

RABBI COOK TO BE GRANTED AUDIENCE WITH KING GEORGE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Nov. 24.—A reception in honor of Rabbi A. I. Cook, Chief Rabbi of Palestine, took place here today. Rabbi Hertz, Chief Rabbi of Great Britain, who presided over the gathering, praised the work of Rabbi Cook who "has accomplished much for the Jewish theological seminaries and religious schools of Palestine. The dream of Rabbi Cook is to see the realization of a central Jewish theological academy in Palestine, Dr. Hertz stated. Nachum Sokolow, chairman of the Zionist World Organization Executive, expressed appreciation for the successful work of Rabbi Cook in America and appealed to British Jewry to help make Palestine the center of Jewish learning.

Rabbi Cook, in reply, summarized his impressions of his stay in America and declared that the situation of the Jews in America is better than anywhere else. "The Jewish people, however, as a whole should regard Palestine as their home. Jerusalem is also called Zion and in rebuilding Palestine we ought to see to it that we rebuild not only a secular home, but also a Holy City," the Rabbi stated.

London, Nov. 24.—Rabbi A. I. Cook, Chief Rabbi of Palestine, will have a special audience with King George. This is being arranged by the British Colonial Office.

TWO YEARS IMPRISONMENT FOR MASKING AS TORQUOMADO AND THE DEVIL

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 24.—Personifying Torquomado, the head of the Inquisition in Spain in the fifteenth century and disguising as the devil of "Faust" at a masquerade ball is a crime in the Polish Republic punishable with not less than two years' imprisonment, according to a decision made today by the Court of Appeals.

Jacob Wechsler and Abraham Wertzberger of the City of Zamosc, district of Lublin, attended a Jewish ball given during the Chanukah festival last year dressed as the Inquisitor and the devil, respectively. At the instigation of the local anti-Semitic paper, the two were arrested and charged with insulting the Catholic clergy. The trial took place in the district court and they were sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

Both the accused and the prosecuting attorney appealed the case, the latter asking for severer sentence.

URGE IMMIGRATION RESTRICTION IN ENGLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Nov. 24.—A deputation representing the Union of National Citizens will meet Sir Joynson Hicks, Home Secretary in the Baldwin cabinet on Tuesday for the purpose of urging more stringent immigration restrictions.

HERMAN HEYERMANS, DUTCH JEWISH WRITER, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Amsterdam, Nov. 24.—Herman Heyermans, famous Dutch Jewish writer, died at Zandvoort today at the age of 59.

Heyermans was a dramatist and was the author of the famous play, "The Ghetto."

UKRAINIAN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALLY PROHIBITS CHEDER

"Aliahs" Used to Raise Money for Flood Victims
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Nov. 24.—The Cheder, the religious Hebrew school, existing in Jewish life since the Middle Ages, was officially prohibited by the Communist Government of Ukraina, according to despatches received here from Kieff.

Up to the present the Communist authorities have prohibited only private religious instruction, which had been permitted only with the special consent of the authorities. The granting of such permission depended upon the political convictions of the applicants.

News coming from Ukraina shows the state of mind prevalent among the Jewish working masses. An appeal which reached Ukrainian Jewry from the victims of the recent flood in Lennigrad was met by sums raised in the synagogues through the "sale of aliahs." (According to the custom of the Ashkenazic synagogues, the honor of being invited to the pulpit when the weekly chapter of the Bible is read is paid for by the one so honored.)

FURTHER ZIONIST ARRESTS IN UKRAINIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Nov. 24.—Further arrests of Zionists were made in the Ukraine recently in connection with the anti-Soviet proclamations issued by the Zeirei Zion and other protesting Jewish groups.

Among those who were arrested was Chief Rabbi Brusteim of Ekaterinoslav. He was released today because the authorities could not prove that he was in any way implicated in the issuance of the proclamations.

EINSTEIN HONORARY PRESIDENT OF JEWISH STUDENTS FEDERATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Nov. 24.—Albert Einstein, author of the relativity theory, accepted the honorary presidency of the World Federation of Jewish Students, according to the announcement of the executive committee of the Federation.

The World Federation of Jewish Students was formed at a recent conference of Jewish students held in Antwerp on May 6.

The executive offices of the new organization were established in Vienna.

DR. M. BARANOFF, WRITER, DIES

Dr. M. Baranoff, well-known Jewish publicist, died of heart failure at the age of 60.

Dr. Baranoff was a writer of note, prominent in the Yiddish labor press. He was associated with the "Forward" for the last twenty years.

Dr. Baranoff was born in December, 1864, in Zhitomir, Russia. He was educated at the University of Charkow and in Switzerland, where he joined the ranks of the Russian revolutionary movement.

The funeral will take place at noon today from the Forward building.

CARDINAL BARLASSINA LEAVES FOR ROME

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 24.—Cardinal Barlassina, representative of the Pope in Jerusalem, left for Rome. The purpose of his trip is to represent to the Vatican a number of Palestine matters, it was stated.

GOLDBERG'S OPPOSITIONAL ACTIVITIES CONNECTED WITH PALESTINE TOBACCO CRISIS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Nov. 24.—The oppositional activities of Mr. A. Goldberg, member of the Executive Committee of the Zionist Organization of America are closely connected with the crisis in the tobacco industry in Palestine, according to statements made today in well-informed German Zionist circles.

Recent reports from Palestine indicate that the activity of Mr. Goldberg has brought about a serious crisis in the tobacco industry in Palestine, in which much hope had been placed, and which had given employment to thousands of immigrants.

