

NATION'S EDUCATORS DISAGREE ON RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

**Righteousness By Formula Can Lead to No
Results, Is Argument**
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Feb. 26.—The question of religious instruction in the public schools was considered yesterday by the Department of Superintendents of the National Education Association, which is holding its convention here. Noble of Sherwood, Indiana, state superintendent of public instruction, favored religious influence without advocating the formal introduction of religious instruction into the curriculum. "We must have an intelligence established on faith, built in prayer and nourished by good will," he declared. "The church and state should cooperate in this matter of religious education. The teacher should be identified with the church."

"This makes possible the most effective teaching, teaching by example. Religion is taught as well as caught. American children will receive their inheritance. The outlook for this joyful consummation is reassuring. We are training spiritual minutemen for the cause of religious education. Signal fires for a mighty effort are burning—a spiritual renaissance is imminent," he declared.

Ernest W. Butterfield, New Hampshire state commissioner of education, opposed any form of religious instruction, declaring:

"Any plan for sectarian instruction on school time is but a new form of the old experiment of state-enforced religion. As a nation we are attempting,
(Continued on Page 4)

ROUMANIAN STUDENTS BEGIN STRIKE FOR INTRODUCTION OF NUMERUS CLAUSUS

Cuza Assumes Leadership of Movement
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Feb. 25.—The threatened strike of the Roumanian students began here yesterday at the Academy of Commerce. Students at other colleges are expected to follow.

Professor Alexander Cuza, the leader of the Roumanian anti-Semitic movement, arrived in Bucharest several days ago for the purpose of assuming personal leadership of the new student movement.

The strike was threatened by the anti-Semitic student organizations in case their demand for the introduction of a numerus clausus against Jewish students at the Roumanian Universities would not be fulfilled within ten days.

CATHOLIC PAPER COMPLAINS AGAINST NON-ADMISSION OF CONVERTS TO ZIONIST MOVEMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Feb. 25.—A protest against the consistent refusal of Zionist leaders to admit converts into the movement was voiced by the "Catholic Herald" here.

The "Herald" which is the organ of the Catholic Guild of Israel, a missionary organization, states that persons of Jewish race who have accepted Christianity and who assert that they have not ceased to be Jews racially are not admitted to the Zionist movement.

"Whenever Christians of Jewish parentage apply for membership in the Zionist Organization, they are told that their being Christians disqualifies them. Every race has members of varying religious faiths," the paper states.

JEWISH FATHER BRINGS SUIT AGAINST SECRETARY KELLOGG FOR WARSAW CONSUL'S FAILURE TO VISE DAUGHTER'S PASSPORT

**Delay in Granting Application Caused Loss of
Preferential Status Because She Reached
Majority**
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Feb. 25.—The possibility of a court order being issued for the first time to compel the Secretary of State to instruct a consul to issue an immigration visa appears likely as a result of mandamus proceedings brought by Lewis Friedman of this city against Secretary Kellogg to obtain a visa from the American consul in Warsaw for his daughter, Rose.

Friedman went to Poland to bring his daughter to America before she became twenty-one, while she had a preferential status for admission. He alleges that by reason of misinformation and failure to render assistance on the part of the consulate his daughter attained her majority, thus losing her preferential status before her departure could be arranged.

In a preliminary opinion filed today by Justice Hochling, he intimates that if the American Consul was guilty of the conduct charged, an order to compel the issuance of a visa would be justified. "No good reason exists why appropriate relief should not now be afforded the father, since the right to compel performance of a duty should not in equity and good conscience be held to be destroyed by the lapse of time within which in the first place the duty ought to have been performed," he said. He declined, however, to make a final decision at this time, stating that first Friedman must offer proof of his request for assistance at the consular office in Warsaw and the failure of the consulate to render same and also suggested that the complaint be amended so as to include as defendants, Commissioner Hull and Secretary Davis, both of whom are also involved in decisions on immigration matters.

JEWISH EMIGRATION FROM POLAND TO SOUTH AMERICA ASSUMES LARGER PROPORTIONS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Feb. 25.—The emigration of Jews from the Eastern provinces of the Polish Republic to South American countries has increased during the last few months.

The emigration has assumed the character of a mass movement from the eastern provinces, which are suffering most both politically and economically.

Many steamship companies have opened special branches in these provinces for the accommodation of the Jewish emigrants.

The emigration of Polish Jews to Australia has begun. During the last year 114 Jewish emigrants left for Australia.

