

SETTLING 1,800 FAMILIES IN UKRAINIA BEGINS TOMORROW

Scope of Settling Plan Reduced This Year
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Mar. 12.—The scope of the plan to settle Jews on the land in Soviet Russia has been considerably reduced this year, it was declared here today in circles closely connected with the colonization work.

The original plans were prepared when it was believed that the entire sum of \$15,000,000, which is to be raised in the United States by the United Jewish Campaign, would be available for colonization purposes in Russia. According to the new plans only 4,000 families will be settled during this year in Ukrainia. Eighteen hundred families will be settled during the spring, beginning next Monday. Twenty-two hundred families will be settled during the autumn.

Moscow, Mar. 12.—Only about 4,000 new land workers will be settled in the Ukrainia this year, according to official information made known today.

This figure represents 1,000 more than the number of families settled in the previous year, but considerably less than was expected, due to the lack of means. Seventy-five per cent of the settlers are assisted by funds coming from the Joint Distribution Committee and the Jewish Colonization Committee.
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ZIONIST EXECUTIVE PROTESTS AGAINST PERSIA'S PROHIBITION OF JEWISH EMIGRATION TO PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 12.—A complaint against the Persian Government for prohibiting the emigration of Jews from Persia to Palestine was forwarded by the Zionist Executive here to the Zionist headquarters in London.

According to advices received here the Persian Legation in London has forwarded this complaint to the Teheran government.

In its representations, the Zionist Executive pointed out that if it is true that such an embargo exists, Persia would be the only member of the League of Nations which imposes such restriction on Jewish emigration to Palestine. Russia is the only other country restricting Jewish emigration to Palestine, but Russia is not a member of the League and is not a party to the Palestine Mandate, one of the principal objects of which is the establishment of the Jewish national home in Palestine.

CONFERENCE OF POLISH ZIONISTS OPENS IN WARSAW TODAY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 12.—The second general conference of Polish Zionists will be opened here on Sunday. About 300 delegates representing 150,000 shekel payers are expected to participate in the conference.

Particular importance is attached to the proceedings of this meeting in view of the problems to be considered in connection with the political situation within the Club of Jewish Deputies and the Zionist Party Council.

Three groups contested in the elections in Warsaw of delegates to the conference. The Gruenbaum group, Al Ha'mishmar, gained 9 delegates; the Levite-Gottlieb group, Eth Livnoth, 7; and the Zionist Revisionists, 2. Stormy election meetings were held in many towns throughout Poland.

UNITED STATES CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OPPOSES ALIEN REGISTRATION BILL

Declares It Unconstitutional

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Mar. 12.—Opposition to the proposed bill concerning the registration of aliens in the United States was expressed by the United States Chamber of Commerce in the report of a special committee made public yesterday.

The immigration committee of the United States Chamber of Commerce, considering all angles of the question, came to the conclusion that "the registration of aliens is not in accordance with American principles; it would arouse hostility and mistrust, it would be difficult, if not impossible, to enforce the law effectively; it would raise questions of treaty rights, of nationals of other powers, unless registration include citizens as well as aliens; it would entail large expenditures to pay for the routine work of annually registering 7,000,000 persons and additional expenditures for a corps of agents to seek out aliens who fail to register, and punish them. It would lead to demand for annual registration of all inhabitants of the country."

Declaring that this bill is not in accordance with the American principle of freedom, the committee stated that "freedom of the individual from official surveillance or espionage, unless he is suspected of crime, is an American principle. Periodic registration and close supervision of individuals by officials has been held by Americans to be characteristic of tyrannies, not of free governments. Whether registration of aliens would run counter to provisions of the federal constitution is a question that probably cannot be decided until a test case is brought before the Supreme Court. Two provisions, however, deserve consideration. The Fourth Amendment assures 'the right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures. . . and no warrant shall issue but upon proper cause supported by oath or affirmation and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the person or things to be seized.' The other provision of the Constitution is 'The Constitution and the laws of the United States. . . and all treaties made, or which shall be made under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land.'"