The fact that America frustrated the hope that it would consume part of the tobacco output will react on this industry. Mr. Goldberg therefore blames the Zionist Executive because it failed to endorse his agreement with the tobacco manufacturer, Lubliner, and he has started intense propaganda for the Brandeis group, declaring that without private initiative in Palestine, progress will be retarded.

The Zionist Executive refuted Mr. Goldberg's charge that they are ignoring the necessity of private initiative in Palestine. It claims that the Zionist Executive is not the proper organ to conduct private enterprises. It further claims that Mr. Goldberg had no authority to conclude an agreement with Mr. Lubliner. They blame him for having harmed the tobacco industry in Palestine by his premature action.

They further contend that his propaganda for the idea of private initiative and for the Brandeis group is the result of the Zionist Executive having failed to endorse Mr. Goldberg's activities and charge him with having revived the Brandeis group at a time when the Brandeis group in America seemed to be willing to join the three million dollar corporation promoted by Mr. Louis Marshall, which will be devoted to investment purposes in Palestine. An attempt was even made to declare that this Marshall investment corporation is a successor of the Brandeis group, despite the well known fact that it is due to the untiring efforts of Dr. Weizmann and represents the largest attempt ever made for obtaining capital for investment in Palestine.

That at this moment, when the plan for an investment corporation is about to be realized, a member of the Zionist Executive in America should engage in an attempt to discredit the Zionist Executive and charge them with lack of interest for obtaining capital for investment purposes and encourage private initiative, is a serious breach of loyalty which is keenly resented.

GUS KARGER BURIED AT CINCINNATI

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Mail Service)

Cincinnati, Nov. 18.—Simple services marked the placing of the body of Gus J. Karger, Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati "Times-Star," in its final resting place in the United Jewish Cemetery yesterday. With these words, "Dust thou art, to dust thou shalt return," spoken by Rabbi James G. Heller of the Plum Street Temple, the coffin was lowered into its grave, while co-workers and friends stood by with bowed heads.

Services were held in the chapel at the cemetery. The pallbearers were Congressman Nicholas Longworth, Mayor Carrel, City Solicitor Zielonka, Captain Victor Heintz, William C. Culkins, Moses Strauss and Hulbert Taft.

Floral tributes came from all parts of the country. Among the senders were President Coolidge, Senator Frank B. Willis, Chief Justice William Howard Taft, Edwin Gableman, Congressman Nicholas Longworth, Senator Walsh of Montana and Secretary of War John W. Weeks.

CONFERENCE CALLED TO DISCUSS CHANGES IN IMMIGRATION LAW

Recommendations to Be Submitted in 1926

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Legislators, scientists and representatives of immigrants will meet at the Bar Association Tuesday at 8 P. M. to discuss the Johnson immigration law, it was announced yesterday by Nathaniel Phillips, president of the League of Foreign Born Citizens, 342 Madison Avenue, who summoned the conference principally to offer plans to correct some of the defects of the present immigration law.

Professor Franz Boas, anthropologist, will present the larger scientific aspects of the problem while Professor Julius Drachler of City College an authority on immigration, will discuss technical problems. Representatives Anning S. Prall and Nathan D. Perlman will present the point of view of Congress, while Mr. Phillips and Harold Fields, chairman of the committee on immigration legislation for the league, will speak in behalf of the immigrants.

Among the societies represented at the conference will be the Salvation Army, Catholic Immigrant Auxiliary, Independent Order of B'rith Abraham, Jewish Welfare Board, National Council of Episcopal Churches, Board of Education, Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, Home Missions Council, Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, Staten Island Social Service, State Education Department, Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities, Young Men's Christian Association, Italian Auxiliary, Naturalization Aid League and the Hudson Guild.

Consultations and conferences have been held with many authorities in allied fields with the result that this general conference has been called to acquaint all civic and patriotic organizations engaged in similar work with the recommendations of this committee.

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR OPPOSES CHANGE IN IMMIGRATION LAW

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

El Paso, Texas, Nov. 24.—To safeguard freedom and ensure progress of civilization on this continent was advocated by Samuel Gompers, president of American Federation of Labor, in a speech delivered at the Federation Convention held here. It was unanimously decided to instruct the Executive Council to aggressively oppose with all the strength of the movement any attempt to amend the existing law by a modification of its protective features.

Gompers' speech is important in view of the fact that it has been recently rumored that the American Federation of Labor would modify its stand of opposition to the requested changes in the Immigration policy. His statement was received with tremendous applause. In his statement Gompers says, "The people of one of our Latin-American countries (meaning Mexico) found it necessary to adopt immigration laws to protect themselves from their neighbors. It struck very deep into my mind that even the dollar a day workmen with their standard of life found it necessary to protect themselves against peoples of other countries who have failed in their development in defense of and advocacy of a standard of life in the twentieth century to conform to the standards of civilized society.

"This in itself is an answer to the whole world of adverse criticism upon America and America's workers that we must find if we intend to safeguard the freedom and ensure the progress of the civilization of this continent. It is necessary that we shall not be overwhelmed by hordes of underpaid and underdeveloped workers. It is not a question of pure nationality or nationalistic feeling but the men who will not defend their standard of life and progress will not protect the chaste-

(Continued on Page 5)

GOVERNMENT WILL NOT RATIFY PALESTINE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, AGUDAS ISRAEL ASSERTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

London, Nov. 16.—The Draft Ordinance of the Vaad Leumi as originally proposed, will not be ratified by the Palestinian Government, according to an announcement of the Agudas Israel office here. It was stated that the delegation of the Agudah which visited Geneva during the session of the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations understood from their conversations with the High Commissioner of Palestine and other authoritative persons that the ordinance would not be promulgated.

