

PACE OF PALESTINE DEVELOPMENT MOST SATISFACTORY BUT JEWS CAN NOT RISK SETBACK FOR LACK OF FINANCIAL MEANS, DR. WEIZMANN DECLARES, ANNOUNCING HIS FORTHCOMING VISIT TO U. S.

Issues Important and Descriptive Statement on Situation in Palestine and Relation of World Jewry to Problem; Describes Devotion and Successful Enterprising Spirit of Pioneers, Opening New Ways in Agriculture and Commerce Routes to Near East Markets; Praises Lord Plumer's Administration and Emphasizes Question of State Land for Jewish Colonization; American Jews Only Group in Jewry Which Can Prevent Financial Set-Back of Palestine; Hopes Marshall-Warburg Group Cooperates in United Palestine Appeal.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 18.—"There are three and one half million Jews in the United States of America. Hundreds of thousands of our fellow Jews in the United States have not yet contributed one dollar toward the rebuilding of Palestine. If we are able to persuade an additional 100,000 American Jews to contribute to the United Palestine Appeal, the larger part of our task will be well provided for and we would have no anxiety for the future," Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization declared today when he announced his intention of going to the United States shortly for a stay of several months to participate in the United Palestine Funds Appeal which seeks to raise \$5,000,000 this year.

Dr. Weizmann, in a statement issued to the press through the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, reviewed the Zionist situation from the standpoint of Palestine and the relation of the Jewish communities to Palestine.

"Thanks to the devotion and enterprise of the old and new settlers, the development of the Jewish national home is going on at a most satisfactory pace. This pace, however, cannot be maintained unless the Jewish communities in the diaspora come forward more generously, with greater speed and provide capital both national and private which is urgently required to build further upon the foundations already laid," Dr. Weizmann declared.

"Without an adequate response, a response coming promptly, it would be impossible for Palestine to absorb the tens of thousands of Jews who are pressing to enter the land and to satisfy the gaping, basic wants which are clamoring to be filled, and to maintain the present tempo of development which barely serves the larger purpose. Not to go forward now means a retrogression and also a probable serious crisis," the president of the World Zionist Organization declared.

Praises Lord Plumer's Administration

"We have ample reason to be satisfied with the administration of Field Marshal Lord Herbert C. Plumer, the British High Commissioner of Palestine. During his brief stay in Palestine he has inspired confidence in his judgment and fairness. He has applied with vigor and precision, the principles underlying the policy of the mandatory government. He has won the respect and appreciation of all classes of Jews who are engaged in the reconstruction of Palestine. His experience as an administrative and military leader has aided him in dealing with the difficult economic and political problems of Palestine. The fair attitude he has adopted, the fair policy he pursues, effected a stabilization of the political conditions and furthered the development of the land.

"What is most encouraging is the splendid demonstration of self-reliance and enterprise of our Jewish settlers. This is being appreciated more and more as the facts become more known. The early settlers lacked even the ordinary equipment of the pioneer in other countries. Their zeal and

devotion, however, moved mountains. What the Jews of the Diaspora have given to Palestine in terms of money may seem large in their eyes. In the presence, however, of the great task which confronts us, this contribution is woefully insufficient. What the pioneers have given to Palestine, money could not purchase. They suffered elementary privations, hunger and sickness. Through physical and mental endurance they have learned how to make a living in Palestine. They desperately clung to the soil, refusing to be bribed loose by any suggestion of

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CLUB OF JEWISH DEPUTIES WILL OPPOSE SKRZYNSKI GOVERNMENT, SPOKESMAN DECLARES IN POLISH SEJM

Criticizes Education Minister for Application of Numerus Clausus

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 18.—The Club of Jewish Deputies in the Polish Sejm which originally declared its attitude of friendly neutrality toward the Skrzyński government, will be compelled to proceed to the opposition of the government, declared Dr. Hausner, who spoke on behalf of the Club, during the discussion Saturday on the teachers' question.

The statement by Deputy Hausner made a great impression in the Sejm. He severely criticized the Minister of Education, Stanislaw Grabski, one of the originators of the Polish Jewish agreement and declared that the numerus clausus system against Jewish students in the Polish universities is still being applied.

"The conditions obtaining now cause a great doubt whether the Club of Jewish Deputies will be able to continue its attitude of friendly neutrality toward the government. Under these conditions the Club will find itself compelled to proceed to a sharp opposition to the government," he declared when one of the deputies of the Right shouted, "Go to the devil."

PROPOSAL TO FORM INTERNATIONAL UNION OF LIBERAL JEWS

Conference May be Held This Summer

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 18.—Members of reform Jewish congregations in the United States of America, France, Germany and England will join in one religious union if the proposal of the Jewish Religious Union of England will be carried into effect.

The Union, which represents liberal Judaism in England, submitted this plan to the leading organizations of liberal Jews in America, France and Germany. It is planned to create an international liberal Jewish union. If the sentiment will be favorable toward this plan, an international conference will be held during the coming summer. Branches of the union are to be established in India and South Africa.

PHILADELPHIA JEWISH COMMUNITY RAISES \$2,818,500

Sets New Standard in Giving
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Jan. 18.—A new standard in philanthropic giving was set last night when the Jewish community of Philadelphia contributed the sum of \$2,818,500 to the \$3,500,000 building fund campaign of the Federation of Jewish Charities.

This sum represents the largest amount raised in a single evening for any philanthropy.

Less than one million dollars is to be raised in the remaining nine days allotted to the campaign.

The largest contribution to the fund was made by Gimbel Brothers who gave \$250,000. Contributions of \$100,000 were made by Jules E. Mastbaum, Albert M. Greenfield,



Jules Mastbaum

Benjamin J. Wasserman, Joseph J. Greenberg, The Lit Brothers, Jacob D. and Samuel D. gave \$75,000 each. A contribution of \$50,000 was made by Blumenthal Brothers.

