

BUCHAREST UNIVERSITY ASKS GOVERNMENT TO EMPLOY MARTIAL LAW AGAINST ANTI-SEMITES

French League for Human Rights Arranges Protest Meeting Against Persecutions in Roumania; Anti-Semites Extend Activities
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Jan. 6.—A request to employ martial law for the purpose of clearing the atmosphere in the University of Bucharest by expelling the leaders of the anti-Semitic bands among the students was made by the senate of the Bucharest University yesterday.

The senate previously decided to expel seven students who were responsible for the activities of anti-Semitic organizations.

How far the anti-Semitic element is gaining control of the situation is evident from the fact that the National Protection League, the leading anti-Semitic organization in the country, established its offices opposite the King's palace. Every evening an electric sign of the Swastika is displayed. During the day the headquarters of the League is the center of anti-Semitic activities.

Paris, Jan. 6.—A protest meeting against the racial persecutions in Roumania is being arranged by the French League for Human Rights for next Friday.

A particular feature of the program is a protest against the decision of the Bucharest court in the case of Lieutenant Morarescu who was acquitted after evidence was produced that he was guilty of the murder of 200 Jewish refugees. The speakers at the meeting will be Professor Victor Basch, Torres and Henry Guernut, secretary of the League.

CONFERENCE IN POLISH MINISTRY OF COMMERCE DISCUSSES ECONOMIC DEMANDS OF JEWISH POPULATION

May Permit Jewish Storekeepers to Open Two Hours on Saturday Evening
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 6.—The possibility of relieving the economic distress of Polish Jews by partly mitigating the effects of the compulsory Sunday closing law was discussed at a conference of Polish officials and leaders of the Club of Jewish Deputies which took place at the Ministry of Commerce yesterday, according to a report in the "Najer Hajnt."

The conference took up the economic demands of the Jewish population. One of the outstanding demands of the Jewish population, as will be recalled, was the removal of the compulsory Sunday rest law. It was proposed at the conference that Jewish storekeepers be permitted to keep their stores open for two hours on Saturday evening.

It was suggested that this permission be extended to Jewish storekeepers through a government ordinance issued as an administrative measure, in order to avoid possible opposition in the Sejm.

Official figures published today show that during the year 1925 the mortality of the Jewish population in the city of Warsaw increased considerably, due to the economic crisis. Four thousand two hundred and fifty-eight Jews died in Warsaw during last year.

ANTI-SEMITIC LEADERS IN HUNGARY FACE INTERNATIONAL DISGRACE

High Officials and Leading Anti-Semites Involved In Gigantic Counterfeit Plot
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Jan. 6.—The Horthy regime of Hungary, the government which was responsible for the anti-Jewish terror and the enactment of the numerous clausus law against Jewish students, faces international disgrace as a result of disclosures made in connection with the thirty billion franc counterfeiting conspiracy.

The clue to the conspiracy, discovered with the arrest in The Hague of three members of the Awakening Magyars, the leading anti-Semitic organization in Hungary, led to one of the greatest international scandals in which the leading figures of the nationalistic Hungarian groups, including cabinet members, members of the nobility and public officials are involved.

Dr. E. Nadossy, Supreme Chief of the State Police, was arrested here on a charge of criminal negligence and of complicity in the counterfeiting conspiracy. He is accused, among other things, of giving a diplomatic passport to Col. von Jankovitch, one of the three Hungarian conspirators arrested at The Hague, and to have put diplomatic seals on a trunk in the false bottom of which Col. Jankovitch took the bogus 1,000-franc French notes to Holland.

Three members of the Hungarian nobility and former statesmen, Prince Ludwig Windisch-Graetz, Count Szmeccsani and Baron Sigismund Perenyi are behind prison bars.

Investigation by the police showed that the counterfeiting was begun in the map making section of the Government Geographical Institute.

Prince Ludwig Windisch-Graetz made a complete confession of the names of those who were involved in the conspiracy. The names include Hungarian leaders in high positions. New arrests are expected, among them eighteen members of the Hungarian parliament, who have already been examined by the police. Deputy Ulain, the leader of the Awakening Magyars who, a year ago, fought a duel with the Jewish Deputy Bela Fabian, fled to Italy. He was followed by a French agent who will attempt to bring about his extradition. Count Tekeli was reported to have committed suicide. Stefan Winkler, the leader of the anti-Semitic student organization, was arrested.

Budapest, Jan. 6.—Order and peace in Hungary's capital was threatened due to the disclosures made in connection with the counterfeiting conspiracy yesterday. Nationalistic and anti-Semitic organizations are preparing for public demonstrations in order to divert public attention from the investigation. Special measures of protection were ordered by the government. The streets are patrolled by special guards. Demonstrations were prohibited by an order of the government.