It is hoped that the wishes of the Agudas Israel and the Ashkenazic Jerusalem community may yet in some way be met. Meanwhile, the General Executive of the Agudas Israel World Organization has decided to continue its opposition to the Draft Ordinance of the Vaad Leumi, and has placed its alternative draft proposals before the High Commissioner of Palestine and the British Government.

RABBI BLESSES CATHOLIC PRIMATE OF HUNGARY

Priest Celebrating Thousandth Reading of Mass Preaches on Unity of Mankind.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Nov. 24.—A delegation, representing the Jewish communities of Hungary, congratulated the Catholic Primate of Hungary on the occasion of his reading his thousandth mass.

An impressive scene took place when the Chief Rabbi raised his hands to bless the Primate in Hebrew. The archbishop and the assembled Catholic clergy bowed their heads. After the blessing, the Primate preached a sermon on the Unity of Mankind.

URGES POPE TO ISSUE APPEAL AGAINST ZIONISM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 24.—That the Pope should issue an appeal to the Christians of the world to save Palestine from the Zionists is the demand of the Haifa Christian-Arab paper, "El Carmel," in its issue today.

The paper urges the creation of an Arab fund of £2,000,000 which should be used for the purchase of all the available land in Palestine, which is in danger of coming into the possession of the Zionists. The fund should be used to establish a credit bank for the purpose of assisting Arab agriculturists and traders.

SHANGHAI JEWISH COMMUNITY DONATES LIBRARY TO HEBREW UNIVERSITY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Shanghai, Nov. 24.—Another important contribution of the Jewish community of Shanghai is the donation of the Sassoon Jacob Solomons library to the Hebrew University of Jerusalem. The library contains 2,000 volumes and is valued at £3,000. The contribution was secured through the efforts of Dr. Ben Zion.

HUNGARIAN BISHOP, FORMER JEW, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Nov. 24.—Bishop Wilhelm Fraknoi died here today at the age of 83. Bishop Fraknoi was born a Jew, named Frankel. He was consecrated bishop in 1892.

SYNAGOGUE IN POLAND DESTROYED BY FIRE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 24.—The synagogue in the city of Jezorno in the vicinity of Warsaw was destroyed by fire today.

MINISTER OF EDUCATION DISMISSES PROF. CODREANU, VICE-PRESIDENT OF ROUMANIAN ANTI-SEMITES

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Mail Service)

Bucharest, Nov. 9.—The Minister of Education has dismissed from his post Prof. Zelia Codreanu, Vice-President of the anti-Semitic Fascisti Organization of Roumania, of which Prof. Cuza is President. This is the result of the disciplinary action taken against Prof. Codreanu for his part in the movement which has led to the murder of the Police Prefect of Jassy.

The funeral of the Jassy Police Prefect took place at Jassy this week with full military honors and was attended by tens of thousands of people. Among those who spoke at the open grave was the Secretary of State of the Department of the Interior, M. Tartarescu, who condemned the Fascisti anti-Semitic organization as responsible for all the discord existing between the different sections of the population in Roumania. "Our country," he said, "is faced by two foes—one alongside the River Dniester, a foe who brings soldiers and gendarmes against us; the other in our own country, Fascisti, who have murdered our best Prefect. The Government makes no distinction between these two foes of our country. We shall not cease to wage war against this internal foe until we have emerged victorious."

The Minister of the Interior has issued a statement declaring that the Fascisti organization and the Organization of Christian Students are illegal bodies in Roumania. Students are warned not to attend any meetings of these organizations under penalty of disciplinary punishment.

NUMERUS CLAUSUS MOVE AT FRANKFORT

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Mail Service)

Berlin, Nov. 10.—The German National Students Union of Frankfort has submitted a series of demands to the Executive of the Students Union at the University: 1. That every term an official statistic should be compiled giving the number of students of Jewish origin (race) who are studying at Frankfort University. 2. That alien students of Jewish origin (race) should not be allowed to enter Frankfort University. 3. Students who are subjects of the former allies of Germany—Bulgary, Austria, Turkey and Hungary, should be regarded as equal to German students. 4. The Frankfort students note with indignation that it is planned to establish a Jewish University in Danzig. All Germanic students are called upon to prevent this scheme from being carried out.

A SYNAGOGUE WHICH HAS A BELL TO CALL THE CONGREGATION TO PRAYER

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Mail Service)

Berlin, Nov. 10.—The synagogue at Buchau in Wurttemberg is reported to be the only Jewish place of worship in the world with a bell, which is rung to call its congregation to prayers. The bell, which was placed in the belfry in 1854, has inscribed on it in Hebrew the first verse of Psalm 122:—

"I was glad when they said unto me, Let us go into the house of the Lord."

The bell is rung a few minutes before every service.

JEWISH DRUGGIST SUICIDE, LEAVES NOTE ACCUSING VIENNA HEALTH OFFICIAL

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Nov. 22.—Linker, the Jewish druggist who committed suicide as a result of the court proceedings started against him by the Deutsche-nationale Druggists Association of Vienna, left a note in which he stated: "I die knowing that I am innocent. Inspector Hoyer of the Health Bureau falsified the tests and chose anti-Semitic experts in order to create another Beilis affair."

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LEAGUE HIGH COMMISSION WILL SEND DELEGATION TO SOUTH AMERICA

Interesting Figures on Situation of Russian Refugees in Europe and Asia.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Mail Service)

Geneva, Nov. 16.—Interesting information about the position of refugees in Europe and Asia is contained in a general report of the Council of the League of Nations to the Fifth Assembly.

