

PROFESSOR DAVID NEUMARK, GREAT HEBREW SCHOLAR AND PHILOSOPHER, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cincinnati, Dec. 16.—Dr. David Neumark, professor of Philosophy at the Hebrew Union College, died last night at the age of fifty-eight.

Death occurred as a result of acute appendicitis aggravated by diabetes.

Professor Neumark is survived by his wife, two daughters, Selma and Martha, and a young son, Emanuel Kant.

Dr. David Neumark was born in Szczerec, Galicia, in 1866. He studied at the Institute fuer die Wissenschaft des Judentums in Berlin. Among his teachers were Steinthal, Lazarus, Noybaum and Cassel. He received his Ph. D. in 1896 at the University of Berlin and was appointed successor to Professor Moses Steinschneider at the Weite Heine in Berlin. He was editor of the Otzer Hayehaduth and was for a time Rabbi of Rakonitz. He contributed numerous articles to all the important Hebrew periodicals, particularly to the Ha'Shiloah. He was the author of a very elaborate work in German, "Geschichte der Juedischen Philosophie im Mittelalter", the first volume of which appeared in 1907, and the second in 1912. A third volume is now in press. A Hebrew translation of the first volume appeared in 1922.

He was the author of a work in Hebrew, "Toldoth Ha'Ikrim B'Israel", which was published in (Continued on Page 4)

LORD ROTHSCHILD POINTS TO JEWISH WAR RECORD IN REPLY TO ANTI- ALIEN PROPAGANDA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 16.—Lord Nathaniel Rothschild, vice-president of the Board of Jewish Deputies, published a letter in the London "Times" in reply to the series of articles in which the naturalized English Jews were attacked.

"Your correspondent treats naturalized Jews and British-born children of aliens living in East London as aliens," Lord Rothschild states in his letter. "We contend that every British subject has the same rights and duties. Naturalized Jews and British-born children of foreign Jews are not below other British subjects. Their patriotism is of great value to the nation. Twelve thousand Jews enlisted during the war, fifty thousand served and five thousand were killed.

"There is no evidence that Jews from East Europe have failed to be assimilated, if assimilation means absorbing British traditions while retaining their religion. There is no justification in the report of a flood of alien immigration into England."

The author of the series of articles published a reply to Lord Rothschild's letter, stating that three-fifths of the population of Stepney, Whitechapel and Mile End are of comparatively recent origin. He did not mean the naturalized aliens. He agreed with Lord Rothschild that the British-born Jews of East London are patriotic British citizens.

SIR ALFRED MOND SAILING FOR PALESTINE ON IMPORTANT MISSION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 16.—Sir Alfred Mond, former Minister of Public Works in Lloyd George's cabinet, will sail for Palestine the beginning of January. It is stated that his journey is connected with an important mission.

SENSATIONAL TRIAL AGAINST ANTI- SEMITIC EDITORS BEGINS IN WARSAW Complainant Ready to Withdraw Charges If Libel- ous Statements Are Denied; Editors Refuse.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 16.—The editors of three Polish anti-Semitic papers, "Gazeta Warszawska", "Rzeczpospolita" and "Roswoj", were summoned to court for the third time to account for publishing libelous statements in which Deputy Isaz Greenbaum was accused of anti-Polish activities.

In 1922 the papers published a report of a Jewish conference which was supposed to have been held in London where Greenbaum, a member of the Polish Parliament, was reported to have spoken against the Polish state and prompted the adoption of a resolution against the Polish Republic.

Sir Stuart Samuel, Nachum Sokolow, Dr. Motzkin, Dr. Jochelmann and Claude Montefiore were called as witnesses by Greenbaum who brought charges against the papers. The trial was postponed twice owing to the fact that all of the witnesses were unable to appear in court.

Today, when the trial was called for the third (Continued on Page 4)

CONFERENCE TO AID PALESTINE IMMI- GRANTS MEETS IN TEL AVIV

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 16.—One hundred delegates, representing all the Jewish settlements and communities in Palestine, participated in a conference held last night in Tel Aviv for the purpose of considering the necessary measures to be taken to assist new immigrants who are coming to Palestine.

