hayom," (March 5), Palestine Hebrew paper, which writes:

"At the same time that Baron Felix de Maassah of Egypt left the Egyptian luxuries and proceeded for a pleasure trip and rest to Galilee, at the hot springs of Tiberias, the 'magnificent place' as he called it, two Jewish millionaires of America, Julius Rosenwald and Gimbel, arrived in Egypt. Apparently they are busy with Tutankhamen in Luxor and cannot therefore fatigue themselves for a day or so to visit Palestine. Apparently they cannot give of their money for Palestine as well as for the negroes in Chicago and Egypt. It is possible that our friend Rosenwald is afraid of coming to Palestine lest he be reminded of his pledge made before the war to subscribe the amount of \$25,000 for the erection of a People's House. At that time a magnificent reception and much

noise was made in his honor, as is the custom here. . ."

Jacob P. Adler

With Jacob Adler passes the heroic age of the Yiddish Theatre, declares the New York "Times" (Apr. 2) commenting editorially on the death of Jacob P. Adler, the noted Jewish actor.

"Whether or not his King Lear ranked with the Othello of Salvini and the Hamlet of Edwin Booth, as Leo Dittrichstein has declared, it unquestionably belonged to the same great school," the paper writes. "Thirty years ago the folk of the east side 'Ghetto,' for the most part immigrants lately arrived, lived in the cultural atmosphere of Middle Europe. Inexperienced in metropolitan life and for the most part untouched as yet by American sophistication, they combined a primitive simplicity and strength of emotion with vigorous, if naive, intelligence. In the technique of the theatre they were Victorian, but in nature and spirit Elizabethan. They laughed and wept and cheered, not only unashamed, but with joy and pride in their emotions. To this folk Adler brought a drama as primitive as themselves, touched with a broadly human sympathy and illumined with moods of nobility."

The "Forward" points out that Jacob Adler's talent came to its full development in New York. "He came here," the paper says, "with fine artistic powers, but they were crude powers. It was only after he came here that he found his first real opportunity and the first forceful influence. This was necessary in order to open higher roads to his acting qualities. He was here about thirty-five years and it can be said that during thirty of these years he stood out as one of the biggest figures in our theatre world."

"Had Jacob Adler played on the general stage he would have made his mark and been set down, as among the greatest of tragedians," avers the "Jewish Daily News." "Those who witnessed his Shylock in 'The Merchant of Venice' when he first played it in the old American Theatre will remember his triumph. Surrounded by an English-speaking cast he thrilled the vast audiences that thronged to the playhouse to see him. The roles he created have been essayed by others but the Adler tradition stands forth as the finest effort."

Through his role on the Jewish stage, the "Jewish Morning Journal" points out, Jacob Adler played also an important role "in a cultural development which makes his name conspicuous in the history of Jewish culture of the age in which he lived and worked."

The "Evening World" observes: "Jacob Adler lies dead, in this city of his greatest triumphs. He had not been seen much upon the stage of recent years. But he is not forgotten, and it is remembered of him that he was undisputedly a real artist of the theatre."

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

British Home Secretary Explains His Immigration and Naturalization Policy

(Special Correspondence from Meer Grossman)

London, Mar. 25.—The British conception of the idea of citizenship differs from that prevailing elsewhere, according to Sir William Joynson-Hicks, British Home Secretary, who explained his position on the questions of immigration and naturalization in the course of a special interview which he granted me.

The impression has gained ground that the Home Secretary who is identified with the more Conservative section of his Party and is a devout Churchman, is in general antagonistic to the alien population in this country, and in exercising his discretion as Home Secretary is discriminating against Jewish applicants for naturalization.

"It is absurd to suggest that I show discrimination against the members of any particular faith and I capriciously delay the naturalization of aliens who have lived here for many years," Sir William declared. "I am not opposed to naturalization. Almost every day when I arrive at the Home Office I find on my desk a number of naturalization papers which I have to sign. Only this morning I signed about 12 naturalization papers, and judging by the names of the applicants 50 to 60 per cent of them are Jews. We do not, however, investigate whether the applicants are Jews or not. Religion has nothing whatever to do with the matter. All I desire to find out is whether an alien by his residence here and his affiliations here and his conduct here has shown his desire to be a good citizen.