According to statistics compiled by the High Commission of the League of Nations, there were, in the autumn of 1924, more than one million and a half Russian refugees. In the summer of 1924 the total still exceeded one million. 200,000 of whom were able to work but could find no employment. At the session of the Council held in June, the Brazilian and Uruguayan representatives offered certain suggestions in regard to the openings which might be available for these refugees in South American countries. The High Commission conferred with the representatives of the Argentine, Brazilian, Cuban and Uruguayan governments who were present at the International Labor Conference, and obtained a promise that the suggestions should be placed before their respective governments who would be asked to receive a delegation with a view to studying on the spot the possibility of transferring refugees to the countries mentioned.

Between May 1 and July 1, 1924, 2,000 refugees were removed from Constantinople, one-half of whom were sent to France, which is the principal European destination of Russian refugees. France has also accepted a number of Russians who had emigrated to Hungary and Poland. In accordance with an agreement arrived at between the delegation of the High Commissioner in Poland, the French Ministry of Labor and French employers, it has been decided to send in additional thousand refugees into France; their prospective employers have agreed to advance the amount of their travelling expenses, such sums to be repayable by means of instalments to be deducted from their wages. The total number of other successful Russian and Ukrainian refugees who might also be sent to France from Poland is estimated at 5,000.

Germany has also declared herself in agreement with the plan for sending a delegation to South America. For the purpose of studying the possibility of finding employment for these refugees in Latin-American countries. A reduction of railway fares by about 50 per cent of the normal tariff has been agreed to by Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, France and Poland; and it is hoped that these advantages will have the effect of improving the position of Russian refugees in Poland, whose material position is in many cases critical.

The most serious position, however, in respect of Russian nationals is that there are in China vast numbers of refugees whose situation is rapidly be-

WAHABIS MAY MARCH ON PALESTINE ARAB PAPER SAYS

Ibn Saud Carries Arab Plan Made in Angola

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Mail Service)

Jerusalem, Nov. 5.—The future of Palestine in view of the new position in the Arab countries created by the fall of Hussein and the victory of Ibn Saud is discussed in the "Mokattam" of Cairo, one of the most important Arab newspapers.

The Alexandria correspondent of the London "Times," writes the "Mokattam," was the first to warn the West against the danger with which Palestine is threatened by the victory of the Wahabites. At the very moment that the "Times" was publishing this warning, Dr. Weizel, the Jerusalem correspondent of the "Vossische Zeitung" of Berlin was reporting to his paper that the Zionists were gratified at King Hussein's defeat. That is to see one side of the coin only—the end of King Hussein's opposition to Zionist domination in Palestine. But there is another side to the coin. The Wahabites will advance on Palestine, too. Great Britain as Mandatory over Palestine will defend it against the Wahabites and will make it impossible for them to enter the country. But that does not mean to say that there will be an end to the fighting on the borders of Palestine. And if the Wahabites are driven back from Palestine they will make for Transjordan or for Iraq, and England will not want to go on maintaining strong armed forces on the frontiers of these three countries which have been placed under her guardianship.

Ibn Saud's military operations are not a sudden movement, continues the paper. He is carrying into application a plan which was drafted long ago in Angola, Damascus and Jerusalem. Ibn Saud seems to have the support of the Turks, Syrians and many Palestinians who are discontented with the present regime in Palestine.

If we watch certain efforts which are being made at establishing friendly relations between Turkey and some of the Western nations we may discover whose hands are controlling Ibn Saud. But Ibn Saud is too clever a man to be caught in the snare of cunning European policy. So long as his alliance with these Western nations will suit his interests he will appear to comply with their wishes, but before long he will rid himself of them and act independently. Ibn Saud realizes how little important his allied Western nations are as against the strength of Great Britain, which if she puts her mind to it is able to blockade him on all sides. Those nations which are now rejoicing at the success of their policy in Arabia may find their calculations go wrong, for Ibn Saud will make use of them as long as it suits his purpose, but he will not fight against England, his old ally, and the arrangements which he will finally make will probably be in accordance with Britain's wishes.

JEWISH DENTIST MAKES ANTI-NICOTINE DISCOVERY

Dr. Leo B. Evslin, well known Jewish dentist of New York, has made a discovery which may transform smoking into a harmless pleasure. The discovery consists of a treated cotton which when inserted in cigarettes or pipes will absorb all the nicotine.

Dr. Evslin was formerly in Paris for a number of years where he was the dentist of Waldeck-Rousseau, one-time French premier, Sara Bernhardt and many other celebrities.

coming worse. The total number of these is estimated at 70,000 by the local authorities, and it is considered that the problem constituted by their presence in the northern part of the Chinese Republic can only be satisfactorily solved by their emigration to countries where there is a market for white labor.

ADOLPH S. OCHS DONATES \$100,000 FOR MIZPAH TEMPLE IN CHATTANOOGA

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Mail Service)

Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 21.—Members of the Mizpah Temple were pleasantly surprised to learn of the gift of \$100,000 from Adolph S. Ochs, publisher of the New York "Times," for the purpose of enlarging or rebuilding the Temple. The news was received in the form of a letter which Mr. Ochs addressed to Harry Wise, president of the Mizpah congregation. The letter follows:

"Dear Sir—At an early date I wish you would have the congregation appoint a committee with plenary powers to enter into an agreement with me for the enlargement, or rebuilding, of the present temple, together with a parsonage and community house at the present location, or elsewhere in the city of Chattanooga. I am prepared to contribute the cost thereof as a memorial to my father and mother, of blessed memory—Julia and Bertha Ochs.

"I hope that the work may be undertaken as soon as practicable, so that it may be completed and ready for dedication on the hundredth anniversary of my father's birth, June 29, 1926.

"Yours faithfully,

"ADOLPH S. OCHS."

