

POLISH PRIME MINISTER EXPRESSES ASTONISHMENT AT COMPLAINTS OF JEWISH DEPUTIES

Club Defers Action Until Further Conference with Government Members
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 27.—Astonishment at the complaints of the delegation of Jewish deputies, representing the Club of Jewish Deputies, was expressed by Count Alexander Skrzynski, Polish Prime Minister, when he received Deputies Hartglass and Farbstein yesterday.

The delegation called on the Prime Minister, in accordance with a decision of the Club of Jewish Deputies to present to the Prime Minister the demands of the Jewish population before a decision is taken by the Club to proceed to opposition to the government. Deputies Hartglass and Farbstein expressed the resentment of the Club that the Polish Jewish agreement has been unfulfilled, particularly with regard to the unofficial application of the numerus clausus and the clauses of the industrial bill pending in the Sejm.

Count Skrzynski proposed that the matter be taken up at a special conference of cabinet members which will be held next week, at which Stanislaw Grabski, Minister of Education, and Osiecki, Minister of Commerce, will be present.

At a general meeting of the club held after the audience with the Prime Minister, it was decided to postpone further action.

DOPPELKREUZ BLUTBUND. HUNGARIAN ANTI-SEMITIC ORGANIZATION OF STATE OFFICIALS, CONTROLS GOVERNMENT

Threatens Jews with Expulsion

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Mar. 27.—A sensational statement concerning the organization and the program of the Doppelkreuz Blutbund, the leading anti-Semitic organization in Hungary, was published by the "Esti Kurier."

The statement declares that the Doppelkreuz Blutbund is an organization on a military basis and that it controls all political events in the country and also government decisions.

"The ministerial decision to disband the Doppelkreuz Blutbund is impossible because we are not to be disbanded. A section of the state officials are our members. If the decent part of the Jews will help us at the necessary moment, the Jews will be able to remain in Hungary. Should they fail to do so at the necessary moment, they will have to leave Hungary, even under compulsion," the statement declares.

ZIONISTS AND NON-ZIONISTS IN VIENNA REACH AGREEMENT ON WORK IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Mar. 27.—An agreement between the Zionists and non-Zionists on the Board of the Vienna Kehillah concerning the work for Palestine was concluded.

The non-Zionists are in the majority on the Board.

In accordance with the agreement, the next Kehillah budget will include 30,000 shillings for the Keren Hayesod, 5,000 shillings for the Keren Ha'yishub, the Palestine fund of the Agudath Israel, 5,000 shillings for the He'chaluz, the Palestine Pioneer Movement, and 5,000 shillings for the Palestine Workers Fund.

ZIONIST EXECUTIVE SATISFIED WITH NEW MILITARY FORCE ORDINANCE, COL. KISH SAYS

General Defense Corp Question Will Be Taken up By Dr. Weizmann

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 27.—Satisfaction with the new text of the Palestine government ordinance concerning the organization of the frontier force was expressed by Col. Frederick H. Kish, political representative of the Zionist Executive in Jerusalem, in an interview with the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here.

"The new force is intended for Transjordan, as is shown in the text of the ordinance, which refers to the Transjordan Frontier Force. There is, therefore, no place here for the question of Jews in the force to be raised. The general question of Jewish participation in the defense corp is still pending and will be taken up by Dr. Chaim Weizmann in his negotiations with the High Commissioner," Col. Kish declared.

It was learned that the new force will be stationed at Sarafand, Amman, the capital of Transjordan, Maan and Akaba, the two cities recently annexed to Transjordan. The unit in Sarafand will be Arabic, including only sixteen Jewish privates, telephone operators and mechanics and will be in charge of 23 Arab officers.

PASSOVER, FEAST OF FREEDOM, BEGINS TONIGHT

Passover, which begins tonight at sun-down with a seder service in Jewish homes, ushers in the Feast of Freedom.

Many congregations in New York and elsewhere have rented additional halls and auditoriums for the festival services.

Many thousands of Passover celebrations will be held throughout the United States by Jewish youth organizations.

Carrying out its policy of emphasis on holiday observances and holiday celebrations as one of the best means of holding the youth of the country to the traditional Judaism of their fathers, the Young Judea, national youth organization, has distributed throughout the United States and in Canada a Passover Program leaflet, containing material for the celebrations.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN IN NEW GARB BEGINNING APRIL 1

Following its principle of not appearing on the Jewish High Holidays, the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" will not be published on Tuesday and Wednesday, the first two days of Passover.