A contribution from non-Jews was the gift of \$500 by Supplee-Wills-Jones Company.

Every element in the Jewish community was represented among the two thousand workers which crowded the great crystal room of the Benjamin Franklin Hotel.

The guests of honor were Mayor James J. Walker of New York, and Mayor W. Freeland Kendrick of Philadelphia.

Jules E. Mastbaum, chairman of the Building Fund Campaign presided. Addresses were delivered by the guests of honor, the Hon. Charles B. Hall, Albert M. Greenfield, chairman of the Building Fund Committee, and Mrs. Frank A. Pfalzer, chairman of the Women's Division of the campaign.

Mr. Charles B. Hall, president of the City Council, suggested that if his tip is taken, Jules E. Mastbaum should be the next Mayor of Philadelphia to succeed Mayor Kendrick.

The spirit which must prevail in the Jewish community can be achieved only if we consult the innermost souls of ourselves, declared Mr. Mastbaum, in the course of a brief speech in which he declared his fullest confidence in the loyalty and generosity of his fellow Jews.

Among the contributors were: Dr. Cyrus Adler, \$1,000; Henry S. Belber, \$5,000; Adolph Berg, \$25,000; David Berg, \$40,000; Aaron Berman, \$5,000; Joseph Bernhard, \$7,500; Harry L. Bernbaum, \$10,000; Joseph and Jacob Biberman, \$6,000; Harry Blauner, \$5,000; Arthur Block, \$25,000; Blumenthal Bros., \$50,000; Jacob and Bernard Brodsky, \$6,000; Jos. Caplan, \$5,000; Joseph E. Cohen, \$7,500; Benj. Dintenfuss, \$6,000; Jacob Edelstein, \$10,000; Alfred Fleisher, \$40,000; Chas. Edwin Fox, \$10,000; Louis Frank and B. Finberg, \$10,000; Lionel Friedmann, \$25,000; Gimbel Bros., \$250,000; Harry H. Goldberg, \$5,000; Isaac Gerstley, \$7,500; Louis Gerstley, \$25,000; Samuel L. Gerstley, \$5,000; William Gerstley, \$25,000; B. M. Golder, \$15,000; Harry M. Gosch, \$10,000; Jos. J. Greenberg, \$100,000; Albert M. Greenfield, \$100,000; Horace Hano, \$10,000; Leo H. Heimerdinger, \$6,000; Joseph A. Heyman and Roy A. Heyman, \$30,000; Louis Allen Hirsch, \$5,000; Harry B. Hirsh, \$6,000;

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HAMBURG COURT RESERVES JUDGMENT IN WARBURG-FRITSCH LIBEL CASE

Rejects "Evidence" of Anti-Semitic Leader Against
Max Warburg

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Hamburg, Jan. 18.—Judgment was reserved by the Court of Appeals here in the case of Max Warburg and Herr Melchior against Theodor Fritsch, former deputy of the Reichstag and editor of the anti-Semitic weekly paper, "Der Hammer."

Theodor Fritsch, the 71-year-old anti-Semitic leader in Leipzig, appealed against a sentence to three months imprisonment, pronounced against him on December 6th of last year for libel charges brought against him by Max Warburg. In his periodical "Der Hammer" and in a number of leaflets Fritsch alleged that Max Warburg, who was Germany's financial expert at the Peace Conference of Versailles, had been acting with his brothers Paul and Felix Warburg, to betray Germany to the Allies. The decision will be rendered next week.

During the proceedings, Theodor Fritsch, who at first charged Mr. Warburg and Melchior with treason, displayed an exceedingly conciliatory attitude. He was ready to modify his previous statements. "Max Warburg," he declared, "has done beneficial work for Germany. He is nevertheless a representative of world Jewry and it is impossible for him to be fully German," Theodor Fritsch stated.

Mr. Warburg declared in court that he was proud of being a Jew. "The Jewish religion is the most beautiful set of moral teachings. It gave to Christianity the idea of loving one's neighbor," he declared. He denied the charges of Theodor Fritsch that he "trained" Jewish diplomats and that he participated in the Stockholm negotiations in 1916 with the then Russian Prime Minister, Protopopoff, concerning a separate peace with Russia, although, he declared, it might have been useful. Not he, but his brother Fritz, participated in the Stockholm negotiations on behalf of Germany. The American Federal Reserve Board, of which Paul Warburg was one of the founders, is not under the influence of the Jews, he stated.

"Herr Fritsch displayed ignorance when he declared that Ford's capital was productive and Jewish capital unproductive. My role at Versailles was not a pleasant one because I had to defend the interests of the vanquished against the conquerors. German anti-Semitism is a double misfortune, first, because it make it impossible for the German Jews who feel German to work for Germany and, secondly, it distracts the attention of the German people from thinking of real ways and means of bettering the position of the country," he declared. Mr. Melchior supported the arguments of Max Warburg.

The court rejected the "thirty-three points of evidence" submitted by Mr. Fritsch.

DELEGATION OF POLISH CLUB OF JEWISH DEPUTIES MAY COME TO AMERICA

Will Ask for Relief; Registers Unemployed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 18.—The issuance of an appeal to the Jewish communities abroad was decided upon yesterday by the special committee of the Club of Jewish Deputies appointed to find means of relieving the economic crisis affecting the Jewish population in the eastern provinces of the Polish Republic.

The committee further decided to register the unemployed Jewish workers, merchants and artisans affected by the crisis. A proposal to send a delegation of the Club to America was submitted to the Club and is being considered.

An appeal for support of the unemployed Jewish writers in Poland will be made to the Joint Distribution Committee, according to a decision taken yesterday at the annual meeting of the Jewish Writers and Journalists Association of Poland.