Twenty-five years ago Mr. Ochs presented to the congregation the land on which is built the present temple, at the northeast corner of Oak and Lindsay Street, a lot 100x150, together with a large contribution for the erection of the building.

Julius Ochs, in whose memory the new temple is to be erected, died at Chattanooga, in his sixty-second year, on Oct. 26, 1888. He was not an ordained Rabbi, but, being a good Hebrew scholar and a devoutly religious man, he acted as volunteer minister of the Mizpah congregation for many years, and caused the erection of its first building. Julius Ochs, during his ten years' residence in this city, was a leader in all important civic movements, and was the leading spirit in the organization of the Charity Society, the Erlanger Hospital and many benevolent and aid societies, and was chaplain of the G. A. R. post. The business of the city was suspended during the hour of his funeral, and exercises at which were conducted by the Masonic order and several Christian as well as Jewish ministers. This is the inscription on Mr. Ochs' tomb in the Hebrew cemetery on Harrison Avenue: "Julius Ochs, Born at Furth, Bavaria, June 29, 1836. Died at Chattanooga, Tennessee, Oct. 26, 1888. He Loved and Bravely Served the Country of His Adoption. He Was Gifted, Cultured, Noble and Pure. An Indulgent Father, A Model Husband, A True Philanthropist, and A God-Fearing Man."

ROSENWALD DONATES \$25,000 TO CHICAGO FIELD MUSEUM

(Special Despatch to the Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Nov. 24.—A gift of \$25,000 was made by Julius Rosenwald to the Chicago Field Museum as a tribute to Edward Ayer, first president of the museum, who celebrated his 83rd birthday. There is no suggestion as to how the money shall be used.

Edward Ayer is the sponsor and founder of collections worth several hundred thousand dollars. Rosenwald's gift will be known as the Julius and Augusta Rosenwald Fund and will remain in trust forever, according to D. Davies, director of the museum. The income of the fund will be used to obtain desired additions to North American Indian collections founded by Ayer.

WHAT THE ARAB EXECUTIVE TOLD THE MANDATES COMMISSION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

London, Nov. 15.—The Arab Executive has just published its "Report on the State of Palestine during Four Years of Civil Administration", submitted to the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations. The Report states:

"The Palestine Arabs met this oppressive policy with patience. Their opposition has been conducted on constitutional methods. But this attitude of theirs has been both misrepresented by the Government and misunderstood by the Mandatory. The daily slight frictions between Arab and Jew, whose ideas, principles, customs and modes of life take diametrically divergent lines cultivate and solidify hatred between both communities, and there most come a time when it will accumulate to such a degree as to defy all moral or political restraints. It is a gross error to believe that Arab and Jew may come to an understanding if only each of them exchanges his coat of extremism for another of moderation. When the principles underlying two movements do clash, it is futile to expect their meeting halfway.

"The Zionist policy is best described by Dr. Eder, ex-chairman of the Zionist Executive in Palestine when he was asked to do so by the Court of Inquiry for the Juffa disturbances of May 1921: "There can only be one National Home in Palestine, and that a Jewish one, and no equality in the partnership between Jews and Arabs, but a Jewish predominance as soon as the number of that race are sufficiently increased."

"The Arab demand may be summed up in the following words. The establishment in Palestine of a National Constitutional Government in which the two communities, Arab and Jewish, will be represented in proportion to their numbers as they existed before the application of the Zionist Policy."

4,000 KOSHER BUTCHERS STRIKE

About 4,000 Kosher butchers in Greater New York stopped work in union and non-union shops as the first step in what Isidore Corn, manager of the Kosher Butchers' Union, declared Sunday night would be a general strike, "unless the bosses would agree to renew union contracts that will expire tomorrow."

Features of the contract include a provision of a minimum wage of \$40 a week for butchers' assistants, and a flat rate of \$8 a day for part time helpers, except on Thursdays, when the rate will be \$10. Eighty per cent of the Kosher stores, it was said, signed the contract last year.

"This strike will be in full force on Monday," Mr. Corn said, "unless the issues are quickly settled. Our union has a fund of \$55,000, with which to establish co-operative shops wherever the contracts are not signed."

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR OPPOSES CHANGE IN IMMIGRATION LAW

(Continued from Page 2)

ity of their homes. Self-protection is the first law of nature and it is not the duty, as I see it, of men of the higher standards of life and progress to help the toilers who have lower standards in their own countries, to relieve their countries by allowing hordes of men to leave them and emigrate to the United States but to supply means to relieve the situation there.

"If people must fight for rights let them fight as best they can in their own land and not lower the conditions which exist in another."

YIDDISH ART THEATRE
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DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

Governments of Eastern Europe Not Fulfilling "Minority Rights" Obligations

Jewish newspapers of New York, conservative and radical alike, take exception to Mr. Louis Marshall's statement in his annual report as President of the American Jewish Committee that the governments of eastern Europe are living up to their promises in the matter of "minority rights." Mr. S. Rosenfield, in his weekly review of Jewish affairs, in the "Day" of Nov. 22, says:

"We dare not believe Mr. Marshall's words, for when we look at the facts we find that the good tidings disappear. Which are the governments that have given national or even civil rights to the Jews?"

"The Jewish schools in Roumania have become factories of apostasy. The Jewish teachers have been discharged. Yiddish and Hebrew are prohibited. Jewish children are compelled to attend school on Sabbath and are even forced to take instruction in the Christian religion, by order of the Minister of Education. The Jews of Bessarabia are faced with the alternative of turning over their children to apostasy or permit them to grow up without any education whatever. All Jewish cultural institutions are persecuted. The government maintains a ruthlessly destructive policy."

