

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE URGED TO SUPPORT BILL LIBERALIZING IMMIGRATION LAW

Senator Wadsworth Introduces Bill in Senate Similar to That of Congressman Perlman (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 7.—President Coolidge was urged by Congressman Nathan D. Perlman, Congressman Mills and Senator Wadsworth, in an interview granted them at the White House, to exert every effort with Congress to further the adoption of legislation exempting from the quota the wives, children, husbands and parents of citizens and declarants, in accordance with the sympathy expressed by him in his last annual message toward the relief of the hardships caused by the separation of families.

The President, it is understood, received the delegation very cordially and promised to give serious consideration to Congressman Perlman's bill, which was the basis of the interview.

If the present Immigration Law, said the President, deprives people in this country "of the comfort and society of those bound to them by close family ties, such modifications should be adopted as will afford relief, always in accordance with the principle that our Government owes its first duty to its own people, and that no alien, inhabitant of another country, has any legal rights whatever under our Constitution and laws. But we should not be forgetful of the obligations of common humanity."

The President stated, however, that he could not commit himself to any definite points of liberalization and before reaching a decision will take up the question with Secretary of Labor Davis.

Following the conference with the President, Senator Wadsworth introduced into the Senate a bill differing from Congressman Perlman's in that the above mentioned relatives of declarants admitted to the United States since July, 1924 should be exempted and relatives of declarants who came

(Continued on Page 3)

FORMER GERMAN KAISER CRUSADES AGAINST JEWISH ORIGINS OF CHRISTIAN FAITH

"Away from Judaism with its Jehovah," He Urges (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Jan. 7.—Ex-Kaiser Wilhelm, Germany's defeated war lord, has started a crusade against Jehovah, the Lord of Hosts, and against the Jewish origins of the Christian faith, it was learned today when propaganda articles of Teutonic leaders were published in book form under the title, "The Opposition of the Germanic Movement to Judaism and Christianity."

The book, which was published by Dr. Alfons J. Steiger, includes an article by the former Kaiser. In his article, Wilhelm urges the Germans to "break away from the belief that Jehovah, the God of the Jews, is our God; Christ never used the word Jehovah," he says.

"The Christian idea of God comes from Persia. During the period of the Babylon captivity the Jews learned the monotheistic teachings of Zarathustra, whose influence is to be found in Isaiah," he writes. The Jews, therefore, are not our religious predecessors, but Zarathustra and the Aryans, the former Kaiser argues.

"Our slogan must be 'Away from Judaism, with its Jehovah,'" he writes.

PLAN TO ESTABLISH DICTATORSHIP IN HUNGARY DEPENDED UPON SUCCESS OF COUNTERFEIT CONSPIRACY

Ulain, Anti-Semitic Leader, Brought Back from Italy

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Jan. 7.—The thirty billion franc counterfeiting conspiracy, in which many anti-Semitic leaders are involved, continues to hold the excited attention of Hungary's capital.

Further investigations concluded yesterday disclose the political background of the counterfeiting conspiracy. According to these revelations, Deputy Goemboes, the leader of the Awakening Magyars, and his associates, planned to employ the funds obtained through the counterfeiting plot for the purpose of creating a reactionary dictatorship in Hungary, which would be connected with anti-Semitic Fascist organizations in Eastern and Southern Europe. This would have been a regime of cruel oppression, according to the plans. The dictatorship was to have been begun by proclaiming Prince Albrecht King of Hungary.

All the activities connected with this plan were under the protection of the Supreme Chief of the State Police, Dr. Nadossy, who has been the intimate advisor of Regent Horthy for the last five years. It was recalled here today that when Nadossy assumed office, he delivered an address in which he stated that he would "quickly dispose of those curly-headed Jewish boys," following which there began the period of anti-Jewish night excesses which lasted for a year.

Deputy Ulain, who fled to Italy, was brought back to Budapest yesterday and was subjected to a thorough cross-examination by the state attorney. Before entering the state attorneys office, Ulain, in an interview granted representatives of the Awakening Magyar newspapers assumed a threatening attitude toward the Bethlen government.

"The Bethlen government must go because it arrests great and noble patriots and national heroes. Had the franc affair succeeded the Bethlen government would have fallen and its members would be on their knees before those who are now arrested," he declared.

Fifty arrests were made during last night, including five officials of the Geographical Institute, in which the counterfeiting was begun. The Institute is under the jurisdiction of Minister of Education Count Klebelsberg, known for his role in Geneva before the Council of the League in defense of the numerus clausus law in Hungary.

Count Szechenyi was invited by the state attorney to appear before him.