The committee which rendered the report consisted of Karl de Laitre, chairman, vice-president of Bovey-De Laitre Lumber Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; Henry Bruere, vice-president, Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York; J. T. Duryea, president, Pierce, Butler and Pierce Manufacturing Corporation, New York; Thomas Evans, Merchant and Evans Company, Philadelphia, Pa.; Henry A. Garfield, President, Williams College, Williamstown, Massachusetts; Frank J. Goodnow, president, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore; Charles Nagel, Nagel and Kirby, Attorneys-at-Law, St. Louis, Missouri; and Francis W. Shephardson, Secretary and Acting Director, the Julius Rosenwald Fund, Chicago, Ill.

5,900 DUNAM ACQUIRED BY GALICIAN JEWS FOR NEW JEWISH COLONY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 12.—Deborah will be the name of a new Jewish colony which will be established in the vicinity of Beisan (Beth Shean).

The colony will be established by a group of Galician Jews who have acquired 5,000 dunam for that purpose.

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NAHUM SOKOLOW, CHAIRMAN ZIONIST EXECUTIVE, LEAVES U. S.

Spiritual Hunger Evident Among American Jews, He Says

Nahum Sokolow, chairman of the Executive of the World Zionist Organization, sailed for London on Friday night on the steamer Majestic. From London Mr. Sokolow will proceed to South Africa where he will lead in the work of raising Palestine Funds there.

A farewell luncheon was tendered Mr. Sokolow by the American Zionist Executive at the Pennsylvania Hotel on Friday. Many prominent Zionist leaders and newspaper men were present.

When interviewed by the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency prior to his departure, Mr. Sokolow stated that Zionism in America must cease to be a dollar Zionism and become a spiritual movement.

There is no question that the Zionist movement in the United States has increased in quantity tenfold since my visit here four years ago. The understanding of the aims of political Zionism has also grown. The question, however, remains to be answered whether American Jews are to be the financial agents of Zionism and spend their energy only in raising dollars for Zionist work or whether they should become true Zionists. The time has arrived when Zionist work in America must no longer have a money raising character but also a spiritual character.

"Great educational work must be begun among the youth and the masses. The danger of ignorance in things Jewish is too great to be longer ignored. This is the task of the Zionist Organization. I have the feeling that there is a spiritual hunger prevalent in the Jewish community in America. All spiritual forces available in this work must be organized for the benefit and the future of the Jewish community here," Mr. Sokolow declared.

Mr. Sokolow expressed his satisfaction and thanks for the warm reception accorded him by American Jews.

UNITED JEWISH LIST PLANNED IN LITHUANIAN PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, Mar. 12.—New elections to the Lithuanian Sejm will take place on May 8th and 9th, according to a decree issued by the president of the Lithuanian Republic.

A united Jewish list, instead of contesting Jewish groups, is being planned by Jewish leaders. It is expected that if a united Jewish list is presented, seven or eight Jewish deputies will be elected.

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Formation of Arab Legion Revives Question of Jewish Legion in Palestine

The idea of a Jewish legion in Palestine, hitherto championed by a small group led by Jabotinsky, has, we are told by the "Jewish Morning Journal's" Tel Aviv correspondent, found new support as a result of the recent order of High Commissioner Plumer reorganizing the British gendarmerie in Palestine in such a way that its Jewish members were transferred to the police force while the Arabs and Circassians form separate legions to defend the Palestine and Transjordanian frontiers respectively.

"Lord Plumer's order was a surprise for us," writes Mr. Czernowitz, the correspondent ("Jewish Morning Journal," March 11). The fact that the gendarmerie was demobilized could perhaps be understood. The gendarmerie has been kept up by grants-in-aid from the British government, and Plumer no doubt desires to take this burden too off the shoulders of the British tax-payers in order to silence the perpetual complaints of the anti-Zionists in the British Parliament. But to create in the Jewish Homeland a situation where the Jews are taken out of the defense garrison and the maintenance of peace and order is left to the Arabs—this is absurd even from the standpoint of the government, not only from the point of view of our interests. To rely on the Arabs at a time when the Orient is in a turmoil and the rebellion in Syria is still continuing—this certainly is not a wise policy. The Jews are the only ones on whom the government can rely at all times, for they are interested more than any one else in preserving peace."