Mr. Rosenfield recounts the persecutions of Jews in Lithuania and Poland and finds the situation there equally bad. Lithuania is completely controlled by a party of anti-Semitic priests while the economic and cultural position of the Jews in Poland "proves the very opposite of Mr. Marshall's assertions", concludes Mr. Rosenfield.

Disappointed with Report of Mandates Commission

The Jewish press continues to comment on the report of the Mandates Commission to the Council of the League of Nations. The "Jewish Daily News" of Nov. 23 says editorially:

"We cannot feel elated over the report of the Mandates Commission. It is a lengthy document which says nothing. It makes an attempt to please the Jew and the Arab but the impression is that it is vapid and uncertain. Too much is made of the complaints of the Arabs, who in reality have nothing to complain about. No one has hurt the Arabs or abused them. The Arabs demand that the doors of Palestine be shut to the Jews, but it is senseless even to enter into a discussion of this matter. The report of the Mandates Commission is a disappointment in this respect."

Finds Mandates Commission's Report Unfair

The "Saint Louis Jewish Record," in an editorial of Nov. 21, after citing that part of the report of the Mandates Commission on Palestine which says that the Jews who immigrate to Palestine from the east-European countries "are not prepared for manual labor, especially agriculture," asks:

"Does not the Commission know that the Jews from eastern Europe go to Palestine with the special intention of becoming farmers? There is no lack of tillers for the soil in Palestine, but there is a lack of soil for the tillers."

"In the original draft of the Palestine Mandate free government land was promised for Jew immigrants, but so far no land has been given them. This should have been made clear to the Mandates Commission before it drew up its report on Palestine."

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 15.—Herbert S. Auerbach, local businessman, elected to the Utah Senate during recent election, led his ticket with a total vote of 28,892, according to a report issued following the official counting of the ballots. Mr. Auerbach is a Republican, and president of the Auerbach Co., Salt Lake City.

Refugees Should Be Admitted to United States

The Jewish refugees who were on their way to the United States but are now stranded in various ports of Europe and whose plight is terrible should be permitted to enter the United States, says the "Christian Science Monitor" editorially, in its issue of Nov. 20.

"Are the American people willing to decide that they will turn unhearing ears or unseeing eyes to the plight of the refugees?" asked the "Christian Science Monitor."

"Those who are pleading for them do not say that the laws of their country be broken. What they do insist on is that Congress, by joint resolution, provide at least that the thousands of passports already issued to these refugees and upon which the seal of the Government has been affixed in affirmation of its implied promise, be recognized and honored."

The Jew As Farmer

The "Jewish Review and Observer" of Cleveland, in a recent issue points out that the Jew has made good at farming in this country and has even brought new life into some rural districts in New England that were practically dead.

"The Jewish farmer has come to stay in this country," says the "Review and Observer." "He realizes that in this land of opportunity he can make a comfortable living in a pursuit of agriculture and that his chances of advancement are far better as a tiller of the soil than as a workman in the sweatshop or in some mercantile undertaking in the large centers of population."

Hopes Joynton's Threat Will Not Be Realized

Mr. Jacob Fishman, in his daily column in the "Jewish Morning Journal" of Nov. 20, quotes an editorial of the "Jewish Chronicle" of London about the attacks on aliens in England made by Sir Joynton Hicks, Home Secretary in Baldwin's new cabinet, in which the "Chronicle" says that when Englishmen say "alien" they mean the Jew. "Nevertheless," comments Mr. Fishman, "we hope the Minister's threat to deport all 'aliens' which means Jews, from England, will not be carried out. It would be a painful surprise if Baldwin were to give his consent to such a cruel policy."

The American Jewish Committee and Palestine Reconstruction

The last obstacle in the way of reconstructing Palestine has been finally and definitely removed through the decision of the American Jewish Committee to launch a \$3,000,000 colonization plan for Palestine, says Mr. David J. Galter, in the "Jewish World" of Philadelphia (Nov. 23).

"The decision of the American Jewish Committee is of great significance, and Mr. Louis Marshall, president of this committee, should be complimented for the manner in which he approached this task," remarks Mr. Galter.

The Menace of the K. K. K.

The "Jewish Indicator" of Pittsburgh, in a recent editorial, expresses its fear that the success of the K. K. K. in the recent elections constitutes a menace to the country in general and the Jew in particular.

"Coolidge was silent," says the "Indicator," "and his silence brought a sense of security to the citizen."

"The Klan was likewise silent—but it has been carrying on its activities under cover of darkness and its victories in several states constitute a menace to the security of the country."

(Continued on Page 5)

The 5,000 Jewish Refugees in Havana

(By Our Correspondent, Philip Rubin)

Havana, Nov. 15.—Only six hours by boat from West, Florida, U. S. A., there lies a strange, city in a young, exotic, tropical republic. The city is Havana, capital and nerve center of the island of Cuba, which only some twenty-odd years ago, with the help of the United States, freed itself from Spanish rule.

Into this town of four hundred thousand people, during the past two years dragged some five or six thousand Jewish immigrants from all parts of Eastern Europe.

They came, these brethren of ours, from Eastern Europe, not with any intention of remaining permanently in Cuba, but because life in the Ukraine, Rumania, in Hungary and in the other countries was made intolerable for them through pogroms, boycotts, exorbitant taxes and other forms of persecution, and because they were told by agents of steamship companies in European ports that once they arrived in Cuba it would be a very easy matter for them to come over to the United States, where they could realize their life-long dream of joining their relatives and enjoying the opportunities of the "land where money flows in the streets." The new American immigration law, which went into effect a few months ago, has made it impossible for them to dream of ever entering the Promised Land, has blasted their greatest and only hope and has left them despondent and wretched.