The next issue of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" will appear on Thursday, April 1, from which date the "Bulletin" will be published in a somewhat larger size. The new form of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" will enable the editorial department to give a greater amount of news despatches and will afford an opportunity for a better display of the reading matter.

BRATIANU GOVERNMENT IN ROUMANIA FALLS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Mar. 27.—The Bratianu government, responsible for the long period of anti-Semitic excesses in Roumania, officially resigned today.

Consultation with the parties concerning the formation of a new cabinet has been begun by King Ferdinand. It was predicted that Julius Maniu, leader of the nationalist party, will form the new cabinet.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturday and Jewish high holidays by the Jewish Daily Bulletin Co., Inc., 611 Broadway, N. Y.

Telephone: Spring 1614
 Jacob Landau, President; Meier Grossman, Vice-President;
 Samuel Biensstock, Treasurer and Secretary

Vol. III. Monday, Mar. 29, 1926. No. 438.

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin

New York 611 Broadway
 London 244 High Holborn
 Paris 82 Rue d'Amsterdam, Paris, VIII
 Berlin W. 15 Dueselderstrasse 72
 Warsaw Ulica Aleje Jerozolimskie Nr. 18
 Jerusalem P. O. B. 539
 Cairo 13, Abou-El-Sebah

Subscription Rates

	U. S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter October 15, 1924, at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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GLAD HE HELPED JEWS RETURN TO PALESTINE, LORD ALLENBY TELLS CANADIAN ZIONISTS

Country Will Shortly Enjoy Prosperity of King Solomon's Day; Friction Gradually Disappearing, He Says

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Montreal, Mar. 27.—Lord Allenby received here today a delegation of the Zionist Federation of Canada, composed of A. J. Freiman, Louis Fitch, A. Levine, Lyon Cohen, H. Wolofsky, Rabbi J. L. Zlotnick, Rabbi Abramowitz, Rabbi Berger and Rabbi Samuels.

Mr. Freiman, president of the Canadian Zionist Organization, welcomed Lord Allenby on behalf of Canadian Jewry. Mr. Louis Fitch, vice-president, presented the distinguished guest with an address in which was pointed out his achievement and the appreciation of the Jewish people for the conquering of Palestine by Lord Allenby.

"During the war it was given to me to take charge of what was apparently a side issue in the war," Lord Allenby stated. "Each one of us should be satisfied with his role in the construction of an edifice. What is important, is not the laying of any particular stone, as long as each stone is well and truly laid. I, for myself, felt that I had my reward knowing that I laid my stone well and truly but my reward is increased by your presence and kind remarks. The entry of Britain in the war was based on the principle of justice and freedom to all and on the day when I entered through the gate of Jaffa into Jerusalem I issued a proclamation to the inhabitants to the effect that each one should continue his occupation as in peace time and from that day to this no obstacle has been placed towards the upbuilding of the country and to the participation by all of justice and liberty.

"I was in Jerusalem last May when Lord Balfour opened the Hebrew University on Mount Scopus and there I heard Lord Balfour repeating the Balfour Declaration, that Palestine was to become a homeland for the Jewish people. I noticed on the occasion of that visit the remarkable progress that the country has made since 1919. In 1918 I was in Tel-Aviv. It then had a population of three to four hundred, whereas now it has a population of over thirty thousand. When I was there last May, I was entertained at a tea on the same spot which in 1918 was surrounded by sand dunes and which now is in the midst of a street as large and as nice as any in this city.

"The influx of the Jews in the country was considerable. Of all I have seen and I have heard the new Jewish immigrants are proving themselves to be very capable and fit to do pioneer work to re-inhabit the uninhabited places in Palestine. The self

(Continued on Page 4)

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTER

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Wants American Jewish Committee to Investigate Charge of Anti-Jewish Discrimination in American Colleges

The suggestion that the American Jewish Committee make an investigation to ascertain how much truth there is in the charge that some American colleges practice a secret "numerus clausus" against Jewish students, is put forth by Zivion in the "Forward" of March 27.

"I believe," writes Zivion, "that such an investigation is of the utmost importance. Charges are being made from various quarters that American colleges and universities have become nests of anti-Semitism. It is even stated that in most colleges and universities there exists a secret 'numerus clausus' for Jews. It is said that all the rigorous tests and examinations required for entrance have been especially instituted so as to make it possible in a polite manner to reject Jewish applicants.