Representatives of the Zionist Executive in Palestine and the Vaad Leumi, the Jewish National Council of Palestine, were present.

Fifty-eight per cent of the Jewish immigrants who come to Palestine are in possession of financial means with which to establish themselves, according to a report submitted to the conference. The sum of £342,000 was brought into the country by Jewish immigrants in the course of the last six months. Fifty-three per cent of those who possess means came from Poland.

Fifty thousand Jews have entered the country since 1919, according to the report submitted.

FORM JEWISH AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY IN MEXICO

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Mexico City, Dec. 16.—One hundred and fifty Jewish farmers in and near Mexico City have formed the Jewish Agricultural Society of Mexico for the purpose of devoting themselves entirely to fostering Jewish agricultural colonization in that country.

A committee was formed to distribute information on agricultural conditions in Mexico to prospective immigrants and to begin a campaign to secure financial aid.

RABBI OF BUJANY, CHASSIDIC LEADER, ARRIVES IN NEW YORK

Rabbi Mordecai Solomon Friedman, known as the Rabbi of Bujany, and scion of the Sadigura rabbinical family, arrived on the Majestic on Monday. He was greeted at the pier by a delegation of his Chassidim.

A special delegate was sent by the Rabbi's admirers to meet him at Cherbourg. The Rabbi of Bujany is a cousin of Rabbi Isaac Friedman who died in New York last week.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturday by the
Jewish Daily Bulletin Co., 611 Broadway, New York.

Telephone: Spring 1614

Jacob Landau, Publisher

Vol. I. Wednesday, Dec. 17, 1924. No. 54.

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin

New York	.....	611 Broadway
London	.....	201a High Holborn
Paris	.....	7 Rue de Peletier
Berlin	.....	Hohenzollernstrasse 13
Warsaw	.....	Wapłana 9
Jerusalem	.....	P. O. B. 550

Subscription Rates

	U. S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Copyrighted

URGES ADMISSION OF REFUGEES AS NEW YEAR'S GIFT

That the bill concerning the admittance of refugees holding visas to America should be passed on or before December 20, 1924, as a New Year's or Christmas gift was urged by Adolph Stern, Grand Master of the Independent Order B'rith Abraham in a petition to President Coolidge and Congress.

"A hearing on the Perlman Resolution has been set for January 6th, 1925, but Congress should act before January 1st and give these refugees a Christmas and New Year's present," the petition urges.

"In December, 1921, Secretary of Labor, as a Christmas offering, did admit two thousand immigrants who had been ordered deported because the quotas were exhausted. To pass the Refugee Resolution before Christmas would be doing an act similar to the act of the Secretary of Labor in December, 1921.

"Grand Master Adolph Stern respectfully petitions President Coolidge, Secretary of Labor Davis, the Senate and House of Representatives' Committees on Immigration to recommend the passage of a Refugee Resolution during this week. This resolution, if it is to be a Christmas and New Year's offering, must be acted upon by Congress on or before December 20th, 1924, because on that day Congress will recess until December 29th.

Congressman Perlman introduced in the House of Representatives a joint resolution authorizing the admission into the United States of all immigrants whose passports were valid before July 1st, 1924. The resolution provides that all such immigrants shall be classed as non-quota immigrants. Aside from the humanitarian act that would be done in admission of these refugees, the honor of the United States is involved because the American Consul, when he vised the immigrant's passport practically assured that immigrant that he would be admitted into the United States. It is because of the act of the American Consul in vising the immigrant's passport that the immigrant sold all his belongings, broke up his home, travelling thousands of miles to a seaport in order to embark for the United States.