Budapest, Jan. 6.—Further disclosures in Hungary's counterfeit plot show that the trunk of Marsovsy, in which French 1,000-franc banknotes were found in Holland, had the official seal of the Hungarian foreign office. Before leaving Budapest he borrowed money from a bank on a note backed by Deputy Goemboes, president of the Hungarian anti-Semitic party, and Deputy Eckhardt, president of the Awakening Magyars. Deputy Eckhardt is a

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JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturday and Jewish high holidays by the

Jewish Daily Bulletin Co., Inc., 611 Broadway, N. Y.
Telephone: Spring 1614

Jacob Landau, President; Meer Grossman, Vice-President;
Samuel Biensstock, Treasurer and Secretary

Vol. III. Thursday, Jan. 7, 1926. No. 371.

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin

New York 611 Broadway
Paris 82 Rue d'Amsterdam, Paris, VIII
Berlin W. 15 Duesseldorfer Strasse 72
Warsaw Ulica Aleje Jerozolimskie Nr. 18
Jerusalem P. O. B. 350
Cairo 13, Abou-El-Sebah

Subscription Rates

	U. S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	5.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter October 15, 1924, at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Proposes New Type of Rabbinical Seminary

The creation of a new rabbinical seminary where rabbis would be trained to understand the modern needs of the Jew of the present, just as medical students are taught to understand the human body, is proposed by Prof. Horace M. Kallen in his article, "Can Judaism Survive in the United States?" ("The Menorah Journal," December issue).

Prof. Kallen analyzes the method pursued in the Jewish Theological Seminary, the Hebrew Union College and the Jewish Institute of Religion and concludes that "in spite of all the brave language about leadership and living Judaism in American life, welded together by rabbis, the rabbinical training has no specifically American or generally Jewish as against Judaistic content, whether in method or attitude. It is a thing apart, preoccupied with a very little beyond the remote past, and needing translation to get present significance."

Neither the fundamentalist seminary, the reformist college nor the liberal institute satisfy Prof. Kallen's standard of the true functions of rabbinical training. For, he says, "they assume that the modern Jews whose 'spiritual' needs the professional keepers of Judaistic antiquities are to serve by means of them, require no study or understanding. They are to be known by the rabbinical mind immediately and intuitively in the same absolute way that Rabbi Joel Blau knows his God. It is of record that the assumption is not vindicated by its results: Rabbis, as a class, develop through no fault of their own neither into scholars nor ministers. They develop into public flatterers of the powers on which their livelihood depends. Flattery is the sum of their 'spiritual leadership.'"

"If 'historical Judaism' is to be preserved as a continuous current of life and not as a dead antiquity, it is necessary to train the rabbi for this purpose," continues Prof. Kallen. "It is necessary that the rabbinical schools shall pay much less attention to the Judaism of the past, and much more attention to the Jew of the present. It is necessary that scholarship, which is scientific knowledge of the past, shall be separated from ministry, which is wise service of the present. The business of the rabbi is to minister religiously to the modern Jews. To equip him only with ancient rules and practices is as self-defeating as to teach a medical student about drugs but not about the human body to which they are to be administered."

"The starting-point for the training of a Judaist minister is the Jewish present, not the Jewish past. The rabbinical seminary should be organized on the same principle as a first class medical school. It should aim to instruct candidates for the rabbinate in the structure and functions of Jewish communities. It should aim to make them understand the nature and the development of the institutional organs of the communities, their reciprocal influences, their health and their diseases, the points of crises or strain or transformation in their development at which his ministrations might be called for. It should aim to do the same thing with respect to the individual Jews who compose the communities, and whose personal fates are implicated in their aggregate destiny. It should pay particular attention to the psychopathology of their daily lives in which their being Jews is a factor and which therefore calls for ministrations of Judaism. A training school for Judaist ministers, in a word, would familiarize its trainees

LEMBERG COURT REMOVES DISCRIMINATION AGAINST JEWS IN POLISH AGRARIAN REFORM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Lemberg, Jan. 6.—An interesting phase in the carrying out of the Agrarian reform in the Republic of Poland came before the Administrative High Court of Lemberg.

According to the Agrarian reform law large estates are to be divided among the peasants at an established rate, payment of which is facilitated by the government. A Jewish landowner in Eastern Galicia, whose estate was affected by the law, divided his property into five parts which he transferred to five Jewish peasants of the neighborhood.