JEWISH WAR INVALIDS IN POLAND NEGLECTED BY GOVERNMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Feb. 25.—The plight of the Jewish war invalids in Poland was presented to Deputy Isaac Schipper, by a delegation of the Jewish war veterans in Poland.

"Neither the government nor the Jewish institutions take an interest in the fate of the Jewish war invalids," the delegation complained.

Deputy Schipper promised to intervene with the government in the matter.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturday and Jewish high holidays by the Jewish Daily Bulletin Co., Inc., 611 Broadway, N. Y. Telephone: Spring 1614

Jacob Landau, President; Meer Grossman, Vice-President; Samuel Biensstock, Treasurer and Secretary

Vol. III. Friday, Feb. 26, 1926. No. 412.

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin
New York611 Broadway
London244 High Holborn
Paris32 Rue d'Amsterdam, Paris, VIII
BerlinW. 15 Dueseldorfer Strasse 72
WarsawUlica Aleje Jerozolimskie Nr. 18
JerusalemP. O. B. 550
Cairo13, Abou-El-Sebah

	Subscription Rates	
	U. S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter October 15, 1924, at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

COOLIDGE ATTACKS RACE PREJUDICE IN WASHINGTON SPEECH

George Washington Was No "Small American," President Declares
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Feb. 25.—President Coolidge again attacked race prejudice in his address on George Washington at the convention of the National Education Association here.

"Envy, malice, uncharitableness, class jealousies, race prejudices and international calumnies are not realities, they do not abide, they are only the fictions of unenlightened comprehension. Those who preach them are not safe advisors and not sound leaders. Nothing but discord and disaster at home and abroad can result from following these policies," President Coolidge declared.

"Washington was the antithesis of all this. His writings and teaching breathe a higher, broader purpose, a more inspired leadership. No man clung more tenaciously to what he believed was right or was prepared to make greater sacrifices in its support. But he viewed the right as a universal principle to be applied not only to himself but to others, not only to his own state but to the nation, not only to his own countrymen, but to foreigners. There was nothing about him of the small American," the president declared.

PROTEST AGAINST REFORM RABBI'S INSTRUCTION IN NEW TESTAMENT

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Orthodox leaders here were perturbed by the announcement that Rabbi Gerson B. Levi, of Isaiah Temple, conducts classes weekly in the New Testament.

Prominent among those who seemed bitter against the new departure in Reform circles, was Samuel Ginsburg, president of the Union of Orthodox Congregations.

"What seems to be the matter with these Reform congregations," he is quoted as saying. "Has Dr. Levi no other work but to dabble in the New Testament?"

HABIMAH PLAYERS ADMITTED TO POLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Feb. 25.—Permission for the players of the Moscow Hebrew theatre, Habimah, to come to Poland was granted by the Ministry of the Interior.

The Foreign Office instructed the Polish Consul in Latvia to vise the passports of the Habimah players.

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

The Jews Are Ready—

The Jews are ready—are the non-Jews? asks the "Day" (Feb. 25), commenting on the Good Will Dinner last Tuesday in New York at which Chas. E. Hughes presided.

Greeting the Good Will Dinner as a step in the right direction, the paper stops to point out that the Jews are not responsible for the present digression in America from the spirit of traditional American democracy.

"The Jews are always ready for the spirit of unity and understanding. Jews are also ready in practice to be tolerant to others, in so far as it is humanly possible. Tolerance is imposed on us by the essence of our spirit, by our history and by the facts of life each day and each hour.

"We are ready—let but the other side be ready too!"

The "Day" thinks Mr. Hughes, and the other speakers at the Good Will Dinner, in denouncing intolerance and bigotry, should have mentioned by name Henry Ford, the Ku Klux Klan and the other individuals and organizations, all non-Jewish, that have been instrumental in spreading dissension and hatred in America.

"These corrupters of the noble American traditions, these underminers of true Americanism, should be made to hear openly what those who are interested in the further progress of inner American life think and feel about them. An open attack on the dark forces will more effectively paralyze their influence and their destructive activities," the "Day" concludes.

The Choice

"Are we ready," asks Florina Lasker, writing in the "Survey" of Feb. 15 on the question of the immigration laws, "to say to non-citizens—men who have contributed perhaps to the industrial and cultural life of this country even though they have not yet been drawn into its political structure—Take your choice. Go back to the countries from which you came, for we will not let your wives and children join you here; or remain alone in this country where you are now comfortably established, for it is better under the circumstances to forget the wives and children left behind."