FIRST MEETING IN NEW YORK FOR UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL BRINGS \$581,000 TOWARD CITY'S \$1,500,000 QUOTA

Judge Julian W. Mack, in First Appearance Since Cleveland Breach, Calls for Strengthening of Zionist Work; Endorses U. J. C., "But We as Zionists Have Distinctive Task of Our Own," He Says; Dr. Wise, Presiding, Says Fate of Immigration in Palestine Depends Largely on New York Jewry; Soul of American Jewry Just as Essential as Money, Declares Nahum Sokolow; \$100,000 Contributed by I. D. Morrison Foundation; Nathan Straus and Benjamin Winter, Chairman of Greater New York Campaign, Give \$50,000 Each.

A total of \$581,000 was announced at the mass meeting in Mecca Temple Sunday night, launching the Greater New York campaign of the \$5,000,000 United Palestine Appeal, of which Dr. Stephen S. Wise is National Chairman. The Greater New York quota is \$1,500,000. The speakers included Dr. Wise, who presided; Emanuel Neumann, general director of the campaign; Judge Julian W. Mack, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, of Cleveland; and Dr. Nahum Sokolow.

Benjamin Winter was installed as Chairman of the Greater New York campaign, at the mass meeting, and Max Blumberg, of Brooklyn, as treasurer.

A huge crowd gathered at the Mecca Temple to attend the inauguration of the New York campaign.

Dr. Wise Warns Against Failure

"Unless we together respond to the United Palestine Appeal in such wise that the five million dollars will be secured, I warn you in all earnestness that, even though thousands and tens of thousands of our homeless fellow-Jews are clamoring for admittance to Palestine, only the fewest of them will be admitted unless we provide those economic facilities which will make it safe for them to be admitted to Palestine," Dr. Wise declared in his address.

"Whether Jews from Eastern Europe and from other lands are to be admitted to the land of their desire depends upon whether the great Jewry of New York is prepared to meet its elementary obligations, the obligations which grow, on the one hand, out of brotherliness within the Jewish bond, again out of that decent, humane consideration which Jews ought to have for their fellow-Jews, and finally out of regard for the honor of our people and of concern for their security," the national chairman stated.

Judge Mack Warmly Greeted

Judge Julian W. Mack, who made his first appearance Sunday night since the Cleveland breach, was enthusiastically greeted by the audience.

"We have a constructive job. Don't let us spend any time on negation or destruction," Judge Mack stated. "We have no competition with any other cause. We are not rivaling any other cause. I personally am whole-heartedly in favor of the United Jewish drive for \$15,000,000, and I hope that every Zionist will share in that absolutely essential effort of our people in Europe and also in Palestine, but we as Zionists have a distinctive task of our own. As Dr. Wise said, 'Upon us rests the responsibility, the duty'—I will not say the 'burden,' because it must not be a burden. It must be looked upon by Zionists as a privilege, a joy, a blessing that they have this opportunity," he declared.

"A real situation confronts us. Four years ago there was no such task as devolves upon the Organization today. The doors of Palestine must be kept open. The Jews are going there by the thousands every month. Whether they are to be kept open or not depends upon you and not upon anybody else in this whole world. If American Jewry and especially the Zionists in American Jewry, do not feel and respond to the obligation, do not turn the means by which those Jews who come there will be enabled to live, by which Hadassah will be enabled to do her magnificent work for their physical wellbeing, by which the Zionist

Organization will be able to do its work in colonization, and immigration, and education, by which the Jewish National Fund will be able to acquire the land absolutely essential for the agriculture of the Jewish people, by which the Hebrew University will be able to keep open its doors for those who are barred from the universities of Europe—I say, unless American Zionists give so that these things can be done, the thousands who want to go there, the thousands who represent us and who will be the saving remnant in Israel will be kept out and upon our heads will lie the responsibility to our children and our children's children that in this day of days we saw the light and closed our eyes," Judge Mack stated.

"The four motives of Jewish life: prophecy, legalism, mysticism and nationalism, which are Israel's gifts to the world, were fashioned in Palestine," Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver declared. "The Jew has not been unproductive in the last 2,000 years. He gave much to mankind in these many centuries, even as he received much, but somehow the stamp of great originality and heroic pioneering, one finds in those ideas which emanated from Palestine alone. And the wish to rediscover the ancient authentic voice and moods, the wish to regain the privilege of genuine creativity through the free and integrated life of the historically stimulating environment of Palestine, is the driving force of Zionism today. Men say this is impossible, that it is miracle-mongering. But our whole life has been one outstanding miracle. Our modern renaissance, no less than our incredible survival through the ages, is a miracle. The unbroken will to live triumphantly which manifests itself so gloriously in the fervor of enterprises, of Jewish settlements in Palestine today, is a miracle, the miracle of the ages, for what forces have not been employed to break that will."

Nahum Sokolow Terms Occasion Festival

Nahum Sokolow, President of the Executive of the World Zionist Organization, was greeted with an enthusiastic ovation when he rose to speak. Mr. Sokolow called the occasion not a mass meeting but a festival, the eve of a day out of which an entire world is to be born. The address of Judge Julian W. Mack, who had preceded him, he declared, was more than a speech. It was an act.

"I am heartily in favor of all local Jewish undertakings such as the building of synagogues, hospitals and other institutions. I hope also that the \$15,000,000 campaign for relief will be successful. In the case of every such undertaking the question is always raised of what the consequences will be in case of success and in case of failure. This question applied to the Palestine enterprise reveals its preeminent importance. What if the Palestine enterprise succeeds? Then we have a renewed Jewish people in a restored Jewish land, providing safety to the Jewish wanderer and to the Jewish soul, shedding light and glory on Jews everywhere. What if the Palestine enterprise fails? It is a question which I shudder to ask, but do so only to carry out my thought. If Palestine fails, it means the shame and failure for Jewish hopes and the Jews the world over."

Mr. Sokolow then spoke of his own observations in the lands of Eastern Europe, observations covering a period not of weeks but of decades. One

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JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturday and

Jewish high holidays by the

Jewish Daily Bulletin Co., Inc., 611 Broadway, N. Y.