The Agrarian Commission of Lemberg refused to confirm this division, declaring that the Jews have a demoralizing influence upon the neighboring peasants. An appeal against this decision was made by Deputy Sommerstein to the Administrative High Court which annulled the commissioners' decision and confirmed the original division.

It was pointed out during the trial that certain Polish officials apply the Agrarian reform law against the Jewish landowners in Eastern Galicia with great severity and that Jewish peasants are seldom given an opportunity to take over the land.

SPECIAL HEARING ON IMMIGRATION BILL TODAY

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Jan. 6.—The Immigration Committee of the House of Representatives will give a special hearing on Thursday to Congressman Nathan D. Perlman of New York, on his bill to liberalize the present Immigration Law by exempting from the quota the parents, wives, and minor children of citizens and declarants.

This is the first hearing by the Immigration Committee on various proposals for legislation of this character which have been introduced. At present no plans have been made for anyone else to appear before the Committee and whether or not others will appear is uncertain at this time.

It is learned that Louis Marshall is expected in Washington today and will be invited to appear before the Immigration Committee.

Senator Lenroot of Wisconsin introduced a bill into the Senate to exempt from the quota the husbands of American citizens. At present only wives of American citizens are exempt.

The Society for Ethical Culture will receive more than \$1,700,000 under the will of Robert B. Nisch, who died on Sept. 23, 1924, according to the appraisal of his estate.

ORTHODOX RABBIS INSIST ON FIRST RESOLUTION, PLAN FURTHER ACTION IN WISE CONTROVERSY

Gedaliah Bublick Resigns from Administrative Committee

The Executive Committee of the Union of Orthodox Rabbis met Tuesday afternoon to consider its attitude in the Wise controversy, following the refusal of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Appeal to accept his resignation. The meeting which took place under the chairmanship of Rabbi M. Z. Margolis, honorary president of the Union, and Rabbi Israel Rosenberg, chairman of the praesidium, lasted for six hours. About 50 rabbis from Greater New York and vicinity were present. It was reported that the Executive Committee, which passed the first resolution of protest against Dr. Wise, decided to stand by that resolution. The committee also decided to call a special conference of the Orthodox Rabbis throughout the country to consider further action.

Mr. Gedaliah Bublick, editor of the "Jewish Daily News" and member of the Administrative Committee of the Zionist Organization of America, who led the Orthodox minority opposition at the meeting of the Executive Committee, announced his resignation from the Zionist Executive, in a letter addressed to Mr. Louis Lipsky, chairman of the organization.

"The fight which I conducted alone against the National Administrative Committee and against the entire National Executive, which stood 70 strong against me, has convinced me that a man of my convictions cannot find what his soul seeks in Zionism in the Administrative Committee and the National Executive of the Zionist Organization of America. The vote not to accept the resignation of Dr. Wise has deeply stirred me as a Jew who believes that Judaism and Zionism are closely connected and has made it impossible for me to continue my work within your ranks," Mr. Bublick wrote.

with that total fulness of the life of the Jewish people which I am accustomed to call Hebraism, and of which Judaism is a part, and but a small part.

"I realize that none of the three institutions whose courses I have surveyed is able, even if by some miracle its government were willing, to make such a change. Their investment in their status quo is too great; they have too many interests at stake.

"But it may be that some Jews of great wealth are interested enough in the survival of Judaism as a living religion and not as an antique survival to risk some of their wealth on the experiment of bringing back Judaism to the Jew. For it is Judaism that must return to the Jew, not the Jew to Judaism. The whole history of Judaist institutions in America shows this. The transformations of orthodoxy, the mutations of reform, the appearance of new sects—these are not the activities of Jewish laymen. They are the endeavor of the churchmen, of the 'spiritual leadership' to hold their customers, to catch up with the body of Jewry that keeps leaving them behind.

"The critical point in the survival of Judaism in the United States is the education of the professional Judaists, whose vocation is to bring Judaism livingly to bear at the points in the lives of Jews where religious intervention is indicated.

"I confess, sadly, that I have no great confidence that anybody who has the means and the power will have also the imagination and the courage to try to do it."

Louis S. Strock, who died on March 28 last, left an estate appraised yesterday at \$1,000,012. The will provided bequests to sixty charitable institutions and gave \$5,000 each to the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, Montefiore Home, Mount Sinai Hospital and the Jewish Theological Seminary of America.

ARAB PAPER WONDERS WHY THERE ARE NO JEWISH CRIMINALS IN PALESTINE

Formulates Astonishing Suspicion of Discrimination

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Jan. 6.—The charge of discrimination in the Palestine courts between Jews and Arabs was made by the "Falastin," the official organ of the Palestine Arab Executive, the body which conducts the opposition to Zionism in the country.