Vienna, Jan. 7.—The investigation concerning the Hungarian counterfeiting conspiracy has been extended to Vienna. The investigation here is be-

(Continued on Page 3)

PAUL CASSIRER, GERMAN JEWISH ART DEALER, ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Jan. 7.—Paul Cassirer, a leading German Jewish art dealer, attempted to commit suicide.

Herr Cassirer was a foremost exponent and defender of the impressionist school of art. He introduced French impressionism to the Germans and widely popularized Max Liebermann, George Kolbe and Max Slevogt, the German impressionists.

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CAPTAIN ALEXANDER AARONSOHN RETURNS FROM PALESTINE

No Unemployment in Country, He Says

"Palestine is developing very quietly and safely. One can feel that Lord Plumer has taken matters in hand and destroyed the political antagonistic atmosphere. Captain Alexander Aaronsohn, returning on the steamer Berengaria, from a trip to Palestine, declared in an interview with the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

"Under the administration of Lord Plumer and under the conditions in Palestine at present, the genius of the Jew will find best means for redemption of our people and also for the harmonious co-operation with the other people of Palestine.

"The Druze war affected Palestine very little, due to Lord Plumer, who knew how to maintain the feeling of security in the country," Captain Aaronsohn declared.

"I want to emphasize that I found in Palestine this time a spirit of greater determination, wiser understanding of things and deeper interest in the development of the land. Not only is Tel Aviv growing, but in all the Jewish agricultural colonies there is as great a growing spirit. Every colony I visited is progressing."

Captain Aaronsohn stated that there is no unemployment now among the Jewish workers in Palestine.

Semion Yushkevitch, the well-known Russian Jewish writer, arrived on the same steamer. He came on the invitation of an American publishing company, which is negotiating with him for the publication of an English translation.

NEW APPOINTED ASSISTANT PROFESSOR IN SEMITICS AT UNIVERSITY OF LITHUANIA

Kovno, Jan. 6.—Dr. Nachman Schapiro has been appointed Assistant Professor in Semitics at the University of Lithuania. Dr. Schapiro is the second Jew to hold a professorship at the Lithuanian university.

Dr. Nachman Schapiro is the son of the Chief Rabbi of Kovno. He is a graduate of the University of Vienna.

A. E. Lefcourt, real estate operator, purchased the Hotel Normandie, at Broadway and Thirty-eighth Street, New York. The transaction involved more than a million dollars. In taking title to the Hotel Normandie Mr. Lefcourt registered his second purchase of Broadway hotels and old landmarks. In 1922 he purchased the old Marlboro Hotel, and on its site there now stands the twenty-two story Lefcourt-Marlboro Building.

Forty years ago, Mr. Lefcourt, then a boy of nine, sold newspapers in front of the Hotel Normandie.

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Contents Wise Controversy Has Not Been Solved

The question of the Wise controversy has, in the eyes of the orthodox "Jewish Daily News," not been solved by the action of the Zionist and Palestine Appeal. Executives which rejected Dr. Wise's resignation.

"The vote last Sunday at the Pennsylvania Hotel," declares the paper, "has settled the question of Dr. Wise's resignation in so far as the Zionist Executive and the Palestine Appeal are concerned, but it has not, of course, settled the question for orthodox Jewry, or, more correctly, for Jewry in general."

The paper contends that the Wise question went "beyond the limits of the Zionist organization . . . it was a question which touched the principles of Judaism, of religious Judaism, it touched our faith, the honor of our faith," and urges that despite the overwhelming majority of votes cast for Wise at the Zionist and Palestine Appeal Executive meetings, "the vast majority of Jews in America are opposed to Wise's further leadership in Jewish affairs since his Carnegie Hall sermon."

In conclusion, the "Jewish Daily News" reiterates its former stand on the matter in the following words:

"We do not alter even one word, not even one letter, of what we said about Wise and that he must not remain the leader of the Palestine Appeal. We are proud that we took the only stand which Jews who are loyal to their faith, who have respect for Judaism, can and must take. We always stood, we stand now and will continue to stand for the principles of Judaism and the honor of the Jewish faith against those who desecrate it."

The Revolt of the Connecticut Klansmen

The withdrawal of 600 members from the Ku Klux Klan in Connecticut would be more gratifying if the reason given were more impressive, declares the New York "Evening World."

"The revolt is over methods, not principles," the paper is convinced, explaining:

"It appears that the revolt in Connecticut is because of the 'greed' of the leaders of the organization in Georgia.' It has become a travesty on patriotism and a blasphemous caricature professing Protestantism' and 'is not only anti-Catholic and anti-Jew but absolutely un-American.' Such the conclusions of the disgruntled members.