Telephone: Spring 1614

Jacob Landau, President; Meer Grossman, Vice-President;
Samuel Bienstock, Treasurer and Secretary

Vol. III. Tuesday, Jan. 19, 1926. No. 381.

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin

New York	611 Broadway
London	244 High Holborn
Paris	82 Rue d'Amsterdam, Paris, VIII
Berlin	W. 15 Duesseldorfer Strasse 72
Warsaw	Ulica Aleje Jerozolimskie Nr. 18
Jerusalem	P. O. B. 150
Cairo	13, Abou-El-Sebah

Subscription Rates

	U. S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter October 15, 1924, at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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POLISH GOVERNMENT MAKES DECISIONS FAVORABLY AFFECTING RIGHTS OF JEWISH POPULATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 18.—Decisions favorably affecting the rights of the Jewish population in the Republic of Poland were adopted by the political committee of the Council of Ministers, the Polish Cabinet. According to an official statement issued by the Committee, it was decided to permit the use of all European languages, including the Yiddish and Hebrew languages, in the mails and in telegrams.

The Committee also annulled the old Austrian law which was applied up to the present in Galicia, according to which the languages at public meetings were Polish, Ukrainian and German. By the present decision the use of Hebrew and Yiddish will be allowed.

The most important of the decisions of the Committee, concerns the facilities for acquiring citizenship on the part of foreigners. This category was comprised of a large number of people who were not born in Poland proper, but in the Eastern provinces. This decision will finally regulate the situation of many Jewish families in the Eastern provinces who were in the precarious position of being "men without a country." The Committee also annulled the order of former Minister of Education Miklaszewski which prohibited the use of Yiddish and Hebrew in the Kchillah councils.

UKRAINIANS TO COMMEMORATE TENTH ANNIVERSARY OF SHOLOM ALEICHEM'S DEATH

State to Publish Complete Edition of Jewish Mark Twain's Works

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Jan. 18.—The tenth anniversary of the death of Sholom Aleichem, the late Jewish humorist known as the Jewish Mark Twain, is to be commemorated all over Ukraine, the country of his birth, according to a decision of the Ukrainian National Commissariat of education. Sholom Aleichem died May 13, 1916.

It was proposed that the Ukrainian State Printing Department issue a special book dedicated to the memory of Sholom Aleichem and to publish a complete edition in Yiddish of his works during the next three years. It was also suggested that the Jewish museum in Odessa establish a special Sholom Aleichem section to collect data and material concerning his life and work. Several educational institutions will be named for him.

\$2,500,000 FUND FOR PROMOTION OF AERONAUTICS ESTABLISHED BY DANIEL GUGGENHEIM

Establishment of a Daniel Guggenheim Fund for the Promotion of Aeronautics, with \$2,500,000 at its disposal, was announced in a letter to Secretary

of Commerce Herbert Hoover from Mr. Guggenheim. The money is to go for civil aviation exclusively, under the supervision of trustees, who shall be "men of eminence and competence."

Mr. Guggenheim, who manifested his keen interest in the development of aviation last June by founding a school of aeronautics at New York University with a gift of \$500,000, notified Mr. Hoover that incorporation papers covering his new gift will be filed with the Secretary of State in Albany.



Daniel Guggenheim

Aviation, Mr. Guggenheim said, is going through a period of experimentation, preparing to emerge from infancy. He therefore announced that his fund is not expected to operate permanently, but is intended to bridge over a possible ten-year gap until aviation can go ahead "on its own."

Four general purposes are set forth for the fund. It is established to promote aeronautical education in both institutions of learning and among the general public; to assist in the extension of fundamental aeronautical science; to assist in the development of commercial aircraft and aircraft equipment, and to further the application of aircraft in business, industry and other economic and social activities of the nation.

Trustees of the fund are asked to:

Restrict the work to civil activities; avoid duplication of effort with other aeronautical organizations; avoid work which is properly a government function; plan work carefully to concentrate effort and to carry any investigation or project through to a definite conclusion; maintain a simple, inexpensive directing organization, depending on outside established agencies, wherever possible, to carry out the aims of the fund.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Jan. 18.—Secretary Hoover, commenting upon the Guggenheim gift to a study of aeronautics, said: "It is a remarkable gift, which will make possible very much needed research in the fundamentals of aviation."

COMZET CALLS CONFERENCE OF JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS WORKING IN RUSSIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Jan. 18.—A conference of all Jewish organizations which are participating in the relief work and settling of Jews on the land in Russia was called by the Comzet, the governmental department for settling Jews on the land. The conference will be held in Moscow.

Leading representatives of the Agro-Joint, the agency of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, the Ort, the Ica and the Ozet, the Society for Settling Jews on the Land will participate in the conference.

A detailed plan, including an outline for settling and colonization work in 1926, house building, medical and cultural aid, credit cooperation and loans, etc., is now being prepared.

CONNECTICUT AND NORTH CAROLINA STATE CONFERENCES ACCEPT QUOTAS IN UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN

David A. Brown Addresses New Haven Conference; Connecticut Quota \$350,000, North Carolina, \$200,000; Campaign Officers Installed.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 18.—Samuel J. Weil was unanimously chosen chairman for Connecticut of the \$15,000,000 United Jewish Campaign at a state conference held here Sunday. The conference, attended by 200 delegates accepted the quota of \$350,000 for Connecticut.

"I have given a great deal of thought to this matter, and have come to the conclusion that I have no right to seek pleasure while my people across the seas are in such bitter distress," Mr. Weil declared in accepting the chairmanship, which would necessitate his giving up a planned tour through Europe. "I shall remain here, giving all my time, night and day, until Connecticut's quota is raised."

The conference was held in the Hotel Garde, and David A. Brown was the guest of honor.