Congressman Albert Johnson, chairman of the House Immigration Committee in an interview with a representative of the New York "Jewish Daily Forward" in reply to a question as to his opinion on the Perlman bill concerning the admission of relatives of American citizens stated, "This is a matter which deserves attention. I personally would suggest that relatives of citizens should be admitted. I am definitely opposed to lifting the immigration bars. The more immigrants we admit, the greater trouble we will have. They will demand the admittance of more relatives." Congressman Johnson doubted, however, that Congress would be able to take up the matter before its recess.

RABBI ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF SELLING SACRAMENTAL WINE PERMITS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Special Despatch)

Chicago, Dec. 16.—Charged with selling sacramental wine permits, Reverend Reuben Katz was arrested today while praying at the synagogue of Am Kodesh Congregation.

Rabbi Katz is accused of selling wine permits to Joseph Bernett, a Chicago wine dealer.

Deputy Marshall came with a warrant to the synagogue when he did not find Rabbi Katz at his home. He was taken to the Federal Court for a hearing.

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS**Sees Danger in Duchess Cyril's Activities**

Possible serious consequences of the activities here of the Grand Duchess Cyril, who is propagating the cause of her husband, Duke Cyril, self-proclaimed "Czar of All Russia", is previsioned by the "Forward" of December 13.

"Soon after the arrival of the Duchess", says the "Forward", "we were assured in her own name and in the name of the aristocratic ladies who brought her over here, that her visit had nothing to do with political motives. And indeed the Duchess at first refused to make any statements on the subject of her husband's pretensions to the Russian throne.

"Now, however, we find that her visit here is far from being devoid of political motives. It is reported from Washington that the high society women have been exerting themselves very strenuously to secure for the Duchess an official welcome from the government.

"This shows very plainly that the aristocratic women are working directly to help the Romanoffs regain the Russian throne. These women are not 'nobodys'. They are the wives of the greatest financiers in the country, men who have a tremendous influence in the highest circles of our government. It is hard to believe that these women have gone into this enterprise without the approval of their husbands.

"This matter is assuming a serious character, for it is not impossible that our government may take a friendly attitude toward the Cyril enterprise. It is highly important to keep an eye on this thing."

Contract Labor in Disguise

Discussing the proposal made recently by Secretary of Labor Davis, that the President of the United States be empowered to regulate immigration according to the industrial situation in this country, the "Forward" of Dec. 14, remarks:

"Such a control of immigration would suit the capitalists very well. They always demanded such a law, according to which our government would actually become the agent for supplying the capitalists with cheap labor whenever they might be in need of it. This is contrary to the old law prohibiting the importation of contract labor; it would mean importing competitors to the workers in this country; it would mean keeping the workers here in constant fear."

Registration of Aliens

While there is no danger of the alien-registration bill being adopted by Congress at its present session, there is every likelihood of its adoption by the Congress session in December, 1925, in the opinion of Mr. A. Glantz, who writes on this subject in the "Day" of Dec. 16.

"The bill is directed against aliens and there is no restriction, no matter how bad, which anyone would now suppose it impossible of adoption. Foreigners, aliens, that is the present bugaboo of America. Anything that is hostile to aliens has excellent opportunities of realization."

LORD THOMSON SAILS FOR UNITED STATES

Will Lecture on Near East and Palestine.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 16.—Lord Thomson, Air Minister in MacDonald's cabinet, who just returned from a flying tour over Palestine, Mesopotamia and Transjordan, is sailing for New York tomorrow on the invitation of the Foreign Policy Association, which is arranging a lecture tour for him.

He will speak on the League of Nations, Egypt, the Near East, Palestine and Arabia.

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

How Roumania Metes Out Justice To The Jews In Transylvania

(By Our Correspondent, D. Jacobi)

Bucharest, Dec. 8.—The special representative of the J. T. A. has just returned after investigating conditions in the province of Transylvania on the spot for several months. The Jewish minority in the province numbers about 250,000 out of a total population of six million. Mostly, they are concentrated in the towns, but there is a considerable Jewish population also in the villages; in the district of Marmaros there are a large number of Jewish peasants and about thirty to forty completely Jewish villages. In the towns of Szatmar and Marmaros Siget, the Jews form a majority of the population. In most other towns they are a very large section of the population. Jewish landed property in the province, which was at one time considerable, has been largely reduced by means of "land nationalisation", which practically results in dispossession of the minorities.

