

ZIONIST ORGANIZATION PROTESTS TO ROUMANIAN GOVERNMENT AGAINST EXPULSION OF ZIONIST WORKER

"In Flagrant Contrast to Assurances Given Mr. Sokolow," Statement Declares

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 15.—A formal protest to the Roumanian Minister in London was sent by the Zionist Executive expressing surprise and indignation at the expulsion from Roumania of Dr. Alexander Goldstein, who was conducting a Keren Hayesod campaign in the Bukovina.

"This expulsion," the Keren Hayesod headquarters declared in a statement issued on the subject, "is in flagrant contrast to the friendly assurances given by M. Duca, the Roumanian Foreign Minister, to Mr. Sokolow as recently as the beginning of this year, and has led the Zionist Executive to send a formal protest to the Roumanian Minister in London, expressing surprise and indignation at the treatment of Dr. Goldstein.

"No doubt the matter will now be taken up with the proper quarters and a satisfactory explanation be forthcoming in due course, as it can only be assumed that the Czernowitz authorities were not properly informed of the attitude of the Central Government in Bucharest to the Zionist movement, or else were acting on some regrettable misunderstanding. It is earnestly hoped that the Government in Bucharest will take the necessary steps to dispel the very painful impression the incident has created both in Roumania and abroad," the statement read.

NUMBER OF JEWS IN PRUSSIAN UNIVERSITIES INCREASED 7 PER CENT IN LAST 14 YEARS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Jan. 15.—Figures concerning the number of Jewish students in the Prussian universities were made known in a table of statistics published by the Prussian Minister of Education.

According to these figures, over 30,000 students were registered in Prussian universities during the year 1924-5, as compared with 25,228 registered in 1911. During the winter term of 1924-5, 30,000 students were registered and 31,386 during the summer term.

The percentage of Jewish students was 6.3 per cent as compared with 5.6 per cent in 1911.

GUIDO MANASCI, FAMOUS ITALIAN JEWISH AUTHOR, DIES

Wrote Libretto for "Cavaleria Rusticanna"

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rome, Jan. 15.—Guido Manasci, the author of the libretto of the opera "Cavaleria Rusticanna," well-known Italian Jewish writer, died here at the age of 58.

Manasci was known as a leading authority on Italian literature and art and was an intimate friend of Mascagnie, the composer of the famous opera, of Emile Zola and of Gabriel D'Annunzio.

EINSTEIN AWARDED MEDAL BY BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 15.—The Royal Astronomical Society awarded this year's gold medal to Professor Albert Einstein for his relativity theory of gravitation.

COUNT SKRZYNSKI URGED BY JEWISH DEPUTIES TO CARRY OUT TERMS OF AGREEMENT

Will Issue Appeal to American Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 15.—Count Alexander Skrzynski, Polish Prime Minister, and one of the authors of the Polish Jewish agreement was urged by Dr. Leon Reich, president of the Club of Jewish Deputies and negotiator of the agreement, to carry the terms of the agreement into effect.

Dr. Reich called on the Prime Minister yesterday and pointed out the necessity of meeting the demands of the Jewish population, in conformity with the promises made by the government. The deputy pointed out the anti-Semitic tendencies evident in the present government's system of reducing the number of state officials. The application of the numerus clausus against Jewish students and the refusal of the authorities to grant the Jewish students foreign passports to study in the universities abroad were also matters of complaint.

The Prime Minister assured the president of the Club of Jewish Deputies that several demands of the Jewish population are already in the process of being carried out. As to the other questions, he declared he would take up the matter at the next meeting of the cabinet. He definitely promised to see that the reduced rate on passports is granted to Jewish students.

The question was later taken up at the meeting of the Club of Jewish Deputies, where Dr. Reich reported on his conference with the Prime Minister. Senator Koerner declared that the statements of the Minister of Education, Stanislaw Grabski, concerning the treatment of Jewish students is in contradiction to the promises made by the Prime Minister. Deputy Rozmarin urged the Club to take energetic steps to relieve the critical economic situation of the Jewish population in the Republic. He proposed that the Club issue an appeal to the Jewish communities in Poland as well as to the Polish Jews in America.