Abraham Spelke of Stamford, Associate State Chairman, stated that he would emulate Mr. Weil's example and cancel his bookings for a European trip. Judge Jacob Caplan and Police Commissioner Hyman Jacobs of New Haven, and Rabbis Leon Spitz, S. S. Tedesche and Jurman pledged their support.

Mr. Brown's address was divided into two parts, the first dealing with the Russian colonization movement in which he recounted what he had seen in the five-weeks' tour he made last Spring accompanied by Dr. Rosen of the Jewish farming settlements in the Ukraine and Crimea.

"All they want is a little financial aid to get started, and no more. They are willing to put up with anything, so that they can make good. Black bread and coffee for breakfast, black bread for lunch, black bread and weak tea for supper. And they are satisfied. They don't ask for luxury. They ask to be given a chance."

In the second part of his address, Mr. Brown spoke of the terrible situation in Poland. "The cables that come to my desk every day describing the horrors there would drive a man mad if it were not for the knowledge that every effort is being made to help." Soup-kitchens were being opened, orphan asylums were closing and death was stalking hundreds of victims. Many were moved to tears by Mr. Brown's address.

Mr. Brown stated that Saturday morning he had received guarantees totalling \$900,000 toward the million dollars which the Joint Distribution Committee is borrowing from New York banks in order to meet the situation both in Russia and in Poland. Mayor John B. Tower welcomed the delegates at the afternoon session.

The following officers were elected for the Connecticut campaign:

Samuel J. Weil, New Haven, chairman; Abraham Spelke, Stamford, associate chairman; Alexander Cahn, New Haven, treasurer; vice-chairmen, Hon. Jacob Caplan, Joseph H. Ullman, New Haven; Hon. H. P. Koppelman, Benjamin S. Haas, Hartford; Herman J. Weisman, Waterbury, Nestor Dreyfus, New London, Dr. S. L. Quitt, Greenwich; Jacob B. Klein, Israel J. Cohn, Bridgeport; Benjamin Epstein, Winsted; Dr. Samuel N. Dietz, South Norwalk; Asher Papish, Danbury; George LeWitt, New Britain; M. M. Wilder, Meriden; Jacob H. Bellin, Ansonia; Abner Schwartz, Norwich; Israel J. Poliner, Middletown; Louis Tunick, Torrington.

Honorary vice chairmen were named as follows: Col. Isaac M. Ullman, Louis M. Sagal, Samuel Persky, Israel Gordon, Judge Isaac Wolfe, Major Louis M. Ullman, New Haven; Isadore Wise, Solomon Elsnor, Harris Chesky, Samuel A. Goldsmith, Hartford; Samuel Roodner, South Norwalk.

Greensboro, N. C., Jan. 18.—The largest Jewish

conference ever held in this State took place here yesterday when 250 leading Jews assembled to deliberate on plans for North Carolina's participation in the United Jewish Campaign.

Dr. Henry Moskowitz of New York, delivered a moving address.

Following Dr. Moskowitz's address, the conference speedily organized, accepting a quota of \$200,000 and electing the following officers:

Honorary State Chairman, Julius W. Cone of Greensboro; State-chairman, M. E. Block of Greensboro; State-Treasurers, Leslie Weil of Goldsboro and Marcus Jacobi of Wilmington; State-Secretary, Dr. Milton Ellis of Goldsboro; Vice-Chairmen, Julius Cone, Greensboro; Mrs. Gustave Lichtenfels, Asheville; Rabbi F. I. Rypins, Wilmington; Rabbi Moses P. Jacobson, Asheville; Dr. N. Rosenstein, Durham; Will Weil, Harvard Terrace; Mrs. Caesar Cone, Greensboro, S. Sternberg, Asheville, Alladdin Rosenbacher, Winston-Salem, and Louis Samuels, Raleigh; Honorary Chairmen, Mrs. E. Sternberger, Greensboro, B. S. Aronson, Raleigh and Philip Henry, Asheville.

NEW YORK PALESTINE APPEAL MEETING BRINGS \$581,000

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fact, he declared, stands out in comparing those lands with Palestine. The lands of Eastern Europe, as far as Jewry is concerned, represent destruction. Palestine represents reconstruction. A crisis in Palestine, he said, does not really mean that conditions there have become critical; it means that conditions in Poland have reached that stage.

So far as America is concerned, Mr. Sokolow declared that he has repeatedly urged that the reconstructin of Palestine requires not only American capital, it requires just as much American intelligence and American idealism. European Zionists do not look upon America simply as the "rich uncle." They regard America as a source of political as well as intellectual strength for the cause. Mr. Sokolow then eulogized the pioneer spirit which Palestine has evoked out of the modern Jew. He has found no such spirit to be in existence anywhere in the world with such a tremendous idealistic power and endurance.

Anti-Zionism, declared Mr. Sokolow, is dead. He has looked for anti-Zionists, but has not been able to find any. Perhaps they are in hiding, but he has not been able to find them. There is only the spirit of indifference which must be combated and for this such things as drives and campaigns, terms borrowed from the language of militarism, are necessary. The money contribution is relatively unimportant. It is like the money-pledge made by the man who is called to the reading of the Torah. Not the pledge, but the Torah is important.

Emanuel Neumann introduced Dr. Wise as chairman. Mr. I. Ben-Zwi greeted the gathering in Hebrew on behalf of the Palestine workers.

Contributions thus far received in the Greater New York campaign as announced Sunday night, include: \$100,000, I. D. Morrison Trust Fund; \$50,000, Nathan Straus and Benjamin Winter; \$25,000, Max Blumberg; \$15,000, Herman Conheim; \$10,000, Elias Gottfried, A. Bricken, and Anonymous; \$6,000, S. Liebovitz & Sons, Morris Eisenman; \$5,000, the late Albert Kruger; \$5,000, Mr. and Mrs. N. Lindheim, Jacob Siegel, and Morris Weinberg.