"There is nothing here to indicate that these erstwhile members have concluded that an organization based on racial and religious intolerance is 'a slimy serpent that threatens the very life of the Nation.' They evidently still feel that the organization could be 'anti-Catholic' and 'anti-Jew' and still not be 'anti-American.' The same confusion as to what constitutes Americanism, the same ignorance of American history which led them into the sheeted brotherhood persists. They are shocked, not because of the professed principles of the Klan, but on account of the mercenary character it has assumed. There has been no conversion—nothing but a revolt because the leaders of the organization are thinking too much of making money out of it instead of dedicating themselves whole-heartedly to the noble work of religious and racial persecution."

Half of the \$5,000 quota for Charleston, S. C. in the United Palestine Appeal was raised at a meeting Sunday night. Jacob Goldman is chairman of the district campaign. Samuel Rittenburg presided at the meeting. Rabbi Edward Israel of Baltimore made the appeal.

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

Mexico Plans Quota System Because of Condition of Jewish Immigrants

(By Our Mexico City Correspondent, Anita Brenner)

Mexico City, Jan. 2.—The Mexican government contemplates putting into action an immigration quota system which will permit a limited number of immigrants from each foreign country and will admit only such persons as are not likely to create competition in the Mexican labor market. This step on the part of the government is due to the fact that many of the Jewish immigrants who came here within the last two years or so have been unable to secure employment and are exposed to various privations, and also because there are evidences of the beginning of hostility from those labor unions into whose ranks most of them would belong—tailors, shoemakers, etc.

In the meantime the conditions among the Jewish immigrants have lately been such that many of them are planning to return to their native countries. According to Dr. M. L. Leff, head of the clinic conducted by the B'nai B'rith in Mexico, and practicing physician in the city, forty Jewish immigrants returned to Russia two weeks ago, and more are getting ready to leave. Those who remain are faced with the prospect of trying to peddle the same goods and in the same places (which are the only goods and places available) that all the others are working with.

The reason for this bad situation is the temporary industrial and commercial inactivity in Mexico, due to a period of reconstruction—laws being revised and reformed, doubt as to the safety of foreign capital, etc. This is the obstacle that keeps Mexico's amazing natural riches from being united with Mexico's enormous natural powers to produce that social well-being which at present does not exist.

The immigrants, most of them penniless, naturally share the privations of the natives, which are not negligible. The government has been wrestling with this problem, but has been unable to bring about any tangible results. Presumably, until there is a fundamental change in the economic conditions of the country, the immigrants together with the rest of the population cannot expect any relief in their situation.

Mexico has been consistently friendly to the Jews, openly because it believes that Jews can help the country: with money, with brains, with work. Jewish immigrants have come to Mexico with bright hopes, and many of them have been disappointed. It is not a land flowing with milk and honey; they do not receive the help they had been led to expect; they have received a minimum amount of relief where a maximum amount is needed, in view of the bad economic and industrial situation of Mexico just now. Many of them have been banking on the promise of the Joint Distribution Committee to supplement the at best meagre B'nai B'rith aid, and the failure of this promise to materialize to date was the cause of the regrettable demonstration against the investigators of that organization, in the summer of 1925.

The solution advocated by Mr. Joseph Schlossberg, when he visited Mexico in the fall of 1924, was the establishing of small industries, to provide employment for the immigrant Jews, and this solution has generally been recognized as the most adequate. Due, however, to the fear of that newspaper bogie, "the Mexican bad man," the hesitancy practiced by all foreign capital has been shared in this case, too, although here it would essentially be not capital, but labor in coöperation.

David Snellenburg has been elected to head the Wilmington, Del., committee of the United Jewish Campaign. A state conference is planned to be held early in March.

JEWISH COLONISTS IN BESSARABIA SUFFER AS RESULT OF POOR CROPS

The conditions of the Jewish colonists in Bessarabia has become critical, according to reports received here by Dr. Henry Moscowitz, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Ort Reconstruction Fund.

Reports from agronomists of the Faleshti and Wertushani colonies state that the colonists lack seed. The situation has become critical because the turnsole which usually covers one-third of the fields and is the main source of income for the colonists has completely failed. Winter wheat, barley, maize, hemp and flax have brought only partial success and many farmers have had to sell their working and productive cattle. There were forty horses and eighty cows in the Faleshti colony. There are now five horses and twenty cows.