"The position I maintain is, that an alien cannot claim naturalization as a right. British nationality is a gift not lightly to be conferred and is a privilege which may be given or withheld at the discretion of the Home Secretary. Of course, the number of years an alien has resided in this country is an important consideration but the chief test which I apply before I decide to grant a naturalization certificate is whether the applicant has so far as can be judged become English at heart and has completely identified himself with English interests.

"I will give you an example: If two brothers come to this country and one of them settles in a district where only aliens live, continues to speak his native language, marries a woman from his own country, sends his children to a school where only foreign children are taught, keeps his account in a foreign bank, employs only foreign labor, while the other brother marries an English woman, sends his children to an English school, speaks English, employs British labor, keeps his account in a British bank, it is the second brother and not the first who will stand to obtain naturalization.

"The statistics disclose that I have naturalized during the last year more aliens than my predecessor. While in the year 1924, when a member of the

Labor Party was Home Secretary, 935 aliens were naturalized, 1,074 aliens were naturalized by me in 1925. Moreover, in 1914, when, it is said, naturalization was easier, only 1,629 applications were received by the Home Secretary; during last year 1,819 applications were received by me.

"I fear that the restrictions against immigration will stand for many years to come," Sir William went on. "In any case, they cannot be removed while we have more than a million unemployed. It is difficult to judge exactly of the extent to which foreign labor competes with native labor, but it would in any case be unfair to admit without discrimination more workers into a country which is suffering so terribly from unemployment. There are at present about 273,000 aliens registered in the country, and we continue each year to admit a limited number of aliens if we find that it is in the interests of the country to do so. We always look carefully into each separate case, and in many instances, e.g., where family considerations arise, we invite assistance from representative Jewish quarters in the investigation of the case.

"If an alien wishes to come to this country to establish here a business or an industrial undertaking which will give employment to British labor, Sir William said, we, of course, consider the application favorably."

I touched on the question of deportation, and the Home Secretary said that in practice there are comparatively few deportations.

"I do not deport unnecessarily," he said. "It is very rarely that I deport unless the man has been convicted of a crime. To suffer deportation, a person must have broken the law of the country or otherwise satisfied me that his continued presence here is undesirable. In some cases," Sir William added, "we are really unable to deport a man because the country to which he claims or is believed to belong repudiates him."

The impression I have obtained from my conversation with the Home Secretary is that while on the Continent the idea of citizenship is not identical with the idea of nationality and one may belong to any nationality and still be a loyal member of the State, the policy of the British Home Secretary is governed by a different idea, namely, that to be a British subject means to be primarily an Englishman, that to become naturalized an alien must cut himself off entirely from his old country, and its surroundings, its mode of life, language and ideas. The Home Secretary would issue a certificate of naturalization only to a man who considers himself an Englishman and who has come to England with the intention of staying here permanently.

The new community center and school of Ched Shel Emeth congregation, Wilmington, Del. will be formally dedicated on April 11. Samson Stern will preside at the exercises.

Rabbi Max Hoffman, of New York, will be principal of the school and Harry Blum, of Wilmington, will be his assistant.

ORDER SONS OF ZION ENDORSES PROGRAM OF ZIONIST REVISIONISTS

Prevail Upon Jabotinsky to Prolong Stay in U. S.

The program of the League of Zionist Revisionists, the oppositional group within the World Zionist Organization, headed by Vladimir Jabotinsky, was endorsed by the national executive committee of the Order Sons of Zion, a constituent organization of the Zionist Organization of America, at the last meeting of the committee.

A resolution endorsing the program of the Zionist Revisionists was adopted by the Executive Committee, following two sessions, at which Mr. Jabotinsky addressed the members, reporting on the present situation in the Zionist movement and in Palestine.

The resolution read: "Resolved that the Executive Committee of the Order Sons of Zion endorse the principle of the League of Zionist Revisionists and the Nasi appoint a committee of five to work out the plans of propaganda for that purpose."

It was declared that before this action was taken the members of the Executive Committee of the Order emphasized the fact that the Zionist Revisionist group is not a separate party but a tendency within the movement and the endorsement of its program does not tend to lessen the unity and strength of the movement.

Mr. Jabotinsky, whose departure for Palestine was scheduled to take place on April 10, was prevailed upon by the members of the Executive Committee of the Order to prolong his stay in the United States in order to head the contemplated campaign.

JABOTINSKY FAREWELL DINNER POSTPONED

The farewell banquet in honor of Vladimir Jabotinsky, which was scheduled to take place on April 7, at the Town Hall Club, under the auspices of a committee of New York writers and Zionist friends of Mr. Jabotinsky, will be postponed in view of the fact that the Executive Committee of the Order Sons of Zion have prevailed upon Mr. Jabotinsky to prolong his stay in the United States.