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Criticize Jewish Congressmen on Immigration Question

Criticism of the Jewish Congressmen in Washington for their failure to unite on the immigration question and to agree on one immigration bill, is voiced by the "Forward" of Jan. 17. The paper especially takes to task Congressman Jacobstein of Rochester for his immigration bill which, the paper fears, will be made use of by the enemies of immigration as a compromise that will do the immigrants little good.

"It is deplorable," writes the "Forward," "that our Jewish Congressmen who should stand together and work hand in hand in this matter, are far from being united. Immigration is a sore problem for the Jews, and some Congressmen are introducing bills on this subject whether they are necessary or not, just so as to get publicity at the expense of the unfortunate wanderers.

"We are referring especially to the bill introduced a few days ago by Congressman Jacobstein. The bill demands that only citizens should have the right to bring over their parents, wives and children under 21 years outside the quota. As regards those who are declarants, and there are more than 35,000 of them, they must continue to be separated from their families. This bill can do much harm and certainly very little good. If an ameliorization is needed for the admission of relatives, it is especially needed for those who came here recently and have not yet had an opportunity to bring over their wives and children. As for citizens there are few of them whose wives and children and even parents are still on the other side. A citizen can, under the present law, bring over his wife and children under 18 outside the quota; children over 18 have the preference in the quotas of their respective countries. Most likely there are few citizens who would profit by these ameliorizations in the immigration law.

"Congressman Jacobstein's bill would therefore do very little good, even if it were accepted; but it can cause a lot of harm: the enemies of immigration seeing that there is a sentiment to humanize the immigration law, will jump at this bill as a compromise, and in consequence the immigrants will gain next to nothing."

A similar criticism of the Jewish members of Congress was made recently by S. Dingol, managing editor of the "Day" (see the "Day," Dec. 20.) Having interviewed all the Jewish Congressmen on the question of immigration, Mr. Dingol wrote:

"On Monday, Dec. 7, the day when Congress opened its sessions, all the Jewish Congressmen introduced bills aiming to improve the position of the immigrant.

"The impression this made upon me was of a race on the part of our Jewish Congressmen to

see who could get into the newspapers first for having introduced a bill. Our Congressmen are quite practical men and nearly every one of them knows how small the chances for the passage of such bills in the House and Senate are.

"Why are they doing this? Why are they in such a rush with their bills?"

Mr. Dingol asserts he did not get a satisfactory answer to this question from the Jewish Congressmen, as each one of them felt convinced that only his own bill had a chance of being adopted. Mr. Dingol says he found the answer when he spoke to other people in Washington.

"Our Jewish Congressmen," he tells us, "have a human weakness—they are hungry for publicity.

"This is the truth of the matter.
"I am firmly convinced," Mr. Dingol concludes his observations, "that if our Jewish Congressmen desire to do something for the immigrant—and I have not the slightest doubt of their good intentions—they must have an able leader who would make them see their present chaotic work and force them to corodinate their work and create harmonious action amongst them."

Joshua Chankin, Redeemer of Palestine Soil

The development of the recent Chalutzim movement in Palestine was made possible through the courage and single-mindedness of one man, Joshua Chankin, called "the redeemer of the soil of Palestine," we learn from an editorial which appears in "The Daily Jewish Courier" of Chicago.

For the past thirty-six years, it is pointed out, Chankin has devoted himself to "the task of purchasing, piece by piece, the land of Israel for the people of Israel." He has been the agent not only for the Zionist Organization, through the Palestine Land Development Company, but also for Baron de Rothschild.

"But one purchase," we are told, "with which Chankin will forever be associated is the purchase of the Emek. Without the approval of his associates in the Palestine Land Development Company, he himself assumed responsibility for the initial contract for the purchase of the Emek, which is now the center of a bustling colonization under the auspices of the Keren Hayesod. With his own promissory notes he paid for the option and then faced his directors with an accomplished fact. Our readers will recall that when the Emek was purchased, all concerned were criticized. But whatever the criticism, it is generally admitted that it was Chankin's courage and single-mindedness that made it possible for the Zionist movement to acquire the Emek and to develop the Chalutzim movement of recent years. This act was characteristic of the man. He is obsessed by one ideal. He believes that it is possible for the Jewish people to acquire a major part of the arable land of Palestine, and that he himself is destined to achieve this end."

NEGOTIATIONS ON POLISH LOAN DISCONTINUED

The negotiations between the Bankers Trust Company, Kuhn Loeb & Co., and the Chase National Bank, representatives of the American Tobacco Company and the Polish government concerning a loan were reported to have been discontinued, according to despatches from Warsaw in the metropolitan press. The American representatives asked the full control of the Bank Polska, the bank in Poland which issues the currency. The American Tobacco Company asked for the monopoly of the Polish tobacco industry.

D'AVIGDOR GOLDSMID ELECTED PRESIDENT OF BOARD OF JEWISH DEPUTIES IN ENGLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 18.—Osmond Elim d'Avigdor-Goldsmid was elected president of the Board of Jewish Deputies, the Union of Jewish congregations in Great Britain, at the monthly meeting of the Board held here Sunday.

Mr. d'Avigdor Goldsmid, the nephew of Lord Rothschild, was president of the Anglo-Jewish Association. He succeeds the late Henry S. W. Henriques.

PACE OF PALESTINE DEVELOPMENT MOST SATISFACTORY BUT JEWS CAN NOT RISK SETBACK FOR LACK OF FINANCIAL MEANS, DR. WEIZMANN DECLARES, ANNOUNCING HIS FORTHCOMING VISIT TO U. S.

(Continued from Page 1)

retreat, until they have conquered a lasting position for the Jewish life in Palestine.