From the colony of Wertushani comes the report that there is no fodder for stock. Two months ago the colony counted sixty horses and one hundred and twenty cows. Today there are less than half that number. There is no rain. Some winter wheat has been sown. Some of the seed is lying in the ground for the past six weeks without any evidence of life. Only some maize is growing green, but this will perish if there is no rain soon.

Plan to Establish Dictatorship in Hungary Depended Upon Success of Counterfeit Conspiracy

(Continued from Page 1)

ing conducted in the following two directions: first, the palace of Prince Windesch-Graetz in Vienna, and, second, insofar as the Austrian Hakenkreuzler are involved in the matter.

According to rumors circulated here, Count Klebelsberg, the Educational Minister, who was a close friend of Dr. Nadossy, is badly compromised.

Nadossy was the frequent dreaded visitor at balls in the homes of wealthy Jews.

During the elections, it is recalled, Prince Windesch-Graetz promised the Budapest Jewish electorate that he would work for the abolition of the numerus clausus if he were elected.

President Coolidge Urged to Support Bill Liberalizing Immigration Law

(Continued from Page 1)

to America before that date should receive preference within the quota. Senator Wadsworth's bill would not exempt children over twenty-one, while Congressman Perlman's measure calls for the exemption of all children regardless of age.

Senator Wadsworth's action in introducing a bill so nearly similar to Perlman's is regarded as a great victory for advocates of the liberalization since Senator Wadsworth has been known as a restrictionist, having voted for the present quota law.

A branch of the Agudath Israel was established in Williamsburg, Brooklyn. Rabbis Garfinkel, Kahane, Gottesman and Mr. Goldstein spoke of the principles of the Agudath Israel. Mr. Wilhelm announced that the school for girls, "Thora Vodan," will be taken over by the branch of the Agudath Israel, as the first modern but strictly Orthodox school of this kind. The name of the school will be Beth Jacob, like all the schools for girls under the supervision of the Agudath Israel in Eastern Europe and Palestine.

A committee consisting of Rabbis Baumel, Lewin, Kahane, Kahn, Gottesman and Messrs. Weberman, Wilhelm, Mendlowitsch and Lewin was elected.

Contracts for the sale of Temple Emanu-el, at Forty-third Street and Fifth Avenue, New York City, to Benjamin Winter were signed following the approval by the membership of the Temple at a special meeting of the agreement made by Mr. Winter with the Board of Trustees of the temple to purchase the property for \$6,500,000, the Temple to reimburse as to the payment the Vincent Astor house at Sixty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue, which will be the site of a new and larger temple.

The pen with which the contracts were signed will be placed, according to Mr. Winter, in the cornerstone of the new temple, with the names of those present at the signing engraved upon it. They included Mr. Winter and his legal representative, Maurice E. Gossett, William I. Spiegelberg and Henry M. Toch, of the Board of Trustees of the temple, and G. R. Jewett of the Manufacturers Trust Company, where the contracts were signed.

JEWISH COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES

The National Jewish Hospital for Consumptives at Denver, Col., will hold its twenty-sixth annual meeting on January 10th, at the Biltmore Hotel, New York City.

Dr. Nathan Krass, Ben Altheimer, treasurer of the Hospital since its inception and the oldest living officer, Dr. Wm. S. Friedman, of Denver, founder and first vice-president of the Hospital, Mrs. S. Plisko, executive secretary of the Hospital for the past 15 years, and other prominent men and women will speak.

Dr. H. J. Corper, Director of Research of the National Jewish Hospital, will give an illustrated talk on the research work at the Hospital, and new methods of treatment of tuberculosis.

The annual Executive Board meeting of the National Federation of Temple Sisterhoods will be held in Chicago on January 19th and 20th. The sessions will be held at the Hotel Congress.

Twenty-seven members of Congregation Anshe Liebowitz, Newark, N. J., voted on the question of a location for a proposed new house of worship. Fourteen upheld the action of a committee in undertaking to acquire a site at Avon Avenue and Thirteenth Street, and thirteen opposed it.

Chancery has been asked by Louis Kasen of the minority whether fourteen members of a congregation of seventy can bind it in the face of an alleged provision in its constitution requiring a two-thirds vote.

Vice Chancellor Backes ordered the officers of the congregation to show cause January 12 why they should not be restrained from buying the site.

San Francisco Jewish organizations will join in establishing a new community center, with a building and grounds to cost \$500,000, it was announced by Jesse H. Steinhart, chairman of a committee appointed by the Federation of Jewish Charities.

A committee will decide upon plans for raising funds and choose a site. On the committee are Mrs. M. C. Sloss, Max Sommer, Morris Spiegelman, Sylvan Kauffman and I. Irving Lipsitch.