"We have spoken with hundreds of men who, faced with these two alternatives, have accepted the one or the other. Some there are who, satisfied that they must abandon all hope of ever bringing their wives and children to the United States, have elected to return to their native lands, even though this meant beginning life anew—often life without the possibility of eking out a decent existence. Some there are who, satisfied of the impossibility of having their families join them in this country, have accepted their fate, consoling themselves by forming new ties. . . ."

Praises Justice Proskauer

Justice Proskauer's action in averting a strike in the dress industry by bringing the conflicting parties to an agreement, is lauded by the New York "World" of Feb. 25. Instead of confining himself strictly to the formal proceedings in his court, the paper points out, Justice Proskauer "saw a larger opportunity and higher duty ahead of him."

"It goes to show how in emergency a judge with imagination and common sense may rise above routine and serve the community in the highest measure by timely counsel and leadership in a worthy cause," says the "World."

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

Possibility of New Government in Roumania With Non-Anti-Semitic Policy Arouses Discussion Among Jews

(By Our Bucharest Correspondent)

Bucharest, Feb. 2.—Is Roumania to have a new cabinet soon that will stop the anti-Semitic excesses and improve the situation of the Jews? This question has provoked considerable discussion in Jewish circles since reports began to go around recently in political spheres of a possible change of Government with General Averescu as Premier. The possibility of such a change and its probable effect on the position of the Jewish population was the subject of an interview here given to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency correspondent by Dr. Meyer Ebner, one of the outstanding Jewish leaders of Bukowina.

"If General Averescu forms a Government," Dr. Ebner said, "we can expect an improvement in the position of the Jewish population of Roumania. When General Averescu was head of the Government, there was no official anti-Semitism. The Averescu Government ratified the Peace Treaty and the Minorities Treaties and gave the Jews full citizenship. At that time, in 1920-21, there were no anti-Semitic excesses in Roumania. The student movement, too, was still in its infancy. The Government under General Averescu kept a strong hand on things, and the position of the Jews was tolerable.

"We anticipate the same policy from a new Government headed by General Averescu. But we are not fully certain that it will be so. For since General Averescu was last in power anti-Semitism has seized all classes and sections of the population, and even General Averescu's party contains today anti-Semites of note. Nevertheless, we expect, and we think we are justified in this, that General Averescu, who is no philo-Semite, but who is also no anti-Semite, will not depart from the path of duty and justice.

"We Jews in Bukowina have confidence also in ex-Minister Dr. Dori Popovitch, who will probably take the leading position in an Averescu Government next to the Prime Minister himself. Dr. Popovitch is a son of Bukowina. We know him disposed towards the Jews. Only the future, however, can show whether we shall have cause to be as satisfied with a new Averescu Government as we were with the last Averescu Government."

Dr. Ebner also spoke in the course of the interview of the recently formed National Federation of Bukowinian Jews. Hitherto, he said, there have been two big Jewish parties in Bukowina, the Zionists and the Jewish National People's Party, headed by Deputy Dr. Straucher. Owing, however, to certain difficulties and disagreements there was a split in his party. One section remained with Straucher, and the other, the bigger section, united with the Zionist party, which had after its last conference decided to keep political work and purely Zionist work separate. The unification of the Zionist party and this group has led to the establishment of the National Federation of all Jews in Bukowina.

"The work of the National Federation," Dr. Ebner concluded, "will be to bring about a revival in Jewish political life and to strengthen Jewish political significance in regard to the relations with the Government. Within the near future there will be big work to be done in the sphere of 'realpolitik,' and the National Federation will have to take this work upon itself. It will stand on guard to protect the political, economic and cultural interests of the Jewish masses. The National Federation will also prepare the way for a unification of all Jews in Greater Roumania, for the formation of a single Jewish political organization for the whole country."

CONGRESSMAN JOHNSON FAVORS AD-MISSION OF RELATIVES PROVIDED QUOTA IS NOT INCREASED

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Feb. 25.—The restrictive immigration laws are on the statute books to stay, with no modification that will increase the number of aliens now admitted, Albert Johnson of Tacoma, Washington, chairman of the Congressional Committee on Immigration, declared in an address before the Patriotic Order Sons of America.

"I am sure that the people of the United States want restrictive immigration," said the Congressman, who is the author of the immigration laws. "What slight modification may be necessary will not be made at the expense of restrictive immigration."

"A movement is being started to permit the wives and children of aliens already in this country to enter. It is humane to make this modification, but we must be careful. Such people will have to be admitted at the expense of a reduced quota for some other nation."