"There are now about 150,000 Jews settled in Palestine. Twenty-five thousand of them are occupied in agriculture; 20,000 in industrial pursuits. They have brought industry and commerce into the land, the meaning of which was not known in the land for hundreds of years. With their own hands they have built a thriving city, Tel Aviv, which now has a Jewish population of over 32,000. They are developing Haifa, Palestine's port; they are clearing the Bay Acre region and draining the swamps of its hinterland. Jewish farm labor is transforming the Valley of Jezreel into a fertile, profitable land. The Jews have brought electricity into Palestine. Tel Aviv, Haifa and Tiberias have illumination and power sufficient for small industries. When we came to Palestine, the Jewish workmen knew nothing concerning road building or house building. Look at the roads they have built today. Look at the houses they are erecting in Tel Aviv, Haifa and Jerusalem. One would be astounded to learn that all this development is the product of Jewish labor which was self-taught and self-directed.

"The number of small and large industries which are to be found in Palestine today, according to a recent census is not less than 150, all growing concerns. The Jewish industrialist in Palestine begins to find his way to the markets of Cairo, Beirut and Bagdad and is establishing trade routes that will be of great value when development is made on a larger scale. I may be permitted to add that if the budget of the Palestine government shows a surplus of about £1,000,000, as reported in the past two years, I think that everybody familiar with conditions will acknowledge that this is due to the creation of large taxable values by the Jewish settlers. This shows that the measure of prosperity in the country is largely due to the new Jewish population," Dr. Weizmann stated.

Weizmann Wants Contribution of Diaspora Jewry to Equal that of Pioneers

"I say this not in order to praise those who have made the transformation possible. They do not desire any praise. Nor do I say this in a spirit of boasting, for we Zionists know the distance we have yet to go until that Jewish national home will indeed be a reality. I mention this in order to make apparent, first, the absence of a balance between what our pioneers have achieved and what the Jews of the Diaspora have contributed toward this result, and, secondly, to impress the Jewish communities all over the world with the thought that this bustling, devoted Jewish activity in Palestine requires a correspondingly larger support from Jews outside of Palestine. The pioneers themselves cannot be expected to provide the larger capital required to redeem this land, and that it requires so much sacrifice before it becomes the land of fulfillment.

"The Fourteenth Zionist Congress in Vienna has fixed the annual budget of the Palestine Foundation Fund (Keren Hayesod) at £600,000. Adding another £400,000, which is to be collected by the Jewish National Fund, the agency designated to purchase land in Palestine as the inalienable property of the Jewish people, we have a requirement of one million pounds for this year. However, between 3,000 and 4,000 Jewish settlers are coming to Palestine monthly. During the past year the total Jewish immigration to Palestine was 31,000. We may look forward that, for the coming year, the immigration will be not less than 50,000, 25,000 of whom, at least, will be a burden upon the national capital of the Zionist Organization. This has not taken into account that even those who are coming with their own means must be provided with schools, medical

aid, hospital service and other social benefits from the Keren Hayesod funds. Unless the present budget is largely increased, it will be impossible for the Zionist Organization to serve the needs of Palestine and its growing population. There is an urgent need for more land for agricultural development, which must be purchased at prices which are going up.

"The question of government land for the Jewish colonization has been brought to the attention of the Colonial Office on several occasions and the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations has favorably considered our just cause for grievance. Whatever the decision of the Palestine government may be in this matter, we must continue to purchase land for agricultural purposes and provide for the preliminary cost of agricultural equipment, if we are to prevent the over urbanization of Palestine," he stated.

"Palestine is a land without adequate credit facilities. There is a need for the influx of capital for industrial and commercial development, operating as a reinforcement of the credit institutions which we have already established. Vastly more capital is required for the General Mortgage Bank, the Industrial Bank and a variety of important cooperative financial institutions. It is quite clear that the total required is far beyond what the most sanguine at the Vienna Congress had in mind. Those who want Palestine established as a Jewish land must be prepared for unusual sacrifices.

Gratified to Learn American Jews Appreciate Responsibility

"Another difficulty faces us. We hoped to relieve to some extent this year the inequitable burden falling upon the Jewish community of the United States of America. Last year American Jews contributed about 60 per cent of the total budget, the balance was provided by the recuperating Jewish communities of Poland, Germany and Roumania. Polish Jewry is, unfortunately, now involved in a desperate financial and economic crisis which destroys all hope of its participating during the coming year. Other middle European countries which showed signs of revival are again hanging in the balance. It is therefore to the United States of America that we must look to extricate us from our financial difficulties. I am gratified to learn that our friends in America are appreciative of the responsibility which devolves upon them. With their usual spirit of enthusiasm they are preparing to do their utmost to help us out of our difficulties.

"The United Palestine Appeal for all Zionist funds has been organized under the chairmanship of Dr. Stephen S. Wise, whose name is a household word in American Jewry and, for that matter, in American affairs in general. Supporting Dr. Wise are Mr. Nathan Straus, the eminent and beloved philanthropist, Mr. Samuel Untermyer, president of the American Keren Hayesod and, I presume, also Mr. Louis Marshall and Mr. Felix M. Warburg, who, last year, aided us so much with their direct, personal cooperation; the leaders in the American Zionist Organization, Louis Lipsky, Henrietta Szold, Bernard A. Rosenblatt, Morris Rothenberg, Dr. Abba Hillel Silver are, of course, in the vanguard.

The general director of the United Palestine Appeal, Mr. Emanuel Neuman, who was responsible for the organization of the American Keren Hayesod, Mr. Herman Conheim, the general treasurer and Benjamin Winter, who, I am glad to know, is the chairman of the New York campaign, and Max Blumberg, the treasurer of the New York campaign. My colleague, Nahum Sokolow, who has been in New York for several weeks, remains to give his valuable cooperation until the end of February. I

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UNITED SYNAGOGUE HOLDS MID-WESTERN CONFERENCE

Chicago Mayor Flays Klan in Welcoming Delegates

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 18.—Mayor William E. Dever flayed the Klan in welcoming the three hundred delegates from thirteen states to the Mid-West Convention of United Synagogue of America at Hotel Serman on Sunday.