Deputy H. Farbstein proposed that an all-Polish conference of representatives of the Jewish communities be called for the purpose of considering the economic situation of Polish Jewry.

A committee consisting of deputies Reich, Rozmarin, Farbstein, Haussner, Kirschbraun and Rottenstreich, was appointed for the purpose of issuing an appeal to the Jews in Poland and America and to consider all possible measures which might relieve the situation.

ONLY 31 PER CENT OF JEWISH CHILDREN IN RUSSIA ARE HEALTHY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Jan. 15.—The appalling state of the health of the growing Jewish generation in Soviet Russia was pointed to by figures made known by a specially appointed medical commission.

In a statement issued by this commission, it was declared that the physical state of the Jewish children is lower than that of the Russian, Polish and other nationalities.

The commission examined 1,500 Jewish school children in the city of Homel. Only 31 per cent were found to be comparatively healthy. Twenty-four per cent are suffering from lung diseases, 19.4 per cent from improper blood circulation and 49.4 per cent are anemic.

The reason for this situation is the poverty and the unsanitary conditions of the homes and schools.

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KUHN, LOEB & CO. BACK \$25,000,000 LOAN TO POLAND

The Bankers Trust Company, Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the Chase National Bank are behind the project of a loan to Poland, estimated between \$25,000,000 and \$50,000,000 and they are cooperating with the American Tobacco Company, according to the New York "Times" of January 15. It is believed that the tobacco company will obtain a lease of the Polish tobacco monopoly, which is said to have been yielding \$32,000,000 annually, and that securities will be issued on behalf of the company. Strictly speaking, it will not be a Polish Government loan, the "Times" states.

Poland's monopolies include rich properties and it was decided to make use of them when measures were necessary a year ago to stabilize exchange and increase gold reserves. In recent months the country has shown marked progress. Early last year \$35,000,000 of Polish Government bonds, part of an authorized issue of \$50,000,000, were floated in this market by Dillon, Read & Co.

Representatives of the American Tobacco Company and the Bankers' Trust arrived in Warsaw in connection with the proposed lease of the Polish tobacco monopoly in return for a considerable loan.

PALESTINE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY DISCUSSES EDUCATION PROBLEMS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Jan. 15.—The various aspects of the Hebrew Educational system in Palestine were discussed at Wednesday's session of the Jewish National Assembly here.

Dr. Ben Zion Mossenson, director of the Tel Aviv Hebrew High School, read a report on Palestine's educational problems. He expressed the opinion that the Hebrew educational system must remain under the control of the Zionist Executive, disagreeing with those who advocate that the system be turned over to the control of the Palestine population.

In the discussion which developed on the subject Madame Cohan-Bernstein demanded that special attention be given to aesthetic education. Representatives of the Mizrachi urged religious education.

A speaker for the small Communist group who attacked the Hebrew educational system, declaring that the schools "spread racial hatred" was hissed by the deputies and was compelled to leave the platform.

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

The Decision Against the Klan in New York State

Only "a good strong push," declares the New York "Times," is necessary for overturning the edifice of the Ku Klux Klan and hence the paper believes that

"The decision against the Ku Klux Klan in New York will have the effect of encouraging revolts against the order in the States where fear of it remains strong. In still other States the defeats it has sustained will be confirmed, and its efforts to recover lost ground, as in Texas, will be rebuked and stopped.

"The grounds set forth by Judge Pound for what amounts to the suppression of the Klan in New York are tenable everywhere. The Klan is, in fact, a vulnerable edifice and only a good, strong push is required for overturning it. The leaders are at war among themselves in many places over the division of the spoils, and already the order has lost most of the fairly respectable members, who were inveigled into it on the plea of harding for the defense of the country and its institutions from imaginary foes."