"If this is true, then American Jews should start the strongest protest movement. If, however, it is not true, then an authoritative Jewish organization should come out with a public statement declaring the charges to be a lie."

The writer gives it as his opinion that the charges are exaggerated. "I do not doubt," he says, "that a considerable degree of anti-Semitism can be found in the American colleges. Also, I do not doubt that there are to be found in every college and university in the United States professors and instructors who hate Jews. But that is not the question. The question is: are the charges true that Jewish students are discriminated against? For if all the charges made are true we would have to conclude that the American universities are more anti-Semitic than the Polish universities.

"Hence I believe that the American Jewish Committee should make an investigation, so that we may have the facts once and for all."

Warns Against Renunciation of Minority Rights by Turkish Jews

If the Jewish population in the Republic of Turkey will renounce its minority rights, as is being planned by Jewish leaders in Turkey, it will constitute, according to the "Day" (March 27) a dangerous precedent.

Despite the good motives of the present Turkish government, the paper emphasizes, such a renunciation of their minority rights by the Turkish Jews would place their future fate entirely in the hands of the Turkish government whatever its attitude to the Jews might be in later times. Moreover, the "Day" points out:

"The system of minority rights gives protection not only to the Turkish Jews, but to the Jews in many other countries. It might therefore be expected that the Turkish Jews would consider this fact. If the Turkish government today can persuade its Jews to renounce their minority rights, then may not the Hungarian, Polish and Roumanian governments later request their Jews for a similar favor, in the name of patriotism, of course. It is easy to perceive what an embarrassing situation this would be for the whole East European Jewry, in view of the dangerous precedent set by the Turkish Jews."

Jacob Schwartz, seventy-nine, a native of New York City, who until his retirement a few years ago was one of the foremost librarians in the country, died at his home in Greenwich, Conn. A system of indexing books, invented by Mr. Schwartz, is used in libraries throughout the country. He has been connected with many large libraries.

HEROISM OF JEWISH OFFICERS IN WORLD WAR DESCRIBED IN MEMOIRS OF GENERAL KUHN

Remarkable Career of Wounded Officer Comes to Light

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Mar. 25.—A remarkable case of a Jewish officer's heroism under fire of the German guns in France in 1918 has just come to light with the copyrighted publication in "The Evening Bulletin" of the memoirs of Major-General Joseph E. Kuhn, who commanded the 97th Division.

There probably were few veterans of the A. E. F. who returned to the United States entitled to wear as many wound stripes as Lieutenant Theodore Rosen, of this city, and still fewer, who, faced with his handicap, could have become so valuable a citizen to his native city as Rosen became after leaving the rehabilitation hospital.

General Kuhn relates the famous attack on what the doughboys called "Cornwallie Hill," in the Grande Montagne sector, on November 4, a short time before the armistice:

"The advance of the 1st Battalion, 315th Infantry," writes General Kuhn, "lay through an almost impenetrable wood, thickly infested with machine gun nests. By infiltration of small combat groups the battalion advanced several hundred yards suffering heavy losses but capturing a number of machine guns. At 11 A.M. the advance came to a halt, the ground won being held. While reconnoitering the front line, Lieutenant Theodore Rosen, regimental gas officer, was twice severely wounded and, while lying helpless on the ground, was taken prisoner by the enemy. He recovered consciousness two days later in a German hospital in Belgium. On his liberation after the war he was brought to Walter Reed Hospital, Washington. While still there he entered the law school of the University of Pennsylvania. He was made president of his class and was graduated in 1922. After two years at the law school he was admitted to the bar on the plea he had lost much time in the war. When he finished law school he formed a partnership with Charles Edwin Fox, and when the latter became District Attorney of Philadelphia recently, he named Lieutenant Rosen as one of his assistants.

"Lieutenant Rosen was one of the most remarkable casualties of the Division, in that he survived the terrible wounds inflicted upon him," the "Evening Bulletin" remarks parenthetically in General Kuhn's story.

PALESTINE HEBREW THEATRE REPRESENTED AT INTERNATIONAL THEATRICAL EXHIBITION

The Palestine-Hebrew Gnesin Theatre, which is a part of the Moscow Hebrew theatre, Habimah, was represented at the International Theatrical Exposition, which was held in the Steinway Building, New York City, and in which more than 200 artists of thirteen countries participated.