"It is one of the most distressing signs of the time that in some quarters of this nation we are intolerant of each other's religious beliefs and nationalities," Mayor Dever declared. "It simply denotes that some of us are not so far removed from savagery as we think we are. It is impossible to have a successful and happy nation if it is an intolerant nation. I am glad that the Jewish people have always been broadminded enough to be tolerant, to understand that it is not quite possible for us all to agree in the matter of religion."

Describing the generosity of a Jewish citizen in proffering him a blank check to save the city's credit in an emergency, Mayor Dever said, "There was more humanity, more generosity in that one act of that great Jew than in all the patriotic acts that were ever performed by any Ku Kluxer from the Gulf of Mexico to the Canadian border line."

Resolutions on questions vitally touching Orthodox Jewry in America were debated and drafted for presentation to the convention on Monday. These include resolutions establishing an extension department to carry Orthodox observance into the rural communities through itinerant Rabbis or the cooperation of rabbis in the towns; the raising of \$175,000 in the Middle West to finance the erection of a synagogue in Palestine, the advocating of the arrangement of the school day to leave time for religious instruction after school hours, condemnation of the proposal to register aliens, establishing a commission on college activities and financing organizations like the Amuna Fraternity of Illinois University, establishing Orthodox student houses and restaurants.

The Women's League considered a resolution calling on the Rabbinical Assembly of the Jewish Theological Seminary to develop a method whereby a woman whose husband is lost or has deserted her and cannot, therefore, be divorced may be remarried.

The Young People's League elected Manfred Haskell of Chicago as president.

NACHMAN BIALIK, AND DR. LEVIN WILL LEAVE FOR U. S.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Jan. 18.—Nachman Bialik, Hebrew poet and Dr. Schmarya Levin, well-known Zionist leader and orator, will leave for the United States the end of January, it was declared here today.

If you are pleased with the JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN tell your friends to subscribe.

**No. 6 (See Yesterday's Issue)
THE ACHIEVEMENT OF THE KEREN HAYISHUV OF AGUDATH ISRAEL**

Keren Hayishuv has released 100,000 dunams property in Eretz Israel, gave a livelihood to 500 workmen, has created a settlement for 200 families, built a large brick factory, organized an Information Bureau for immigrants, and a School of Agriculture in Eretz Israel. Keren Hayishuv has established 20 schools for farming in Germany and Poland to train religious Jews for this kind of work, founded 5 schools for boys, and 3 schools for girls in Eretz Israel and established 2 kitchens and 2 asylums for poor immigrants.

For information or application for membership apply to
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673 Broadway Tel. Spring 6703 New York City

PHILADELPHIA JEWISH COMMUNITY RAISES \$2,818,500

(Continued from Page 2)

Morton B. Hirsch, \$7,500; Jacob C. Kahn, \$20,000; Joseph Barr, \$5,000; Morris A. Kaufmann, \$5,000; Irving Kohn, \$10,000; Solomon C. Kraus, \$10,000; L. and A. Kolsky, \$10,000; M. Levy, \$10,000; Albert H. Lieberman, \$25,000; Alex Lieberman, \$10,000; William Lipkin, \$20,000; Chas. Lipschutz, \$5,000; Jacob D. Lit, \$75,000; Samuel D. Lit, \$75,000; Arthur Loeb, \$15,000; Horace Loeb, \$5,000; Leo Loeb, \$5,000; Jerome H. Louchheim, \$30,000; Jules E. Mastbaum, \$100,000; Clarence L. Meyers, \$5,000; Lewis Needles, \$5,000; Jacob Netter, \$5,000; Jacob Paley and Samuel Paley, \$35,000; David Phillips, \$5,000; Harry Potamkin, \$10,000; Philip Publicker, \$10,000; Samuel Rader, \$5,000; Philip H. and A. S. W. Rosenbach, \$10,000; Lessing J. Rosenwald, \$25,000; Wm. B. Rosskam, \$10,000; Jos. H. Rubin, \$5,000; Lewis Sablosky, \$10,000; Abe Sablosky, \$10,000; Jesse J. Schamberg, \$10,000; Kiwa Schwartz, \$5,000; Ely K. Seig, \$5,000; Chas. Sessler, \$5,000; Harry Shapira, \$5,000; Nathan Slonimsky, \$5,000; Abraham Snellenburg, \$5,000; Harry Snellenburg, \$5,000; Joseph N. Snellenburg, \$10,000; Morton E. Snellenburg, \$12,000; Stanley Snellenburg, \$5,000; J. Solis-Cohen, Jr., \$7,500; Maurice J. Spesier, \$5,000; Judge Horace Stern, \$5,000; Isadore Stern, \$25,000; Louis Stern, \$10,000; Samuel Stern, \$12,000; Meyer B. Strouse, \$5,000; Harry G. Sunheim, \$10,000; Benj. J. Wasserman, \$100,000; Max Weinmann, \$5,000; Julius Weintraub, \$5,000; Albert Wolf, \$20,000; Benjamin Wolf, \$25,000; Louis Wolf, \$15,000; Maurice L. Wurzel, \$10,000; Cyrus H. K. Curtis, \$25,000; Isadore Milgram, \$10,000.

Weizmann Makes Statement Announcing Visit to United States

(Continued from Page 7)

have received word that Nachman Bialik, the outstanding figure of Hebrew literature and Dr. Schmarya Levin, the well known orator, are on their way to the United States and there is every prospect of my visiting the United States shortly for a stay of several months.

"As I said, this is a critical year in the Zionist endeavor. We are reaching the top of the hill. The most difficult stretch has been performed, but we dare not risk a set-back through lack of means to maintain and extend the operations. The goodwill of the civilized world is with us, the leaders of thought, the administrators and governments of all lands give us their moral encouragement," Dr. Weizmann concluded.

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