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DAVIS REFUSES TO ADMIT EXCESS QUOTA IMMIGRANTS

Promises To Consider Cases Where Extreme Hardship Involved.

LOUIS MARSHALL TO APPEAL TO PRESIDENT COOLIDGE

Washington, November 21 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency). The delegation of the American Jewish Congress failed to obtain a definite assurance from the Secretary of Labor Davis regarding the several hundred Jewish immigrants detained on Ellis Island since the beginning of the month in excess of the Russian quota. The only promise made by Mr. Davis was that special consideration would be given the cases involving extreme hardship. No information could be obtained as to the number of such cases or the factors necessary to be included within this definition. The sentiment of the delegation was pessimistic when seen following the interview with Secretary Davis. They felt that hardly more than 10 per cent. can be saved from deportation under the Secretary's promise to have regard to the hardships involved.

Friends of the immigrants cling to the hope that the expected visit of Louis Marshall, President of the American Jewish Committee, to President Coolidge and Secretary Davis may improve the situation. There is still that other proposal of Joseph Baroness, a member of the Delegation, who urges that the Jewish Congress send representatives to Canada to arrange for the admission of the immigrants with the Canadian Government, in the meantime requesting the United States Immigration authorities to postpone the return of the deportees until the arrangements are completed.

Dr. Stephen S. Wise, who was to have been spokesman for the delegation, found it impossible to go to Washington. In the conference with Secretary Davis, Joseph Baroness, Congressman Perlman, Congressman Dickstein and Morris Weinberg, publisher of the DAY, appealed in behalf of the detained immigrants. Mr. Weinberg presented a special communication from the Foreign Language Newspapers Association. Representative Perlman emphasized the legal aspect of the plea, that the alien having been given a visa has an absolute right to expect to be admitted, the admission being an act of good faith since the immigrant relied on the American consular officers issuing the visas.

Other members of the delegation were Adolph Stern and Max L. Hollander, Acting Grand Master and Grand Secretary of the I.O.B.F.A. respectively, State Senator Benjamin Antin, and Bernard G. Richards, Secretary of the American Jewish Congress. Present during the interview were also Isador Herschfield, Washington representative of the Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society, and S. S. Gottlieb, Chairman of the Selective Immigrant Association.

NOVEMBER 21, 1923

MOVE TO RETAIN CZARIST RESTRICTIONS IN REPUBLICAN POLAND

Warsaw, November 21 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency). A move to retain in Republican Poland the Russian Czar's disability clauses where Jews are concerned came to light today with the withdrawal by leaders of the Government Party of the draft of the law abolishing formally, throughout Congress Poland, the restrictions as applied to Jews.

Jewish members of the National Assembly submitted a vigorous interpellation against the attempt to perpetuate at least in law the restrictions of monarchist Russia. The Jewish representatives point to Article 126 of the constitution directing the government to reconcile the prevailing law with the constitution of the Polish Republic. They demand the reintroduction of the legislation introduced under Premier Sikorski's Government, calling for the abolition of the anti-Jewish discriminatory clauses.

URGES SEIZURE OF ALL GERMAN JEWS' PROPERTY.

Editor Deutsche Zeitung, a former Socialist, would Deprive all Jews of Citizenship

Berlin, November 21 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency). The salvation of Germany and the regeneration of its people depends on the complete suppression of the Jews of Germany, in the opinion of Herr Maurenbrecher, editor-in-chief of the anti-Semitic Deutsche Zeitung, who devotes a leading article to the question of ridding Germany of the Jews and Jewish influence.

Herr Maurenbrecher, formerly a socialist, proposes that the Jews be deprived of their citizenship rights, to be followed by their removal from the press, theatre, universities, government offices, parliament, banks, and the bourse.

The modern Hayman proposes as a further effective measure the seizure of Jewish fortunes in favor of the German State Treasury.

Herr Maurenbrecher goes so far as to suggest that the repression of the Jews should be extended to such Christians even whose origin can be traced to some Jewish ancestor.

INFLAMMATORY SPEECHES LAND TWO ARAB PREACHERS IN JAIL

Jerusalem, November 21 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency). Mixing religion with politics will find no favor with the Palestine authorities judging from the arrest of two Arab agitators who, while preaching in the Mosque of Omar against Zionism, are alleged to have incited the crowd to damage the plants of the electric power station at Jaffa, erected under the concession given to the Jewish engineer Pinchus Rutenberg.

NATHAN STRAUS SAILS FOR EUROPE AND PALESTINE

New York, November 21 (J. T.A.)—Nathan Straus, veteran millionaire-philanthropist, sailed on the Italian steamer Duilio yesterday for Europe and Palestine.

Foremost of Mr. Straus's plans is the initiation in Italy, England and France of milk pasteurization plants and the spreading of pasteurization propaganda in every country he visits.

Speaking of his self-imposed mission, the veteran philanthropist said in part:

"My steamer lands in Naples where I intend to start milk pasteurization propaganda. On my return from Palestine I will stay in England and in France to continue the milk pasteurization propaganda which I began in those countries many years ago.

PROPOSED IMMIGRATION BILL FAVORS NORDIC ALIENS

Washington, November 21 (J. T.A.). First-hand information concerning the proposed legislation which is being considered by Secretary Davis and other officials of the Labor Department having to do with immigration, has been obtained by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

A special legislative drafting committee has been appointed in the Labor Department, it is learned, which is drawing up a bill to be submitted to Congress for enactment at the next session.

The outstanding feature of the bill as now being drafted represents an extraordinary departure. It provides that immigration shall be totally suspended and cease from all countries except those consenting to the absolute control of visas by the United States Government through its consular officers, and medical examination of all prospective immigrants abroad before issuance of visas.