The ruse of the Klan in New York State which incorporated as a "benevolent" order and thus evades the Walker law is discussed by the "Day," which observes:

"Thereby the Klan fooled the state, fooled its laws and fooled especially the Walker law. The latter sought to abolish the secrecy of the Klan and it was believed that that had been accomplished and that the Klan would no longer be able to exist.

"Now the same problem remains: how to find a legal way to curb the pernicious organization.

"One thing is certain: the Klan must not be permitted to exist as a secret organization in any form whatsoever."

The Jewish Mayor of Cincinnati

The new reform Mayor of Cincinnati, Murray Seasongood, who is a member of the Board of Governors of the Hebrew Union College, is the subject of numerous newspaper comments. The "Literary Digest" of Jan. 16 quotes among others the "Times-Star" of Cincinnati as follows:

"Of the new Mayor, who has been the leader in the fight for the new charter, the Cincinnati 'Times-Star' says: 'Mr. Seasongood is a man of great intolerance and high prejudice in his personal relations.' Yet 'The Times-Star' feels that he has a sort of background which will enable him to make good appointments. This Cincinnati daily 'has never questioned the good intentions of the new Mayor.' On the whole, 'it will be rather pleasant' to 'The Times-Star' to see him removed from the role of critic and bearing some of the responsibilities of city government."

LAND ALLOTMENT FOR JEWISH COLONIZATION MADE IN CRIMEA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Jan. 15.—Thirty-one thousand, six hundred and thirty desiatin of land in the Crimea were allotted for Jewish colonization by a decision of the Crimean government, it was learned here today.

The National Commissariat for Agriculture was instructed to parcel out the land as speedily as possible.

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

League Council Considers Suggestions for "Permanent Minorities Commission" and "Federation of Minorities"

(By Our Geneva Correspondent)

Geneva, Dec. 25.—The possibility, as reported in a previous correspondence, of the creation in the League of Nations of a Permanent Minorities Commission, similar to the Permanent Mandates Commission, for the protection of the minorities, is evidenced by the earnest consideration given at the last session of the League Council to various suggestions on the subject, among them one calling for the establishment of a federation of minorities, with certain autonomous rights.

The two outstanding achievements of the League of Nations have been the creation of the mandate system and the recognition of minorities. But whereas in the case of the mandate system a complete permanent machinery of supervision by the League and of administration of the mandated territories by the mandatory powers on behalf of the League, had been put into action, no such effective machinery had been provided for the protection of the minorities. The rights of the minorities were considered safeguarded by the inclusion of specific clauses in the Versailles Treaty and other treaties drawn up since then. But the failure of the majority of the governments which had signed the treaties for the protection of the minority groups in their territories to fulfil their obligations, has led some statesmen to the conviction that a Permanent Minorities Commission, based on the same principle as the Permanent Mandates Commission, with authority to consider complaints of minorities and to make the necessary adjustments, should be created in the League.

M. de Mello Franco (Brazil) in reading his report on the minorities question touched on some of the proposals made for the creation of a minority protection system.

"According to some views," he stated, "it is necessary to recognize the right of the minorities to organize themselves, or right to autonomy—a right which might go so far as enabling them to constitute a kind of federation of minorities, with all the characteristics of a legal person as admitted in international law and with the option of coming forward de jure proprio as an interested party before the Council in the ordinary course of the procedure which enables the Council in each case to take a decision on the complaint against an infraction of any clause of the protecting treaties.

"The suggestion of the Hungarian delegate contemplates the institution of an entire procedure, with a hearing of evidence of both sides, as between the interested State and the representative of the minority concerned, the method and the rules to be followed being similar to those of the procedure in use for disputes between private persons in the ordinary courts.

"I do not think that this conception can be carried into effect without giving rise to dangers which would threaten the moral ends towards which the system of protection instituted by the Minorities Treaties is tending.