HALF OF TEXAS QUOTA IN UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN ALREADY RAISED

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Fort Worth, Texas, Feb. 25.—Half of Texas' quota of \$350,000 in the United Jewish Campaign has already been raised, according to Arthur Adams, field representative, who spoke at a meeting here launching Fort Worth's drive.

Fifteen thousand dollars of Fort Worth's quota of \$25,000 in the United Jewish Campaign was raised at the meeting.

Rabbi Henry Cohen of Galveston was the principal speaker.

The stirring appeal of Rabbi H. Merfeld and the report of Mr. Adams, brought about an unprecedented enthusiasm. U. M. Simon is chairman of the local campaign.

CHICAGO RABBINICAL ASSOCIATION OPENS SESSION

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Mail Service)

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Noted Jewish and non-Jewish scholars will address the ninth annual conference of the Chicago Rabbinical Association which opens here February 28.

Judge Robert S. Marx of Cincinnati will address the opening session on Sunday night, and Prof. Samuel S. Cohan of Cincinnati, will speak to the Monday session on "Authority in Religion." Dr. Horace J. Bridges, leader of the Chicago Ethical Culture Society, will also speak.

Dr. A. S. Waldstein of Tel-Aviv, Palestine, and Prof. Chaim Tschernowitz will deliver addresses. Abram Hirschberg is president of the Chicago Rabbinical Association.

33,801 JEWS ENTERED PALESTINE IN 1925. OFFICIAL FIGURES STATE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Feb. 25.—Thirty-three thousand eight hundred and one Jewish emigrants entered Palestine during the year 1925, according to the official figures of the British Colonial Office made known here yesterday.

Two thousand one hundred and forty-one Jews emigrated from Palestine during the same period. The net increase in the Jewish population for the year 1925 was 31,660.

COMMUNICATION TO THE EDITOR

Sir:

On reading, in today's "Jewish Daily Bulletin," the recent utterances by Chief Rabbi Hertz on Liberal Judaism, I was struck anew by a sense of the excellent service, the large service, that the little paper is doing us. As one reads it through every morning it becomes a good, helpful part of the day's equipment for all days.

Very sincerely yours,

MARY FELS.

New York, Feb. 23, 1926.

JEWISH MOTHERS' ORGANIZATION IS FORMED

Aims to Give Jewish Education to Girls

An organization of Jewish mothers was formed for the purpose of advancing the religious training of Jewish children in New York City.

The organization adopted a program to increase the registration of girls at the Jewish religious schools; to provide scholarships for girls, to be distributed in accordance with the plans and policies of the Jewish Education Association; to stimulate the organization of Jewish kindergartens; to stimulate and encourage the work of the Jewish youth organizations; to help in organizing parents' associations and to cooperate with other Jewish Women's Organizations for the promotion of Jewish educational activities.

The meeting, called at the initiative of the Jewish Education Association, to form the organization, was held at the home of Mrs. Jacob Schwarz, New York, who acted as Temporary Chairman.

Mrs. Israel Unterberg, Founder and President of the Young Women's Hebrew Association, was the first one to interest a number of prominent Jewish women in this problem, Mrs. Schwartz reported.

Dr. David de Sola Pool and Mr. Israel S. Chipkin, Educational Director of the Jewish Education Association, addressed the meeting.

A committee was appointed to divide the city into districts and to begin an intensive propaganda in each district for an increased registration of pupils at the various Jewish religious schools.

"The Jewish mother of today for the Jewish mother of tomorrow," was adopted as the slogan of the organization.

The following were present: Mesdames S. Cohen, Jacob Cohn, D. Danziger, Jacob Dunn, Louis Fabricant, Maurice Goldberg, Israel Goldstein, Max Goldstein, L. Gorjon, Nathan Gross, Isidore W. Held, D. Herman, B. Hurowitz, Walter C. Hurwitz, Jos. Iger, I. Klein, Julius Left, Philip Left, Aaron J. Levy, Eva Levy, I. Miron, I. Ozdoba, David de Sola Pool, H. G. Robbins, R. M. Roberts, J. Rosenberg, Samuel Rosenberg, Charles Rubinger, Cecil B. Ruskay, Louis Scheinman, Jacob Schwarz, Bernard Semel, H. Semel, Max Semel, M. Siegler, Samuel Sogg, A. Spero, Samuel Spiegel, H. Stein, Jacob M. Sternfeld, P. Walcoff, Max Wiesen, Harry Wiesen and Wm. F. Wolff.