When Transylvania was part of Hungary, the language of instruction in the schools was Hungarian. Under the Treaty of Trianon, the minority populations have been given the right to have minority schools with the language of instruction their mother tongue. The Government maintains that the Jews are not a minority in the sense of the Treaty, that they are Roumanians of the Jewish faith and are therefore obliged to use Roumanian as the language of instruction in their schools. They may have Jewish schools, but the language of instruction in those schools must be Roumanian. The Jewish teachers in the province, who received their training when Transylvania was Hungarian, are not sufficiently competent in the Roumanian language. The establishment of a Jewish teachers' training college is not permitted, and the admission into the country of Jewish teachers from abroad is refused by the authorities. The Jewish children are therefore compelled to attend the Roumanian Government schools in which no attention is paid to the special requirements of the Jewish religious teaching, and where they are compelled to attend on the Sabbath and are subjected to anti-Semitic attacks by both teachers and pupils. Soon after the annexation of Transylvania, the Roumanian Government agreed to permit the establishment of Jewish secondary schools on condition that within a transition period of seven years the language of instruction in these schools should be made Roumanian or Hebrew. This provision has been withdrawn by the present Government and it is now demanded that Roumanian shall be immediately made the language of instruction.

Anti-Semitism in the secondary schools is at high pitch.

One of the books in general use as a reader in the secondary schools, "Carte de Limba Romana", by the Roumanian poet Eminescu, speaking of Bukovina, says:

"What has become of this country? A swamp of degenerate elements, this gathering place of those who were not allowed to stay in other countries, the Babylonian crew. According to the ancient laws, they have no right to build their synagogues of stone. To-day they have set up their synagogues in the centre of the capital. Like a black flight of crows, they have invaded our country; they have sucked the life blood out of our peasants; they have paralysed them by their loans which the peasants had to take from them to be able to pay their taxes. And they have destroyed them by the usury of the Jews—people whose only ability is to enrich themselves by cunning and treachery. The freest people has bowed its head under the yoke of the most miserable race of slaves. The fairest land has fallen into the filthiest hands. Moldavia's paradise is full of the most outcast nation. And because usury yields its recompense to the authorities, the Jews and the judges go hand in hand under the protection of a two-faced Christendom. Without spilling one drop of blood for it, without working for it, without brain and without heart, they lay their hands upon the holy soil for whose defence we have given rivers of blood, centuries of work."

GOMPERS' FUNERAL TO BE NATIONAL EVENT

Chief Justice Taft and Secretary Hughes to Be Honorary Pall-bearers.

Samuel Gompers' position as a national figure even more than his leadership of American labor will be reflected in the observances at his funeral tomorrow. The completed arrangements as announced yesterday by Hugh Frayne indicates to what an extent the nation officially and through representatives of finance, business, industry and the professions will share with labor in honoring Samuel Gompers.

Invitations have been issued to Secretary Hughes and Chief Justice Taft to act as honorary pall-bearers. Governor Smith with his military staff and Mayor Hylan will be present as representatives respectively of the state and city. Invitations have also been issued to former Ambassador Straus, Samuel Untermyer, Nicolas Murray Butler, Alton B. Parker, General J. G. Harbord, Brainbridge Colby, George W. Wickersham and other prominent persons. Frank Morrison, secretary and acting president of the American Federation of Labor, is accompanying the body to Washington.

TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND JEWS IN BRAZIL

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rio de Janeiro, Dec. 16.—The number of Jews in Brazil is estimated to be not more than 27,000, according to statistics published in one of the local papers.

The growth of the Jewish colony in Brazil is slow because the majority of Jewish immigrants to South America settle in Argentina.