"It does not appear to me to be open to doubt that those who conceived this system of protection did not dream of creating within certain States a group of inhabitants who would regard themselves as permanently foreign to the general organization of the country. On the contrary, they wished the elements of the population contained in such a group to enjoy a status of legal protection which might ensure respect for the inviolability of the person under all its aspects and which might gradually prepare the way for conditions necessary for the establishments of a complete national unity.

WORKERS' PALESTINE CAMPAIGN RAISES \$40,000

Col. Wedgwood Addresses Reception Honoring Palestine Workers' Delegation

Forty thousand dollars of the United Hebrew Trades' campaign for \$250,000 for Palestine workers was raised Thursday night at a reception given

in honor of I. Ben-Zvi, David Remez and I. Baratz, members of the Palestinian workers' delegation who arrived in New York several days ago to assist in the campaign.

Max Pine, chairman of the campaign, Col. Josiah Wedgwood, former member of the British Labor cabinet, and the members of the delegation addressed the meeting. Of the \$40,000 pledged, \$10,000 was raised in cash.

"We hope to move the heart of every Jewish worker in this campaign. Our opponents within the

labor ranks charge that we are dreamers, that the work and sacrifice for Palestine are wasted. Suppose that for a moment we admit that they are right. It is, nevertheless, obvious that the Palestine experiment has cost much less in money and in blood than other experiments, including the Bolshevik," Mr. Pine declared in opening the meeting.

Col. Wedgwood began his address with the Yiddish words "Yiddische Arbeiter" and declared that he brought the greetings of the British labor party to the Jewish workers in America. "In the fight of the Jewish workers in Palestine for liberty, the British labor party stands shoulder to shoulder with them. We first fought for freedom of the Irish and now we fight for the freedom of the Jews," he stated.

"Political freedom must come before economic freedom. Nationalism is possible only among equals. You can evoke respect only when you are proud of being Jews. There is no country where the workers are happier than in Palestine. If you want to see agriculture up to date you have to go to Palestine," Col. Wedgwood declared.

The speaker also emphasized the fact that no one in England considers that the Arab question is serious. "The effendis, the wealthy landowners, do not like the Jews; those who do not like the Jews do not like the British," he said.

"The Hadassah non-sectarian work in Palestine is bringing about goodwill between the Jews and Arabs," he declared.

The members of the delegation were received with tremendous applause when they reported on the situation in Palestine. More than 2,000 persons attended the meeting in Cooper Union.

"It is advisable to avoid these dangers, but it is also a necessary duty to protect racial or religious minorities against oppression or the disguised ill-will to which they may be exposed. If all the States are loyally inspired by the principles of the resolution adopted by the third Assembly on the proposal of Prof. Gilbert Murray, I think that the minorities will everywhere receive the same treatment of justice and toleration which is required by the Treaties, and which the permanent action of the Council seeks to secure for them."



Top, left to right: Ben-Zvi, I. Baratz. Bottom: David Remez.

IMMIGRATION COMMITTEE POSTPONES
HEARING ON ALIEN DEPORTATION BILL

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Jan. 14.—The House Immigration Committee today postponed hearings until Friday on the Holaday Deportation Bill.

At a business session, the Committee decided to report favorably the bill extending for five more years the law enabling unnaturalized ex-service men to become citizens without complying with the usual formalities of the naturalization law. The original five year term expired some time ago.

Congressman Fort who represents Orange, N. J. and part of Newark, introduced a bill for the exemption from the quota of children under eighteen of declarants and he will probably, within the next few days, introduce a bill for the exemption of the parents and husbands of both citizens and declarants.

CONTRIBUTES TO PALESTINE FARMERS' BANK

The amount of \$1500, representing 300 shares in the B'nai Benjamin Bank of Palestine, was contributed by Abraham Erlanger of New York to the Joseph Fels Foundation, of which Mrs. Mary Fels is the president.

The B'nai Benjamin Bank, toward which Mrs. Fels has donated the sum of \$40,000 is a financial institution for the purpose of assisting the sons of the pioneer Palestine colonists to settle on the land.