These thousands of Jewish immigrants must remain in Cuba, unless they decide to go back to their former homes, which few of them do. But to remain one must work in order to eat and to live. But where shall they work? In the sugar fields, on the tobacco plantations, on the railroads? It is impossible for an East European Jew to endure that harrowing physical labor, and even if he could endure that travail, working in the open under the scorching sun and living in miserable shacks, he could not compete with the lazy Negro labor that is brought into Cuba from the other West Indian islands.

Most of the men immigrants have therefore taken to peddling; they are out on the streets of "Cay Habana," which certainly does not seem gay to them, merchandising their petty wares, enduring all sorts of insults from the natives who call them "kikes"—Germans, competing with each other and thanking God if at the end of the day they have earned one-half peso, the equivalent of fifty American cents. The women rent sewing machines, which they take to their miserable "homes," where they can earn three, four or five dollars a week. Most of them are herded together four, six or even eight in a room, for rent in Havana, as well as food, clothing and all other necessities, is dearer than in New York. A small percentage of the immigrants receive a meager allowance from relatives in the States, but they too must live in misery, since the American dollar is worth no more than the Cuban peso and cannot therefore mean anywhere near as much as it does in some European countries.

In spite of their wretched circumstances, in spite of the fact that prostitution is very wide-spread in Havana and lures women from all parts of the world, in spite of the fact that their economic needs would be immediately relieved by going into the life of shame—in spite of all that, there are no Jewish prostitutes in Havana. It is a glowing tribute to the wholesomeness of the Jewish race, to the power of endurance of its women—a power which however we ought not to stretch to the very limit, whose tension we ought to relieve by upholding the economic "morale" of a section of our

people that has not forsaken the ethical morals of our forefathers.

The problem of the Havana immigrants is entirely a problem for us American Jews, for while the refugees in the European ports and large centers may look for some little help from the European Jewish communities, the Havana immigrants, helpless as they are in the New World and near as they are to the largest and richest Jewish community, can only expect help from us and from no one else.

What can be done to help these five thousand Jewish wanderers of Havana, who bring the symbol of the universal and centuries-old Jewish tragedy so close to our American shores?

The campaign for a half million dollars which is now being conducted in the United States by the Jewish Committee for the work among refugees in Havana and in Europe deserves the hearty support of every American Jew and Jewish organization. The most important tasks for the Jewish Committee in the near future are the establishment of schools for the children (the public school system in Cuba is very poorly developed, so that this must be undertaken by private organizations) and classes in Spanish and English for the adults; besides, there is great need of a building which should be a combined work-shop and club house for the women immigrants. The women now do their needle work by hand; they might save themselves many hours of arduous toil and earn perhaps more if they could come to a place which provided electric sewing machines for them.

Much has been written in the Jewish press recently about the question of settling a large number of Jews in Mexico. The benefits of a mass immigration of tens of thousands of Jews into Mexico are very doubtful, but I venture to raise the question whether transplanting the five thousand Jews of Havana to Mexico would not perhaps be a solution of their problem. Mexico is a much larger and richer country than Cuba; the climate of its capital city is a far better one than that of Havana, whose humidity is almost unendurable to one who was not born in a tropical climate. Furthermore, Jews of Havana coming into Mexico would find that the language in both countries being the same, whatever of Spanish they learned in Havana would carry them just as far in Mexico. I mention Mexico in connection with the Havana Jews, not because I have any definite facts in regard to Mexico from which I might draw a definite conclusion, but because I deem it advisable to bring the matter to the attention of Jewish leaders and public opinion, which I believe ought to investigate the matter. If found advisable, the cost of transplanting these Havana immigrants would not be large, since Mexico and Cuba are very near to each other.

There is also something which can be done by private American-Jewish enterprise, something which would bring profit to the entrepreneur and at the same time solve to a great extent the problem of the immigrants. I refer to the establishment of clothing factories in Havana. Cuba imports practically all of its clothing from the United States; if clothing were manufactured in Havana it could be sold much cheaper than American clothing and still bring a handsome profit to the manufacturer, taking into consideration all the factors involved. From a social point of view, it would mean of course employment for hundreds of Jews. It would perhaps be wise for the "Jewish Committee for Cuba" to establish an information bureau for clothing manufacturers, which would keep them informed in regard to manufacturing opportunities in Havana and other cities and perhaps even give them a direct loan for their business ventures. This is an important aspect of the Havana problem—the lack of garment factories wherein Jews might be employed—and should be very seriously considered.

JEWISH CHAUTAUQUA SOCIETY WILL ASSEMBLE IN TEXAS

Dallas, Texas, Nov. 19.—More than three hundred delegates are expected to attend the initial assembly of the Jewish Chautauqua Society which will be held here Nov. 28 to 30. Arrangements have been completed by local committees to entertain the delegates. Three years ago when the General Chautauqua met in Dallas it was deemed advisable to organize a Southwestern chautauqua. The Southwestern Rabbis held a conference and it was the unanimous opinion that such a chautauqua should be organized. Dr. David Lefkowitz, Rabbi of Temple Emanu-El, was elected chairman.

Registration will begin Friday morning, November 23, in the Temple Emanu-El annex. Headquarters have been established at the Jefferson Hotel. Day sessions will be held in the Temple Annex and evening sessions in the Temple auditorium. All sessions will be open to the public.

Among the speakers who will attend are Dr. William Rosenau of Baltimore, chancellor of the Jewish Chautauqua Society; Dr. Felix Levy of Chicago, Rabbi Louis Wolsey of Cleveland, and Miss Jeanette M. Goldberg of Philadelphia.

Officers will be elected and the next meeting place chosen following the adoption of a constitution and by-laws. I. I. Lorch, general chairman, has announced the local committees in charge.