Jewish school children are systematically kept back in their classes. In one case in Arad, out of 23 Jewish children in various classes who took their examinations this year, 18 failed. At the School of Commerce in Marosvasz, not a single Jewish pupil managed to pass the examination.

The local authorities try to get the Jews to pay by bribes for protection by the police. Income tax demands are enforced against Jewish doctors and lawyers which are often in excess of their total incomes. Refusal to pay is followed by prosecution and they have to give up their practice. Jews who have for years held licences for dealing in alcohol or tobacco, have practically all had them withdrawn. At one time Jews almost monopolised the timber trade here. There is hardly a Jew who has had his concession for timber dealings renewed. Attacks on the Jews by students and others are a common feature, especially in Cluj, the capital. People of Jewish appearance, many of them non-Jews, are always in danger of molestation in the streets. At one time there was a regular outburst of anti-Semitic attacks all over Transylvania. Jewish funeral processions were attacked. The windows of Jewish houses and Jewish schools were smashed. Rabbi Glasner walking through the street had stones thrown after him, Jewish travellers were attacked in the trains and many of them were seriously injured. In many places the Jews are afraid to venture out in the streets after dusk.

At the University of Cluj, the Jewish students are continually being assaulted by their fellow-students. At one time two Jewish girl students were thrown down the stone stairs of the University building. One sustained serious injuries. Three years ago there were 190 Jewish students taking their first-year medical course. This year there are only two.

Under the provisions of the Peace Treaty, all Jews resident in Roumania are entitled to citizenship. The Government has made citizenship dependent on the ability to prove domicile, which many Jews are unable to do because they have changed their place of residence. There are cases in Bukovina where Jews have been asked to produce their papers to prove their right to citizenship and have never had them returned. In reply to repeated requests they are told either that the papers have been mislaid or that there is no proof of their ever having been received.

LOUIS H. SALTZMAN
offers you
HOTEL SALTZMAN
(formerly the Elsborg)
LAKEWOOD, NEW JERSEY
at Startlingly Reasonable Rates
PHONE: LAKEWOOD 500



HOTEL SALTZMAN

TWENTY THOUSAND PARTICIPATE IN JEWISH EDUCATION DAY

A concerted effort to bring the "Jewish unschooled" children to the Talmud Torahs and other Jewish schools of their respective neighborhoods was made last Sunday, December 14th, in the section of Brownsville and East New York.

Fifteen thousand children, and more than five thousand parents participated in the demonstration.

At each of the children's rallies, a fine program of entertainment was prepared, consisting of moving pictures on biblical themes, choir singing and simple speeches, urging them to come and register in the Jewish religious schools of their neighborhoods. The theatres were secured through the courtesy of Mr. Samuel Lesselbaum, the director of the Premier Circuit.

Addresses were made by Mr. David Yellin, Vice-Mayor of Jerusalem, Rabbi David de Sola Pool, Dr. Benjamin Veit, District Superintendent of Public Schools, Mr. Isaac Allen, Rev. Blum, Dr. Mordecai Soltes and Dr. Giles J. Swan, Principal of Public School 144.

HEINE WAS OF ARYAN ORIGIN, ANTI-SEMITIC CLAIMS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Dec. 16.—Heinrich Heine, Germany's poet who during his lifetime and after death was declared to be a Jew in spite of his Baptism and was denounced by German Nationalists, was not of Semitic origin, but of Aryan blood, according to Dr. Paul Koerner who printed an article to this effect in the various publications of the anti-Semitic Voelkische Party.

According to Dr. Koerner, Heine was the natural son of a Prussian aristocrat and a Jewish mother. To prove his thesis he quotes Heine as speaking about his "deep native German feelings" and says that every one "even the bitterest opponent of the Jews finds in Heine's work so many references which give every Aryan heart a rare and joyful purely German sensation".