Reproductions of the settings of "Jacob's Dream," the last production in Palestine of the Gnesin Theatre, exhibited the modern spirit of the Hebrew stage.

Capt. Van Friesland of Palestine, who is an executive member of the Gnesin Theatre, is now visiting the United States. He is endeavoring to raise in America a fund for the expansion of the theatre in Palestine.

LATVIAN CITIZENSHIP MAY BE GRANTED TO ALIEN RESIDENTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Mar. 27.—A motion to grant Latvian citizenship to all aliens residing in the country since August, 1914 has been introduced into parliament by the Socialist group. The motion is of great importance to a considerable section of the Jewish population.

CONGRESSMAN VARE OF PHILADELPHIA CONDEMNNS RESTRICTIVE IMMIGRATION

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Mar. 27.—Congressman William S. Vare, candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator, and leader of the Republican Party in Philadelphia, condemned restrictive immigration at the first annual dinner of the Charles B. Hall Lodge, No. 775, Independent Order of B'nai Abraham.

The Congressman said he felt the restrictive immigration laws were depriving the nation of a desirable element, and the laws should be so amended as to permit this element to enter.

The Charles B. Hall lodge is named after a non-Jew who at present is president of the Philadelphia City Council, which corresponds to the New York Board of Aldermen. Some of the most prominent Jews in the city are members of it. Others who followed Congressman Vare on the speaker's platform were Jules E. Mastbaum, Judge Gustave Hartman, of New York; Harry A. Mackey, political leader here; Richard Weglein, former head of the police force in this city; State Senator Samuel Salus and Municipal Court Justice Leopold C. Glass.

THE IMMIGRANT POPULATION AND CRIME STATISTICS

(Communication to the Editor)

Sir:

I was very much interested in an item in your issue of the 18th, with regard to the relative preponderance of the native and foreign populations in crime. This subject has received considerable study recently and there is little doubt now that the foreign-born population has less than its proportionate share of crime or that the native-born population commits more than its share to crime.

I quote below from the most recent and most scientific work on the subject, Professor Sutherland's book on Criminology, published by Lippincott & Company, in which he says the following: "The Census report of 1910 on prisoners shows that for the entire United States the number of foreign-born white persons committed to institutions as prisoners or juvenile delinquents was exactly twice as large in proportion to their entire population as for the native-born whites. This is very misleading, however, if taken as it stands. For, in the first place, almost all of the immigrants are adults; in 1910 only 5.7 per cent of the foreign-born were under fifteen years of age, as contrasted with 36.6 per cent of the native-born whites. If the adult offenders alone are compared in proportion to the population in each group fifteen years of age and over, the foreign-born whites had only 1.3 times (instead of 2.0 times) as many commitments as native-born whites. In the second place, almost all immigrants settle in the cities and, as has been shown, cities have higher rates than the rural districts for arrests, convictions and commitments. It is possible, therefore, that the immigrants have higher rates because they live in cities rather than because they are immigrants. Several investigations of particular localities justify the conclusion that the foreign-born in cities have lower rates than the native-born for arrests, convictions and commitments.

"The Immigration Commission of 1910 came to that conclusion from a study of the statistics of several cities, and Edith Alcott proved it for Chicago in 1913. Table XII shows for selected cities and for all parts of the states of New York and Massachusetts that in proportion to the population fifteen years of age and over the foreign-born whites have lower rates than the native-born whites. It is evident that the native-born generally have higher rates, varying from almost the same to almost twice as high as the foreign-born." (pp. 97-8).

Table XII referred to, is to be found on page 98 and shows that in Chicago the ratio of the arrests of the native-born whites to foreign-born whites was 1.88, and that the ratio for convictions in the same city for the same groups was 1.66; in Washington there were 1.21 times as many arrests among the native whites as among the foreign whites; in Boston the ratio was 1.32; in Newark the ratio was 1.20; and in New York City the commitments of native whites were 1.21 times as high as those of the foreign whites. I think that your readers will be interested in the foregoing.

Sincerely,

M. J. KARPFF, Director.

The Training School for Jewish Social Work.

New York, Mar. 25, 1926.

Three hundred Jewish young men at a dinner in the Congress Hotel, Chicago, in honor of Federal Judge Julian W. Mack subscribed \$15,000 to the United Palestine appeal drive for half a million dollars in this city. They pledged to raise \$25,000 more.

Samuel Philipson, A. Z. Halperin and Milton Callner each dropped checks for \$2,000 when the big basket carried by two men was passed about the dining room.