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

(Continued from Page 6)

Canada Still Human to Immigrants

The "Israelite Press" of Winnipeg, in a lengthy editorial, points out that whereas the human factor is completely ignored in the present immigration policy of the United States, Canada still preserves something of its human attitude in this respect.

"The delegation of the Immigrant Aid Society here," says the "Israelite Press," "has called the attention of the Premier to inhuman interpretation placed on the immigration laws by the petty immigration officials. The Premier expressed his conviction that such things cannot be tolerated in Canada and promised to take steps to remedy the situation.

"Fortunately the forces of darkness have not yet succeeded in stamping out the spirit of tolerance in Canada and there is yet some hope that there will be an improvement in the treatment of immigrants to Canada."

BREVITIES

San Francisco, No. 17.—Mrs. I. W. Hellman, Jr., widow of a prominent local banker and president of the Federation of Jewish Charities, is the donor of a splendidly equipped gymnasium which has just been dedicated as an adjunct of the Neighborhood House, a settlement place for girls.

Rabbi Louis I. Newman of Temple Emanu-El was the principal speaker at the dedication of Mrs. Hellman's gift gymnasium.

Rabbi Samuel Goldenson of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, spoke before 1,500 students and faculty members in the Auditorium of the University of Illinois at Champaign, on Sunday, Nov. 16.

The Girl Scout drive for the Building and Budget Fund has reached \$215,826, it was announced at a luncheon of the guests of honor. Mrs. Arthur O. Choate was the hostess. Felix Warburg and Joseph P. Day have each pledged \$10,000 it was reported.

Rabbi Morris Teller of Tulsa, Oklahoma delivered the Benediction at the celebration of the completion of the Spavinaw Water Works. This Benediction was delivered just after President Coolidge pressed the button at Washington which started the flow of water at Tulsa. The out-door celebration was attended by the Governor of Oklahoma and the other state officials. About 10,000 attended.

The various Jewish societies of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., held a meeting for the purpose of making plans to form a Federation.

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PROMINENT CINCINNATI WOMAN DIES

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Mail Service)

Cincinnati, Nov. 18.—A familiar figure has passed with the death of Mrs. A. J. Friedlander, at the age of eighty-seven. Lisette Friedlander was a resident of Cincinnati for seventy years, and was prominent in philanthropic work. Mrs. Friedlander had been a member of the Plum Street Temple since its organization.

She was the widow of the late Abraham J. Friedlander who died twenty-seven years ago, and who was one of the prominent Jews of Cincinnati, active in all Jewish communal affairs and one of the coadjutors of the late Rabbi Isaac M. Wise in promulgating Reform Judaism and in the upbuilding of the national Jewish institutions.

JEWISH COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES

Frank J. Rubenstein, executive director of the Young Men's Hebrew Association, has been appointed a member of the faculty of the Baltimore Hebrew College to conduct a department in club leadership and communal work.

The course will be given under joint auspices of the Young Men's Hebrew Association and the Baltimore Hebrew College.

The Jewish Ladies Circle of Brockton, Mass., by unanimous vote, decided to disband. The society was organized 22 years ago with Mrs. Albert Cohen as president. The community grew to such proportions that it became necessary to establish the Federated Jewish Charities of Brockton, supplanting the Jewish Ladies' Circle.

The installation of the Beth El Synagogue of Waterbury, Conn., was marked by impressive ceremonies in the Hall of the American Legion, at the acquiring of the title of the Fellowship Club property for the synagogue. Rabbi Morris Silverman officiated. Adolph Sanditz is president of the congregation which is orthodox. \$10,000 was paid for the property.

A pre-Thanksgiving dinner of Temple Anshe Chesed, Seventh Avenue and 114th Street, New York City, was held at the Hotel Astor last night under the auspices of the Sisterhood of the temple. The advisability of erecting a new and much larger edifice was discussed. Among the speakers were the Rev. Dr. Jacob Kohn, Meyer Goodfriend, Edward Margotes, Henry Unger, Sol Mutterperl, Rabbi Isidore Newman and Leon Kohn.

Plans for the erection of a \$500,000 central clubhouse for the Brooklyn lodges of the Independent Order B'nai Abraham will be discussed at a district conference of delegates Wednesday evening, Nov. 26, at the Chamber of Commerce, 32 Court Street, Brooklyn.

The New York Branch of the United Synagogue of America and Women's League, announced the purchase of a four-story building at 523 West 113th Street to serve as a new Students' House for all Jewish university students in the metropolitan district. The building is being rapidly equipped to serve as a center of Jewish cultural and social activity. Adjoining the Columbia campus, in a row of fraternity houses, the new Students' House will serve primarily students at Columbia University and at the Jewish Theological Seminary, but its advantages will be available for young people in attendance at City College, New York University and other local institutions.

This students' House is one of a series of similar buildings which the United Synagogue plans to establish on College campuses throughout the city and the country as well. Another Jewish Students' House was opened a few weeks ago at the University of Pennsylvania, under the auspices of the Philadelphia Branch of the United Synagogue.

The House will be under the direction of Mrs. Morris Lurie, Chairman of the Students' House Committee. Mr. Sol Mutterperl is president of the New York Branch of the United Synagogue, and Mrs. Samuel Spiegel is president of the New York Branch of the Women's League. Dr. Jacob Kohn is chairman of the Committee on College Students' Activities.

Special Thanksgiving Services will be held on Thursday at 11 o'clock at the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue. Rabbi Joseph H. Lookstein of the Congregation Kehillath Jeshurun will preach the sermon.

Similar services have been held at the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue every Thanksgiving since the time of George Washington.

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