Sensational Trial Against Anti-Semitic Editors Begins in Warsaw

(Continued from Page 1)

time, the witnesses were not present. The court, however, decided not to postpone the trial again and proposed that a conciliation be arranged between the parties. Deputy Greenbaum agreed on the condition that the papers publish a denial of the libelous statements. The editors, however, refused to publish such a statement.

Attorney Kijenski, representing the late Polish writer, Andrzej Niemojewski, editor of the anti-Semitic publication "Mysl Niepodlegla", delivered an anti-Semitic speech in court, repeating the libelous statements. Attorney Hartglass, who represented Deputy Greenbaum, replied. The verdict is expected tomorrow.

Communication to the Editor

Sir:

I have learned that the so-called Rabbi Reuben Katz has been arrested for illegally selling sacramental wine and say, "It serves him right." There exists no such thing as Sacramental Wine for Jews. We Jews have no sacraments and are not required to drink intoxicating liquor to worship God. No wonder Katz was arrested while praying. God would not hear his prayers.

RABBI JOSEPH SILVERMAN.

New York, Dec. 16, 1924.

EDITH HEBRON

Interior Decorator

Does Your Home Radiate A Pleasing Atmosphere?

A Consultation Involves No Obligation.
65 EAST 54TH ST. PHONE: PLAZA 738

DISAGREEMENT OF BOLSHEVIST LEADERS CAUSES ANXIETY AMONG UKRAINIAN JEWS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 16.—Travellers who have arrived recently from Ukraina report that there is an increased nervousness felt among the Jewish population of Ukraina on account of the political tension prevailing at present among the Bolshevik rulers. The disagreement between Trotzky and the triumvirate, and his resignation as War Minister, is considered as a precursor of a much graver situation.

The Jews in Ukraina who have suffered under the intense anti-Semitic tactics of the Soviet Government, who, in their attempt to Ukrainize the entire administration, have removed even Jewish communists from their positions, are afraid of catastrophic consequences should the conflict between Trotzky and the other Commissars reach a critical stage.

The anti-Semitic feeling among the peasantry was never stronger than now and despite all barriers which make emigration practically impossible for Ukrainian Jews who desire to leave Russia some have succeeded in reaching the Polish frontier.

SEVENTY THOUSAND ALIENS TO BE EXPELLED FROM ROUMANIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Dec. 16.—Two decrees, expected to be issued shortly by the Roumanian Government, will affect many Jews now living in Roumania, according to reports received here from Bucharest.

One decree will concern the fate of seventy thousand aliens who will have to leave the country because their residence in Roumania is considered undesirable by the political police.

The other will deal with the allocation of 100,000 Russian and Ukrainian emigrants, who will be placed in territories which they will not be allowed to leave without a permit from the government.

Professor David Neumark, Great Hebrew Scholar and Philosopher, Dies

(Continued from Page 1)

Odessa in 1912. A second volume appeared during the war but only a few copies reached America.

His "Problems of Free Will in the Philosophy of Kant and Schopenhauer" appeared in 1896 and was translated by him into Hebrew. He is the author of an essay on Creskas and Spinoza published in 1909 in both English and Hebrew. He is the author of a work on the Philosophy of Yehudah Halevi.

He was the editor and founder of the "Journal of Jewish Lore", a quarterly periodical. He was one of the editors of the annual published by the Hebrew Union College and contributor to numerous scientific periodicals in Hebrew and German.

In the last issue of Hatoren, published by Brainer, he began a series of articles on the philosophy of Hermann Cohen.

He joined the faculty of the Hebrew Union College in Cincinnati in 1907, where he occupied the chair of Jewish Philosophy. Many distinguished rabbis of America were among his pupils.

UNSER TEATER

Boston Rd. &
181st St., Bx.

TO-NIGHT, DEC. 17

"DAY AND NIGHT"

Drama in 3 Acts Based on
Fragments By
SH. AN-SKY

YIDDISH ART THEATRE

27th Street &
Madison Ave.

TO-NIGHT, Dec. 17, at 8:30

"IN EVERY HOUSE"

By B. GORIN

Directed by Maurice Swartz