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EXPULSION OF JEWS AS JEWS DENIED BY GEREARY Deportations Unjustified, Poland Insists.

Berlin, November 22 (J. T. A.). Denial that expulsion of Jews from Bavaria have anything to do with their citizenship or faith is made by the German authorities in connection with the repent protest by the Polish Government against the deportations of Polish citizens of the Jewish faith

According to the information given the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, 1373 Polish citizens are now registered in hunica. One hundred and sixty nine additional arrivals wereentered during September and October. The expulsions, it is said, involved only 45 families claiming Polish citizenship, but in no case wasthe citizenship or faith of the desortees the determining factor.

A strict investigation of the expulsions everywhere is claimed by the authorities to have revealed that the deporters had committed "serious breaches of the economic regulations" and that the grounds on which the undesirables are expelled are recognized in international law.

The authorities also claim that the consuls of the countries concerned as well as the munich Committee of mast European Jews were given opportunities to discuss each case and that the deportation decree was withdrawn in several cases following such discussion.

varsaw, hovember 22 (J. T. A . The German Government's clair that the expulsions of Polish citizens from Bavaria are justifiable in international lawis soutly denied by the official GAZETA WARSZAWSKA which insists that unless the deportations are stopped Poland will retaliate by expelling German citizens.

ANNIVERSARY OF HITLER PUTCH AS JEWISH FAST DAY

Munich, November 22 (J. T. A.). The first day of the Hebrew calendar month of Kisley has been decreed by Chief Rabbi Ehrentreu as a day offasting and prayer for the next ten years in commenoration of the averting of the pogrom on B avarian Jewry November 8, when the Hitler-Ludendorff putsch nigear-ried.

Devout Jews are inclined to regard the failure of the putsch as nothing short of a divine miracle.

WEIZMANN HANDS BALFOUR AMERICAN ZIONISTS' MEMORIAL. Miniature Statue by L ouis Resenthal of Baltimore Depicts Jews Debt to Balfour.

Ldmdon, November 21 ('J. T. A.). The Earl of Balfour is the recipient today of a miniature statue, sculptured by Louis Rosenthal of Baltimore, at the direction of the Zionists of America, serving as a memorial for Lord Balfour's authorship of the British Government's declaration undertaking to help establish the Jewish national home in Palestine.

Presentation of the tiny statue was made by Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President of the World Zionist Organization, Dr. M. D. Eder, Joseph Cowen, and Paul Goodman, leading English Zionists. The delegation included also Abraham Shapiro representing the Jewish colonists of Palestine.

Dr. Weizmann expressed the veneration and gratitude of the Zionistsof A merica for the author of the declaration which he said was a beacon of light amidst the Jewish sufferings during the war. The object of the declaration is being realized despite all obstacles, Dr. Weizmann said, and the pogress made in Palestine as not only material. The Zionist leader instanced the Hebrew University of Jerusalem as one of the spiritual purposes underly ing the Zionist work. Dr. Weizmann in conclusion expressed the hope that Lord Balfour would open the University next June.

Visibly touched by Dr. Weizmann's utterances, Lord Balfour expressed his appreciation to the American Zionists. He said he felt he had hardly done enough to deserve all that was said of him. He had not done a tenth of what the cause deserves. He said "I am glad of the progress that xxx is being made in Palestine and particularly of the spiritual impulse animating it. I am disappointed with the opposition that the Jewish aspirations have encountered, considering how much the Jews have given and are giving to the world and what they have received in return. Despitethe opposition. Zionism is a cause worthy of all true idealists."

Mr. Resenthal's statuette, made entirely of gold and silver, stands Il inches in height in the form of a memorial shaft resting on its base and surmounted by a tiny statue of Lord Balfour. Besides the shaft itself, there are nine separate pieces of scupture comprising the memorial, there being in all some 40 figures, name and the xakherexker included in the work of Mr. Rosenthal. The statue of Lord Balfour itself is $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in height, the tallest of all the figures, none of the others being over an inch high. Figures representing Massacres and the Return of Peace from part of the base of the memorial which inclues also Industry, Science, Luxury. RANKENAKKE Youth, Old age and Poverty. On the shaft a re two tablets, one bearing in English the inscription "To Arthur James" Balfour From the Jews of the United States of America", the other tablet in Hebrew is the biblical quotation "They shall beat their swords into plowshares and their spears into pruning-hooks; nation shall not lift sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more.