The first contribution was announced by administrators of the Aaron Alpers estate. The amount is \$25,000.

The community center undertaking is the outgrowth of a research conducted in 1923 by the Bureau of Jewish Research of New York for the purpose of determining the recreational needs of Jews in all parts of the United States.

The \$3,500,000 Building Fund Campaign of the Philadelphia Federation of Jewish Charities will be launched on Jan. 17. Of the \$3,500,000 to be raised, the sum of \$1,300,000 will be devoted to providing adequate educational facilities for the Jewish youth of Philadelphia. The entire sum will be used to erect five modern school buildings in as many sections of the city and one larger community center to replace the dwelling houses now in use as school houses.

In addition the sum of \$500,000 is to be used to pay off the mortgage on the Young Men's, Young Women's Hebrew Association Building, erected last year. Jules E. Mastbaum is chairman of the campaign.

Mortimer L. Schiff has offered a contribution of \$5,000 toward the expansion program of the National Council of Jewish Women, it was announced.

The gift was made on condition that the organization secure the total of \$161,000 which it will require for its larger program, for the period of November 15th, 1925 to May 15th, 1927, a period of 18 months. Mr. Schiff expressed special interest in the rural work of the National Council of Jewish Women among the Jewish farm women and their families.

In addition to Mr. Schiff's gift, the National Council of Jewish Women received \$1,000 from Mr. Albert D. Lasker of Chicago; \$1,000 from Miss Rose Brenner of Brooklyn, N. Y., National President of the Council. The 228 Council Sections are now engaged in raising an Expansion Fund of \$35,000 toward the enlarged program to ensure the additional resources required to meet the conditions of Mr. Schiff's contribution.

A mid-west conference of young people's organizations of the middle west affiliated with the United Synagogue of America will be held in Chicago on Jan. 17 in conjunction with the convention of the United Synagogue of America to be held on that date at the Sherman Hotel.

David A. Brown delivered the first message directed to the Jews of the South over the radio.

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ALFRED BENESCH OPPOSES MILITARY TRAINING IN CLEVELAND HIGH SCHOOLS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cleveland, O., Jan. 7.—Abolition of military training in Cleveland high schools is urged in a resolution introduced at a meeting of the city's board of education by Alfred A. Benesch, Jewish member of the board.

"I can not see," Mr. Benesch said, "how talk of a world court and the League of Nations is consistent with military training in the schools. If the schools gave as much emphasis to the League and the world court, it would not be so bad. To ignore the one and emphasized the other is not only inconsistent; it certainly does not promote any efforts that may be under way looking towards general world peace."

Mr. Benesch's resolution provides for total abolition of optional military training when the present semester ends, Feb. 1. The course was compulsory until two years ago, when it was made optional. The resolution was referred to the education committee, with the probability that the board will act finally on it, at its meeting of either Jan. 11 or that of Jan. 18.

A protest against the resolution was read to the board at its meeting of Jan. 4. It came from the Cleveland Municipal Council of the United Spanish War Veterans and claims that the general unpreparedness of the nation during any of its wars makes military training advisable.

YOUNG JUDAEA GATHERING HEARS COL. WEDGWOOD ON PALESTINE

"The Jews have made a success in Palestine, just as they have in America," Col. Josiah Wedgwood, British M. P. and friend of Zionism, who is in this country now, declared at the dinner of the Young Judaea, held Wednesday night at the Hotel, Roosevelt, New York.

Five hundred persons were present at the dinner. Benjamin Winter acted as toastmaster.

Dr. David de Sola Pool, president of the Young Judaea, Emanuel Neuman, Rev. Z. H. Masliansky, Nahum Sokolow, who spoke in Hebrew, and Col. Josiah Wedgwood addressed the gathering. Fifteen thousand dollars was raised.

Dr. Stephen S. Wise who was present did not speak owing to the lateness of the hour.

An interstate discussion on the question of religious instruction in the public schools took place in Omaha, Neb. The Young Men's and Young Women's Hebrew Association of Omaha defeated the Philadelphia Young Men's and Young Women's Hebrew Association in a debate on the question: Resolved, that religious instruction in the public schools with safeguards would be conducive to the moral welfare of the state, the Philadelphia debaters, A. Alias Goodman, Leonard Orloff and Elias Magil, upholding the affirmative.

The Omaha team, which consisted of Morris Block, Sam Zacharis and Ben Kaslowsky, upheld the negative.

Three hundred persons attended the debate of which Henry Monsky was chairman.

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