Mr. Erlanger is an active worker for the National Farm School, the Jewish Publication Society and the Jewish Theological Seminary.

JEWISH COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES

\$230,000 has already been subscribed to the \$1,000,000 fund being raised by the Fur Industry Community Chest, Michael Hollander, president, announced at a luncheon in the Fur Club on Thursday. \$30,000 in new subscriptions was reported, including \$10,500 from Joseph S. Steiner & Bros.

A dinner will be given by the Ladies' League of the Hebrew National Orphan House at the Hotel Astor to-night. The proceeds will go toward the maintenance of the home in Yonkers, where about 400 boys are cared for. Mrs. A. Levay is Chairman of the Arrangement Committee of the dinner.

Plans for the 1936 campaign of the Women's Division of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies were outlined at a meeting of the Division. Two hundred members were present.

Solomon Lowenstein, executive director of the federation, addressed the meeting.

More than two-thirds of Waterbury's (Conn.) quota of \$15,000 for the United Palestine Appeal was subscribed at a meeting launching the drive.

Rabbi Mileikowsky and Mrs. Archibald Silverman of Providence, R. I., and Rabbi Bernard M. Kaplan, addressed the gathering. Samuel Henes, Chairman of the division in Waterbury, presided.

Fifty-one thousand dollars was raised at the banquet in Montreal at which the Keren Hayesod Campaign in Montreal for \$100,000 was launched.

A. J. Freiman of Ottawa, R. A. Darwin of Montreal, Dr. Abramovitz of Montreal and Rabbi Ferdinand Isserman of Toronto made the appeal for donations.

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NEW YORK SUPREME COURT RULES
AGAINST SECRECY OF KLAN

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

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As a result of this decision, the Ku Klux Klan, as well as its women's auxiliary, the Kamelia, will be compelled to file with the Secretary of State a list of its members, a transcript of its secret oaths, and a copy of its constitution and by-laws. The alternative is to unhood and disband.

The highest court upheld the constitutionality of the Walker law in affirming a decree of the Appellate Division, Fourth Department, sustaining a judgment of the lower court which denied a writ of habeas corpus to George W. Bryant, a Buffalo Klansmen who was arrested for violating the Walker law. His appeal from this judgment began the action in which the constitutionality of the statute was adjudicated.

At the time the case was argued in the Court of Appeals it was hinted that the Klan might carry it to the United States Supreme Court, on the ground that a constitutional question is involved.

After the decision of the Court of Appeals, it was learned that following the decree of the Appellate Division, Fourth Department, a secret, and, on the record, a benevolent organization known as Alpha Pi Sigma, Inc., changed its name to "Knights and Women of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc."

The Walker law exempts from publicity organizations incorporated under the benevolent Corporation law.

BREVITIES

Dr. Solomon Blum, Professor of Economics at the University of California and widely known author and lecturer, died in San Francisco at the age of 43. Dr. Blum was a graduate of Johns Hopkins. In 1913 he went to Colorado College, where he remained until 1918.

An appraisal filed of the estate of Mrs. Hannah Heyman shows that she left \$816,598 of which she gave more than \$600,000 to charity.

Mrs. Heyman gave \$50,000 each to Montefiore Home, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum and the New York Guild for Jewish Blind, and the residuary estate of \$45,348 to the Jewish Institute of Religion. Gifts of \$25,000 each went to the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, Young Women's Hebrew Association, United Hebrew Charities, Free Synagogue Social Service, Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, and the Palestine Endowment Fund.

Alfred A. Benesch, Jewish member of the Cleveland Board of Education, won his fight to abolish military training in the Cleveland high schools, the board having voted six to one in favor of his resolution for abolition.

The Jewish Theatrical Guild will hold its first benefit Feb. 7 at the Manhattan Opera House. Two hundred stars will participate. The proceeds will go toward construction of a memorial hall for religious, social and educational purposes in the theatrical district.

No. 4 (See Yesterday's Issue)
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- Keren Hayiahub.
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