D. J. Schiff, local banker, and S. J. Rosenblatt both dropped in checks for \$1,000.

DR. LEE K. FRANKEL TO MAKE HEALTH SURVEY FOR MOTION PICTURE INDUSTRY

A general survey of health conditions in the motion picture industry in lower California, with the view of securing the health, physical well-being and medical care of the many thousands of employees of the film producers, is to be undertaken by Dr. Lee K. Frankel, second Vice-President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, at the request of Will H. Hays, President of the Motion Picture Producers and Distributors of America, Inc.

At the request of Post Master General Hays, Dr. Frankel surveyed the United States Post Office, inaugurating widespread reforms and improving health conditions in post office buildings throughout the United States.

JEWISH RELIGIOUS MARRIAGE CONTESTED IN CHICAGO COURT

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Mar. 25.—Contending that marriages by a rabbi are legal without the formality of a license, Attorney Jacob Legion Tenney appeared before Superior Judge Joseph Sabath with Mrs. Miriam M. Paskind, 72 years old, who had just filed suit for separate maintenance from Benjamin Paskind, 76 years old.

Judge Sabath issued an order restraining the aged husband from evicting his wife from her home.

Thousands of Jews are married without licenses, Attorney Tenney said, and a decision on the Paskind case will affect all such marriages. Paskind claimed that the religious ceremony was not legal and he wanted the judge to annul his marriage. There will be a decision in a few days.

Glad He Helped Jews Return to Palestine, Lord Allenby Tells Canadian Zionists

(Continued from Page 2)

denial of the Jewish pioneers is sufficient assurance that the progress of the country will continue and will in a short time restore to the country the prosperity that did exist in the days of King Solomon. This prosperity will be shared by all the inhabitants, the Jews, Arabs and Christians and any little friction which may have existed is dying out and will be replaced by amity and friendship and they will work shoulder to shoulder.

"You know as well as I do that Great Britain will never go back on its promise to fulfill the Balfour Declaration and helping the Jewish people build a home in Palestine. At the opening of the University last year I met Dr. Weizmann and other Zionist leaders and was pleased at the great progress that the Zionists are making.

"I am glad to have played my part and that it was my happy lot to help your people return to their ancient country after centuries of suffering."

"Man is the tree of the field"—is a biblical saying. In olden times there was a beautiful Jewish custom to plant a tree for every new-born child. Palestine needs trees. \$1.50 plants a tree. Send your contribution to

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"FUNERAL OF MANDATE" FEATURE OF PURIM CARNIVAL IN TEL AVIV

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Jerusalem, Mar. 1.—Purim was carnival day all over Jewish Palestine this year. At Tel-Aviv, the festivities started early. Thousands of people arrived from Jerusalem, Haifa and the neighboring colonies. On Saturday evening a great masquerade ball was held in the Exhibition grounds attended by 2,500 people. The revelry continued into Sunday morning.

One "carnival" feature which attracted much attention was a procession of funeral mutes, carrying a large black "coffin" on which was inscribed: "The Mandate, the Jewish Legion, and those institutions and hopes interred with the Mandate and the Jewish Regiment." Traffic was suspended in Tel-Aviv to allow the carnival procession to pass through the thronged streets. Over 30,000 people took part, including many Arabs.

In Jerusalem there was a big carnival celebration on Sunday evening and all day Monday. Masqueraders, mounted and on foot, paraded the streets. There were many Arabs among the sightseers.

CONSTANTIN FEHRENBACH, FIGHTER AGAINST RACIAL PREJUDICE IN GERMANY, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 27.—Dr. Constantin Fehrenbach, ex-chancellor of Germany, leader of the Centrum, who died here yesterday, was an active figure in the movement to combat anti-Semitism and racial prejudice in Germany.

Dr. Fehrenbach was vice-president of the Association to Combat Anti-Semitism and originated the slogan "Anti-Semitism is a danger to the German People."

Jewish life in Oriental countries from the earliest times to the present day will be illustrated in an exhibition of valuable literary material to be opened at the New York Public Library today.

The collections, consisting of ancient manuscripts, rare books and pamphlets, first editions and autographs, have been assembled by library officials in cooperation with Hebrew Union College of Cincinnati, the Jewish Theological Seminary of New York and Dropsie College for Hebrew and Cognate Learning, Philadelphia. The possessions of these institutions will be supplemented by a number of works of modern commentaries in English, French and German.

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