The correspondent further writes that the Jewish press in Palestine, including the Hebrew papers "Ha'aretz," "Davar" and "Doar Ha'yona," have unanimously expressed their displeasure with the High Commissioner's order, terming it an insult to the Jews. "Although hitherto," we read "all the papers were opposed to Jabotinsky's idea of creating a Jewish legion, they all agree now that since the government did make a division and established a separate Arab legion, permission should be given for the creation of a separate Jewish legion to preserve peace and order in the country."

In connection with the question of the gendarmerie in Palestine some observations by Leonard Stein, Secretary of the World Zionist Organization, made in the course of his article "The Jews in Palestine," which will appear in today's (April) issue of "Foreign Affairs," are of special interest.

"Palestine," writes Mr. Stein, "has not been altogether free from disorder, but whatever unrest there has been is insignificant in the light of what has occurred since the war in Syria and—in the earlier stages—in Iraq. Since the Jaffa riots of May, 1921, Palestine has been perfectly quiet. On this point the following figures covering British expenditure in Palestine (exclusive of contributions to the cost of government in Trans-Jordan) speak for themselves:

BRITISH EXPENDITURE IN PALESTINE

	Defense	Gendarmerie	Total
1922-23	.....£1,725,000	.....£300,000	.....£2,025,000
1923-24	.....£1,150,000	.....£230,000	.....£1,400,000
1924-25	.....£734,500	.....£265,000	.....£999,500
1925-26	.....£428,500	.....£212,000	.....£640,500

"Apart from the gendarmerie grant-in-aid, British expenditure in Western Palestine as distinct from Trans-Jordan is, and has always been, confined to the cost of the garrison. The steady shrinkage of that expenditure to an almost trifling sum is the best evidence of a progressive improvement in public security.

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

Movement Against "Lithuanian" Immigration in South Africa Aimed At Jews

(By Our Johannesburg Correspondent)

Johannesburg, Feb. 10.—The effort to keep out Jewish immigrants, which in America has become a movement against non-Nordics, has assumed here in South Africa the form of a movement against "Lithuanian" immigration.

The agitation in the South African Press in September last against Jewish immigration led by "The Star" and "De Burger" and followed by the dailies of other South African centres, has made another appearance in the columns of the "Star" and "De Burger." "De Burger" fears that "in the long run the people of South Africa will consist of Lithuanian Afrikaners" and urges "that the matter is so serious as to be above party." This important Government organ indulges in a gratuitous dig at the Jews, when it states: "Where the surplus of traders is a problem attracting more and more attention it is surely very foolish to admit more and more people, who have no other calling (and who in many cases do not enhance the reputation of their calling)." "The Star," in support of "De Burger," remarks that "to say the least, these newcomers are economically undesirable."

The argument is that according to figures for October, more British citizens left the Union for good than settled here, the net loss being 56; whilst the excess of arrivals of non-British Europeans assuming domicile over those relinquishing domicile was 152, of whom 107 came from Eastern and Southern Europe, and of the latter, "Lithuanians numbered no less than 55."

A writer in the Johannesburg "Zionist Record," Percy Cowen, demonstrates that this argument is based on a perversion of facts.

The vast majority of Lithuanian immigrants to this country, he points out, become naturalized British subjects after they have stayed here for the necessary qualifying period. They are, therefore, no more classed as Lithuanian but as British subjects, and their future movements, including their departure from this country, are henceforth described as those of British subjects!

Many Jewish immigrants from Lithuania, Latvia and Poland apply for letters of naturalization as soon as possible with the definite intention of leaving the country as soon as they become British subjects, that they may be able to travel with the protection of a British passport and rank as a British subject.

It is, therefore, only right to assume that a large number of those who arrive in this country as Lithuanians leave it as British subjects, and that that number should be deducted from the figure of British permanent departures from this country. That can only be done by giving the number of Lithuanian permanent arrivals who eventually become British subjects, which the present figures do not give. In addition, the figures given of Lithuanian immigrants assuming domicile include a large number of women and children coming out to join their husbands and fathers. Fourteen per cent of

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PALESTINE ELECTRIC COMPANY PLACES ORDERS IN GREAT BRITAIN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 12.—Large orders for machinery will be placed with British manufacturers by the Palestine Electric Company, Ltd. of which Mr. Pincas Rutenberg is president, according to the information of the London "Daily Express."