The paper complains that in every issue it has occasion to publish official notifications of the execution of death sentences of one or more Arab criminals.

"We cannot remember having published or read any official statement with regard to the execution of a Jewish criminal," the paper states.

The "Falastin" does not know how this can be explained. Declaring that it appreciates the upright character of the Palestine court, the paper expresses suspicion in connection with certain verdicts. "Were it not for fear of being guilty of contempt of court, we could mention trials where the verdicts differed according to whether the accused was a Jew or not," the paper writes.

MILE. PASTERNAK, MAIN WITNESS AGAINST STEIGER, WILL BE BROUGHT TO TRIAL FOR PERJURY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 6.—Mile. Pasternak, the chief witness of the accusation in the Steiger trial, will be brought to trial as a result of statements she made in the Lemberg court.

During the proceedings Mile. Pasternak declared that the Lemberg police official, Sukiennik, who was at one time in charge of the investigation of the Steiger case, made her drunk before his investigation and compelled her to change her testimony in favor of Steiger. Disciplinary proceedings were started against Sukiennik as a result of this testimony.

The results of this investigation which was concluded yesterday, showed that the statement of Mile. Pasternak was entirely unfounded. The state attorney declared that proceedings against Mile. Pasternak have been started.

Pan Sukiennik stated he would bring civil action against Mile. Pasternak.

PALESTINE AUTHORITIES LEGALIZE ZIONIST REVISIONISTS

Clause That Zionist Organization is Jewish Agency Insisted Upon

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Haifa, Jan. 6.—The activities of the Zionist revisionists, the oppositional group within the Zionist movement under the leadership of Vladimir Jabotinski, was legalized by the Palestine authorities.

The application of the local group of Zionist revisionists was granted by the Haifa authorities after the suggestion of the authorities that a clause embodying the paragraph of the Palestine mandate in which the Zionist organization is recognized as the Jewish Agency be added to the statute of the organization was adopted.

IRVING BERLIN SNUBBED BY VANDERBILT, IS REPORT

According to a report in the "Daily Mirror" of yesterday Irving Berlin was ignored by William K. Vanderbilt, who greeted Mrs. Berlin warmly when he met them on the boardwalk at Atlantic City.

Clarence Mackay, the father of the bride, is reported to have declared that he will never "forgive or forget."

A signed agreement providing that if there are children they are to be reared as Catholics, has been made by Mr. and Mrs. Berlin, according to the "Daily Mirror."

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF UNION OF AMERICAN HEBREW CONGREGATIONS MEETS IN ANNUAL SESSION

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 6.—Reports on the progress made during the past year in the work of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations and its affiliated bodies, the National Federation of Temple Sisterhoods and the National Federation of Temple Brotherhoods, will be presented at the Executive Board meeting which will be held here on January 30th and 31st. The sessions will be held at the Hotel Sylvania.

The Executive Board is composed of fifty-eight members representing the Reform congregations of America. Practically every large city in the Union has representation on the Board.

The members of the Executive Board are Marcus Aaron, Pittsburgh; N. Henry Beckman, Cincinnati; David A. Brown, Detroit; Edgar M. Cahn, New Orleans; Alfred M. Cohen, Cincinnati; Dr. Henry Cohen, Galveston; David W. Edelman, Los Angeles; Gustave A. Eifrovson, Indianapolis; Arnold Falk, New Orleans; Lee K. Frankel, New York; Mrs. J. Walter Freiberg, Cincinnati; Julius W. Freiberg, Cincinnati; Isaac Gilbert, Detroit; Dr. Samuel H. Golden-son, Pittsburgh; Robert P. Goldman, Cincinnati; Simeon M. Johnson, Cincinnati; Benj. Lowenstein, Cleveland; Jacob W. Mack, Cincinnati; Henry L. Mayer, San Francisco; Edwin B. Meissner, St. Louis; Nathan J. Miller, New York; Dr. Julian Morgenstern, Cincinnati; Adolph I. Newman, Cleveland; Adolph S. Ochs, New York; Herbert C. Oettinger, Cincinnati; Henry Oppenheimer, Baltimore; Carl E. Pritz, Cincinnati; Marcus Rauh, Pittsburgh; Maurice D. Rosenberg, Washington; Julius Rosenwald, Chicago; A. L. Saltzberg, Milwaukee; Louis Schlesinger, Newark; Isaac Schoen, Atlanta; Meier Steinbrink, Brooklyn; Horace Stern, Philadelphia; Dr. Joseph Stolz, Chicago; Roger W. Straus, New York; Arthur Hays Sulzberger, New York; I. Newton Trager, Cincinnati; Isaac M. Ullman, New Haven; Ludwig Vogelstein, New York; Felix Vorenberg, Boston; Aaron Waldheim, St. Louis; A. Leo Weil, Pittsburgh; Herman Wile, Buffalo; Albert Wolf, Philadelphia; Adolphe Wolfe, Portland; Rabbi Louis Wolsky, Philadelphia, and William B. Woolner, Peoria.