KAUTSKY URGES JEWS TO HELP DESTROY BOLSHEVISM

London, November 22 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency). Karl Kautsky, veteran Socialist leader, advises the Jews of Russia to hantyxquestary join hands with the democratic forces in that country to overthrow Bolshevism. This advice is contained in an article by Kautsky in the Labor Magazine wherein the writer explains that the Czarist oppression of the Jews drove them into all the revolutionary parties. This, he says, explains also their connection with Bolshevism. The Bolshevik dictatorship, he goes on to say, has made individual Jews powerful but the Jewish people as a whole has suffered like the non-Jewish population.

Kautsky believes that the fall of Bolshevism will result in a terrible flood of hatred against Bolshevism being loosed upon the Jews, if the masses will identify Bolshevism with the Jews.

He concludes that, however, the white terror is not the only way of destroying Bolshevism but rather by the growth of a democratic feeling Russian Jews will overthrow Bolshevism without pogroms. To this task, he says, Russian Jews should devote themselves.

MORGENTHAU SEES KING GEORGE

Athens, November 22 (J. T.A.) Henry Morgenthau, a member of the Executive Committee of the American Red Cross and of the Near East Relief. formerly Ambananamax United States Ambassador to Turkey had a one-hour audience with King George regarding the refugee loan plan and the permanent settlement of the Christian refugees.

The Asia Minor bishops and the Metropolitan of Athens visited Mr. Morgenthau and expressed the gratitude of the refugees for American interest in their distress.

It is understood Mr. Morgenthau is endeavoring to put into operation a plan for the individual settlement of the refugees adopted by the Council of the League of Nations.

ARAB PAPER QUOTES FROM ZANGWILL'S SPEECH Jerusalem, October 30 (J. T. A.). The newspaper "South El Shaeb", appearing at Bethlehem, writes: "Zangwill, the extreme Zionist, has delivered a speech to the American Jewish Congress in New York, declaring that political Zionism is dead, and that the Jews must abandon all political hopes in Palestine. Mr. Crurchill forestalled Zangwill by saying that Great Britain's aim' was not the establishment of a Jewish state in Palestine.

The time has come, as the extreme Zionists already confess, when the Zionist hopes have vanished.

MIZRACHI RE-ELECT OFFICERS

Pittsburgh, Nov. 22 (J. T.A.). With the election of officers last night in the Zionist Institute, 1851 Center Avenue, the tenth annual convention of the Mizrachi Zionist Organization of America was ended. The convention which was attended by delegates from all parts of the country, had been in session here since last Sunday.

The following officers were elected: Rabbi Meyer Berlin, president, Dr. Meyer Waxman, general secretary, Samuel Schnur, treasurer. The following were elected to serve as the National Executive committee: B. H. Schnur, Dr. A. Bluestone, Harry Karp, Gedalia Bublick, editor of the Jewish Daily News, I. Allen, Rabbi I. Inselbuch, E. Kaplan, and Rabbi Jacob Levinson. All of the officers and members of the executive committee are residents of New York. Fifty-one persons were also elected to serve on a National Council, of which Rabbi A. M. Ashinsky, M. Joseph and Israel Raffel, all of Pittsburgh, are members.

The colonization of the Palestine was the subject of paramount importance at the second session of the three-day convention of the Mizrachi Zionist Organization in Memorial Hall here.

Chief among the colonization proposals was one presented by Attorney Isaac Allen of Brooklyn and which has been unanimously approved. A tract of land near Yebnah has been taken up for colonization purposes and portions of this tract will be sold to synagogues throughout the country.

A number of smaller private colonization enterprises are under way among which is Menorahk a suburb of Jaffa. Much of this land has already been taken up.

Rabbi Jacob Levinson spoke on the "Problem of Education"; Reports were given by Rabbi Meyer Berlin and Secretary Meyer Waxman, President and Secretary, respectively. During the afternoon resoluttions were adopted favoring the colonization program.

Three resolutions were adopted after the committee on colonization, headed by Rabbi Aaron Teitelbaum, reported. A loan of \$25,000 for the building of houses in the colony at Kfar Ivri near Jerusalem was voted. It was also decided to raise \$100,000 for the erection of a first-class orthodox high school in Jaffa and to raise \$10,000 for agricultural tools for chaluzim. Preliminary steps were taken for the establishment of a mortgage and loan bank in Palestine.

In a special resolution the respects of the Mizrachi were sent to the National Grange in session in the same building. The resolution sets forth that the common ideal of the two organizations, the return to the soil, should give them a common interest.

Dr. M. Sheinkin of Palestine, and Rabbi Israel Porath, who recently returned, spoke at the morning session.