Sixty thousand pounds have already been spent by the company in England for equipment and fuel for the electric stations in Haifa and Jaffa.

\$100,000 ADDED TO UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL AT RECEPTION GIVEN TO BIALIK IN BROWNSVILLE

The Brownsville and East New York section of the Greater New York campaign of the United Palestine Appeal announced contributions totalling \$100,000 at a mass meeting given in honor of Chaim Nachman Bialik. The meeting was held at the Premier Theatre, Sutter Avenue and Hinsdale Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The speakers included Mr. Bialik, Dr. Schmarya Levin, Morris Rothenberg, Chairman of the Palestine Foundation Fund; and Morris Sapir, chairman of the Brownsville and East New York committee, who presided.

The total thus far raised in the Greater New York campaign is nearly \$1,100,000, the largest sum New York has raised in one year for Palestine up-building, according to Benjamin Winter, New York chairman. The New York quota is \$1,500,000.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Miami, Fla., Mar. 12.—Headquarters of the United Palestine Appeal in this city report a striking increase in funds raised for Palestine this year as compared with previous years.

In Miami and Tampa, where joint campaigns were held in conjunction with the United Jewish Campaign, \$70,000 and \$35,000 was raised respectively. In Orlando where there is a small Jewish community, the sum of \$10,000 was raised for the United Palestine Appeal. In all \$110,000 has been raised, part of which goes to the Joint Distribution Committee Relief Campaign. Approximately \$86,000 was raised this year in Florida for Palestine.

The large results were ascribed partly to the increase of Jewish population in those localities, the principal cause given being the increased interest in Palestine as a land of immigration for the suffering Jews of Poland, Russia and other European countries.

Judge Mack addressed the meetings in Jacksonville, Tampa, Orlando and Miami during the campaign.

L. D. BEAUMONT DONATES \$30,000 TO UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN

A contribution of \$30,000 to the \$6,000,000 quota for New York in the United Jewish Campaign from Commodore Louis D. Beaumont, American banker, was announced by Mr. Felix M. Warburg, honorary chairman of the Campaign. Mr. Beaumont's gift was conveyed to Mr. Warburg in a cable from Mr. Henry Itelson who is now in London. Mr. Itelson, before sailing, was commissioned by Mr. William Fox, chairman of the New York Campaign, to solicit contributions from Jewish citizens of New York now in Europe.

A donation of \$40,000 by Mr. Itelson has already been made to the fund.

COMMUNICATION TO THE EDITOR

Sir: Your miniature daily paper for Jewish matters is an admirable idea. I think, in this country with its "sky-scraper" press, there must be some longing for small quiet corners. Your paper could be equally useful for general information—as an organ for spreading and communicating Jewish news it has a great and very responsible task. The problem of true and impartial information presents many complex and intricate difficulties. I wish you every success and I am sure you are aware of your great responsibility.

NAHUM SOKOLOV.

New York, March 12, 1926.

A reception in honor of Chaim Nachman Bialik will be given by the students of the University of Pennsylvania and Temple University in Philadelphia. The reception will take place in the famous Houston Hall at the University of Pennsylvania on March 16th. A special conference of Jewish fraternities, sororities, and law clubs, called by the "Avukah" Chapter of the University of Pennsylvania, is in charge of arrangements.

The chairman will be Dr. Montgomery, head of the Semitic Department of the University of Pennsylvania.

75,000 JEWS FARMING \$100,000,000 LAND IN UNITED STATES

Jewish Agricultural Society Issues 26th Annual Report

There are 75,000 Jewish farmers in the United States, according to the twenty-sixth annual report of the Jewish Agricultural Society, New York City, made public by Gabriel Davidson, the general manager. The value of the farm and personal property on their places totals \$100,000,000, the report states.