JEWISH COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES

One Million Dollars will be the goal of the Charity Chest of the Fur Industry in its second annual campaign which will be launched on January 17th, and will continue for three days. This sum is more than double what the industry contributed last year, and will aid one thousand institutions in this country and abroad, irrespective of race, color or creed.

The campaign will be opened with a dinner at the Hotel Biltmore on Sunday evening, January 17th.

From the million dollar budget for 1926, the Fur Charity Chest expects to give to Federations of various denominations—Catholic, Protestant and Jewish, representing 148 individual organizations, \$160,000; to hospitals and after-care, which include 152 different institutions, will be allocated \$170,000; to orphanages and child care, representing 70 separate organizations, \$80,000; charity and relief, representing 168 units, \$120,000; aged and infirm, representing 18 institutions, \$35,000; miscellaneous institutions, 198 in number, \$50,000; for education, supplied by 167 societies, \$60,000; for foreign activities, representing 43 appeals, \$60,000; to endowment camp and building funds for 34 separate groupings, \$145,000, and to the Fur Foundation, a welfare organization for members of the fur industry, \$50,000.

For the first term of the present academic year at the Dropsie College, Philadelphia, the enrollment was 62 students of whom 29 are in the regular courses and 33 in the evening course. The regular courses have 25 men and 4 women and the evening course 17, yomer and 16 men, according to the report made to the Board of Governors by Dr. Cyrus Adler, president of the College.

The Library now numbers in the neighborhood of 29,000 volumes. An addition has been made which will provide for about 25,000 more volumes. The Library of the late Professor Henry Malter which was acquired for the College through the generosity of members of the Board of Governors and friends of the College will soon be incorporated in the Collections.

MIAMI DISTRICT COMBINES CAMPAIGN INTO UNITED JEWISH APPEAL

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Miami, Fla., Jan. 6.—Judge Stoneman, prominent jurist and editor of the "Miami Herald," a non-Jew, has accepted the honorary chairmanship of the United Jewish Appeal of the Miami District, which will seek to raise a quota of \$150,000 during the latter part of January in the Jewish communities from Palm Beach to Key West, Florida, and Havana, Cuba.

The United Jewish Appeal is a union of the United Palestine Appeal, the quota of which is \$100,000 and the United Jewish Campaign, the quota of which is \$50,000.

Harry Simonhoff is the active chairman of the united drive. The campaign committee is composed of the leading representatives of the older Jewish community of Miami as well as of active Zionists from other parts of the country, who are newcomers to the city. Benjamin Schwartz, editor of the Baltimore "Jewish Times," is directing the campaign for the United Palestine Appeal.

AMERICAN EXPEDITION LEAVES FOR PALESTINE TO SEEK RECORDS OF HITTITES

An expedition to Palestine to excavate what is believed to be the site of the City of Mizpah is planned by Dean William F. Bade of the Pacific School of Religion, Professor of Semitic Literature and an explorer of experience who sailed yesterday on the Adriatic. He hopes to find some key to the language of the Hittites, one of the seven peoples recorded in the Bible as the inhabitants of Palestine before the Israelite conquest of the country. Many inscriptions in existence, which nobody can read will be deciphered.

Professor Bade will work under the auspices of the Pacific School of Religion and the American School of Oriental Research. The mound on which he will begin is about six miles north of Jerusalem.

Anti-Semitic Leaders in Hungary Face International Disgrace

(Continued from Page 1)

brother-in-law of Admiral Horthy, the regent of Hungary. Horthy himself is reported to be under suspicion of complicity. Dr. Nadossy, the Chief of the State Police, is the intimate friend of Admiral Horthy and took orders directly from the regent.

Vienna, Jan. 6.—The Hungarian counterfeiting plot reechoed widely in the European press. The Vienna newspapers declare that the scandal means the end of the Horthy regime. The present Hungarian government is to be blamed for its condoning an internal criminal activity which has become an international hornets' nest. Three groups are disgraced: the Awakening Magyars, the race purifiers, and the monarchistic anti-Semitic wing. The papers declare that with the liquidation of this scandal a new era will open for Hungary.

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