A formal announcement of the Committee and the date on which the banquet will take place is expected.

MONTH OF MARCH BROUGHT 2,000 JEWS TO PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 3.—Two thousand Jewish immigrants arrived in Palestine during the month of March, according to figures made known here yesterday.

The twentieth anniversary of the Palestine Maccabee Sport Society was celebrated in Tel Aviv Thursday. Lord Plumer participated in the celebration, distributing the prizes.

Rabbi Leon Frans, Director of Religious Education at Temple Beth El, Detroit, Mich., has just been elected a member of the General Executive Committee of the Religious Education Association.

The Religious Education Association is an international and interreligious society of educators organized for the purpose of promoting scientific investigation into the problems of education and religion.

JEWISH WORKERS IN POLAND DEMAND RIGHT TO WORK

(Continued from Page 1)

productive class into the class of "Luit-menschen." We must protest against the economic Kromie Jewrewe (exclude the Jews). We must proclaim an open fight against those who bar the way of the Jewish workmen to the factory," he stated.

The Congress received greetings from the Central Bureau of the Polish Trade Unions, of the Executive Committee of the Polish Socialist Party (P.P.S.) of the German Socialist Party in the Polish Republic, the Communist Sejm group, the Polish professionals association, city employees. All these bodies pledged their support to the Jewish workmen's demands. A message was also received from the Polish Minister of Labor.

A heated fight developed at the Congress between the delegates of the Bund and the delegates of the Poale Zion. The delegates of the Bund insisted that the Congress must limit itself to the problem of securing the Jewish workmen's right to work, while the Poale Zion delegates demanded that the Congress should also take up the question of Jewish emigration, particularly Jewish emigration to Palestine. The Poale Zion delegates also forwarded a demand that the Jewish labor Congress in Poland decide to convene a general Jewish labor Congress. The Poale Zion introduced a resolution that the Congress greet the "fighting Jewish proletariat in Palestine." The resolution of the Poale Zion delegates was defeated.

The remarkable unity of the Jewish community of Philadelphia is illustrated in the audit of the \$479,490 fund collected here by the Federation of Jewish Charities. The audit has just been made public by Irving Kohn, chairman of the finance committee of the Federation.

Mr. Kohn disclosed that almost 12,672 families contributed to the fund amounting ranging from 59 cents to \$100.00.

With the proceeds of the campaign six more Hebrew schools will be built, where Jewish children, whose parents cannot afford to pay, will receive a Jewish education. Other charitable institutions will be aided materially. The Federation maintains upward of fifty institutions. It has a membership of 22,916 persons.

"A considerable sum of the money pledged last January has already been submitted to the Federation. This will enable the building committee at once to carry out the plans for which the campaign was conducted," Mr. Kohn stated.

Initial steps to bind Ohio's Jewish communities into an active state-wide organization whose ultimate duty will be to extend Jewish culture and education were taken when the Ohio branch of United Synagogues in session in Cleveland, O., formally organized into a state body.

Officers elected to direct operations of the first Ohio body included Solomon Utner, Cleveland, chairman and Ralph Hertz, Cleveland, secretary.

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ARCHAEOLOGISTS' CONGRESS IS OPENED IN JERUSALEM

(Continued from Page 1)

opening in the international Congress of archaeologists which opened here yesterday. Professor Ralph Van Deman Magossin, and Mr. Melvin G. Kyle of the Archaeological Institute of America, Professor William Frederick Bade of the University of California, Professor George Grant MacCurdy of Yale and Mr. Russel of the American School of Pre-historic Research are attending the sessions.

The University of Edinburgh is represented by Professor G. B. Brown and Professor Archibald Kennedy and Oxford University by Professor Archibald Sayce. The delegates will proceed to Beirut on Wednesday when the sessions of the Congress will be held there.

Local delegates at the sessions include Miss Levy, representing the London University, Professor Garstand of Liverpool University and Professor Albricht of the Johns Hopkins University.

At a banquet attended by fifty motion picture producers and directors in Los Angeles, Cal., at which Louis B. Mayer of the joint campaign in Los Angeles presided, thirty thousand dollars was subscribed. Mr. Mayer headed the list with five thousand and Sol Lesser fifteen hundred. This banquet marked the first effort in the Los Angeles campaign.

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