Through its farm loan department the society has granted 7,883 loans since its founding in 1900, these loans aggregating \$5,066,449, distributed in thirty-nine states. Last year loans were extended to 422 farmers in thirteen states, with easy terms of repayment.

By its farm labor department the society has placed 15,924 Jewish men on farms since 1908. Last year it found employment for 569 farm workers. Many of these workers later bought farms.

During the year a new Jewish farming center was established at Farmingdale, N. J. Agricultural experts of the society visited 1,573 Jewish farmers during the year. Sanitation experts visited 703 farms in this state, New Jersey, Massachusetts and Connecticut. In addition the society arranged for schooling, community houses and scholarships for 280 youths in winter courses at agricultural colleges.

The officers of the society are Percy S. Straus, President; Lewis L. Strauss, Vice-President; Francis L. Rosenbaum, Treasurer, and Reuben Arkush, Secretary.

The Jewish Mental Health Society announces a course of six lectures by six of the leading experts in the field of mental disease. The lectures will be held on Tuesday evenings in the auditorium of the Free Synagogue. The first lecture will be given on March 23. The lecturers are: Dr. Frankwood E. Williams, Medical Director of National Committee for Mental Hygiene, on March 23. His subject will be "The New Conception of Nervous and Mental Disease."

Dr. Ira S. Wile, Associate in Pediatrics at Mt. Sinai Hospital and Lecturer to the New School for Social Research, April 30, "Recognition of the Abnormal in Childhood."

Dr. Foster Kennedy, Professor of Neurology at Cornell Medical School, April 6, "Physical Basis of Mental Disease."

Dr. Abraham Myerson, Professor of Neurology at Tufts Medical College, April 13, "Hereditary Basis of Mental Disease."

Dr. A. A. Brill, April 20, "Differentiation of Nervous and Mental Disease."

Dr. Dudley D. Schoenfeld, Psychiatrist-in-Chief to the Jewish Board of Guardians, April 27, "Recognition of the Abnormal in Adolescence."

Arnold Horween, a Chicago Jewish boy, and for four years a player with the Chicago Cardinals, a professional football team and for one year their coach, was named head football coach at Harvard University.

Horween captained the Harvard team and played full back in 1920. The year before he had been a star at the full back position.

Rabbi Mordecai Shultz, the first to occupy a pulpit in the city of Indiana Harbor, Ill., will be installed today.

Rabbi Shultz is a graduate of the Hebrew Theological College of Chicago and was ordained by the late Rabbi Jehuda Leib Gordon of Lomza, Poland.

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CANADIAN ARCHAEOLOGIST CONTRADICTS THEORY OF JEWISH INFLUENCE ON PACIFIC COAST EARLY CIVILIZATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vancouver, B. C., Mar. 12.—Archaeologists and ethnologists disagree with the theory that Jews had an influence on the ancient civilization on the Pacific Coast in the tenth and eleventh centuries.

Professor Charles Hiltath, archaeologist, stated that the opinion expressed concerning early Hebrew influence on the Pacific Coast has no foundation.

According to him, the theory was forwarded thirty years ago and upon investigation he found it without foundation. It is possible that several Jews came to the Pacific Coast in the first century, together with the Chinese. But it is impossible that they should have influenced the civilization.

The theory is that the Chinese crossed the Pacific first two or three thousand years ago.

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 3)

the total immigrants were children under fifteen years of age.

As regards the charge that the "Lithuanian" emigrants are "poverty-stricken" and "undesirable," it has been established that practically all the Jewish male immigrants arriving in this country from Eastern Europe or elsewhere to take up permanent residence here are in possession of affidavits signed by business firms and other employers in this country, undertaking to give the immigrant employment in their business at a definite salary, which is mentioned therein. There can thus be no question of these immigrants becoming a burden on the State and therefore they cannot be classed as "poverty-stricken" or "economically undesirable."

Settling 1,800 Families in Ukraina Begins Tomorrow

(Continued from Page 1)

tion Association (Ica), the rest by the Ozet, the Jewish society for settling Jews on the land.

The settling work this year is just beginning, the delay being due to the lack of means and also due to the fact that the peasants' winter crop was still standing on part of the land, the peasants having been leaseholders of the land.

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