Nation's Educators Disagree on Religious Instruction in Public Schools

(Continued from Page 1)

not too successfully, to make our people dry by law. A plan for week-day religious instruction on school time would try to make our children rightous by formula.

"Formal instruction in religion does not produce character. Different denominations have maintained parochial schools in America, for many years, and no evidence has ever been presented to show graduates of these schools with formal religious instruction are more faithful, conscientious, industrious or more patriotic and law abiding citizens than the graduates of public schools," he stated.

John Coolidge, son of the President, was defeated by Matt Silverman in the annual boxing tournament at Amherst College.

Matt Silverman, known at Amherst as "Little Benny Leonard," the son of a dress goods manufacturer of 1077 East Ninth Street, Brooklyn, was declared the victor by M. J. Kennedy, the referee.

"Matty was too fast for me," John Coolidge declared.

George Blumenthal, President of the Mount Sinai Hospital, New York, made a gift of \$50,000 to the Director of the French Public Assistance Hospital, Paris, France, for the development of a clinic for nose and throat diseases in children's hospitals.

"BROKEN HEARTS," FILM OF AMERICAN JEWISH LIFE, SHOWN IN NEW YORK

A film portraying Jewish life in America, produced by Jaffe Art Film Corporation, was presented at a luncheon of a group of prominent New York newspaper men and communal workers at the Hotel Astor. The film, "Broken Hearts" is based on the play by Z. Libin. Maurice Swartz and Lila Lee have the principal roles. The play was also directed by Mr. Swartz.

Mr. Louis N. Jaffe in speaking of the nature of the work attempted by the Jaffe Art Film Corporation, declared, "It was our desire to portray Jewish life as it is and not as the majority of American showmen have made it look. When Alan Dale, dramatic critic of the New York 'American' declared 'Off the stage with the grossly exaggerated Jewish caricature' he touched the most vulnerable spot of Jewish showmanship in America.

"On thing I cannot emphasize too strongly is that the Jaffe Art Film Corporation production will never sacrifice an iota of the dignity and beauty of Jewish tradition and custom for the sake of acquiring a possibly larger field."

Leading Jews of Chicago, Ill., participated in the dedicatory exercises of the new temple of the Anshe Sholom Congregation.

The building, one of the finest examples of synagogue architecture in Chicago, was completed recently at a cost of \$300,000. Court Judge Henry Horner and Superior Court Judges Harry M. Z. Fisher and Hugo Pan delivered addresses. Others who had part in the ceremony were Rabbis Ezeriel Epstein, Rabbi Saul Silber, Joseph Weil, former president of the congregation; Charles H. Shapera, chairman of the building committee; Cantor M. A. Levy, and Harry Morris, president of the congregation. Max Shulman acted as master of ceremonies.

The main auditorium has a seating capacity of 1,400 and the Talmud Torah has class rooms which will accommodate 300 students. It also has a large assembly hall, seating 600.

Anshe Sholom congregation is the result of the merging of the Ohave Sholom, Mariampol, one of the earliest orthodox congregations in Chicago, with the Anshe Kalvaria. In 1870, a group of orthodox Jews from Mariampol formed a benevolent society, which soon assumed a religious character and was the beginning of the congregation.

The amalgamation of the two congregations forming the present temple came about in 1916. In 1910, Rabbi Saul Silber was called to the pulpit and has remained as the organization's spiritual leader since.

Anshe Sholom has nearly 800 members, a Chevra Shas, a Chevra Mikro, a Ladies' Auxiliary, and the loan association known as the Yitzechok Elchonon Gemilath Chassodim.

The Jewish community of Orlando, Florida, pledged \$10,000 for the United Palestine Appeal at a banquet at which Judge Julian W. Mack was the guest of honor. This drive marks the first Jewish campaign in Central Florida.

The Inter-Racial Press of America, Inc.

NATHAN H. SEIDMAN, President
Representing American Foreign Language Newspapers
PUBLICITY - ADVERTISING
312 Madison Avenue, N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 8766

BEZALEL EXHIBITION OPEN

Daily including Sundays and holidays from 1 to 11 P. M.

GRAND CENTRAL PALACE

New York Admission 50c.

(3)

The Little Bear

Forty-six West Eighth
Dinner, \$1.25 Russian Balalaika Orchestra
Dancing—Six till closing
CHARLEY REED Decorations by
Spring 6834 Romero

PINSKI-MASSER PRESS, Inc., 84 BOWERY, NEW YORK

MANISCHEWITZ MATZO

"The Matzo Without An Equal"