The bill as now being drafted will also be based on the census of 1890, in order to favor nordic immigration as against that from Eastern and Southern Europe.

Asked if leaders of Congress favor the proposed legislation, it was replied that generally they approved it. Chairman Johnson, of the House Immigration Committee, advocates a liberalizing modification, however, that will admit close relatives, irrespective of the position of foreign governments, and thus give these relatives complete exemption from restrictions.

It is expected that the entire draft of the suggested bill will be ready in ample time for submission to the new Congress. It should be understood however that Congress is not bound to accept any of the Labor Department's suggestions.

JEWIS' RELIEF WORK IN RUSSIA NON-SECTARIAN, SAYS FORMER JDC HEAD

New York, Nov. 21 (J. T.A.)

Commenting on Dr. Fridjhof Nansen's recent statement to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency on the non-sectarian character of Jewish Relief Work, James N. Rosenberg, Vice-Chairman of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, who was in Europe for almost a year as the European head of that Committee, said:

"It is so well known that the great bulk of the J.D.C. work in Russia has been non-sectarian that that fact hardly needs to be pointed out. The entire child feeding program in the Ukraine, involving the expenditure of \$2,500,000, which was a non-sectarian relief activity; was financed by the J. D. C. and was conducted by its personnel, together with the personnel of the American Relief Administration, under the joint direction of Col. W. R. Grove and Dr. Boris D. Dogen. To the non-sectarian adult feeding, including intelligensia students, etc., the J. D. C. contributed \$1,500,000. Though the moneys of the J. D. C. were collected by Jews, from Jews, for Jews, the J. D. C. recognized that in times of famine, no distinction of creed could be drawn and that in the famine that overtook the Ukraine, it would be contrary to the principles of humanity to feed only the Jewish children. Therefore all the Russian children were fed, irrespective of race or creed, and this was done with the money of the J. D. C. I could mention many other examples ~~with~~ of cooperative, non-sectarian work financed by the J.D.C., such as the joint work with the Y.M.C.A., the feeding of the students in the Volga district, etc. These facts are already, however, well known to the Americans.

"Dr. Joseph Rosen, the head of the J. D. C. reconstruction work, has just come back to America. The 86 tractors which the J.D.C. sent to Russia plowed 100,000 acres. The J.D.C. work and money, under the leadership of Dr. Rosen, has resulted in the raising of sufficient, high-grade, pure-bred seed for the planting of 3,000,000 acres in the next season. The tractor work and this pure seed work were done in the districts where there are many Jewish farmers, but it was not done exclusively for them. It was done with a view to the fact that all the farmers in those territories would benefit. These are only instances of J.D.C. work which benefit all all the Russian population."

HIGH SCHOOL SENIORS PLEDGED TO SABBATH OBSERVANCE

New York, Nov. 20 (J. T.A.)

Beginning with next year the Senior classes of the De Witt Clinton, Evander Childs, New Utrecht, Morris and Bushwick High Schools and the High School of Commerce will eliminate Friday evenings from their calendar of social events, according to assurances given at a conference held between Rabbi Herbert S. Goldstein, President of the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations

of America, and representatives of the ~~senior~~ classes. The delegates at the conference also promised to exert their efforts to revise their schedule for the present year so that social events will not be held on Friday evenings. This effort will be made out of deference to the Jewish Sabbath.

The first of a series of meetings arranged to discuss the subject of family purity under the auspices of the Union, was held Sunday evening, November 11th, at the Talmudical Institute of Harlem and was addressed by Rabbis M. A. Kaplan, S. Hurwitz, A. I. Schuchatovitz and Herbert S. Goldstein.

About fifty of the leading workers among Orthodox Jewish women attended the first meeting of the season arranged by the W Women's Branch of the Union, at the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue, Monday afternoon, November 12th. Among the activities planned for the coming year is intensive work along social and welfare lines among the students of the Rabbi Isaac Elchanan Theological Seminary (The Yeshivah). A committee, headed by Mrs. Bernard Revel, will meet Monday evening, November 19th, at the Central Jewish Institute, 125 East 85th Street, to work out the details of the work to be carried on at the Yeshivah.

NEW YORK DETECTIVES LEARN HONIGMAN'S SIGN LANGUAGE

NEW YORK, November 20 (J. T. A.)

Twenty-five detectives have completed one of the three weeks' course being given at the detective school by Aaron Honigman of Montreal who has invented a sign language by which police officials may communicate with each other in the presence of prisoners or suspects without being detected.

The code is based on such natural acts as moving a cigar in one's mouth, adjusting a tie or looking at a watch. The detective students are devoting two hours a day to the Honigman system, the inventor demonstrating ~~his~~ his method with the aid of his daughter, Lillian, thirteen years old, who is expert at it.

JEWISH THEATRE SOCIETY-OPENS

NEW YORK, November 20 (J. T. A.)

The Yiddish Theatre Society, which recently was organized as a dramatic guild supported by subscription membership along the same lines as the Theatre Guild of the English stage, announced that it had opened a dramatic school with a preliminary enrollment of forty-six pupils. The school is under the direction of Mendel Elkins, formerly of the Art Theatre in Russia. He has

charge of the department of dramatic reading.

Other members of the faculty include Richard Boleslawsky and Ivan Lazareff of the Moscow Art Theatre, Leo Liow, who teaches voice culture; Professor Jehuda Jaffe, who has charge of phonetics; Dr. Jacob Schatzky, who lectures on the history of the Yiddish theatre, and Samuel Nager, instructor in the history of Yiddish literature.

The Yiddish Theatre Society has offices at 425 Lafayette Street.

STUDENTS OBSERVE PROF. GOTTHEIL'S 60TH BIRTHDAY

New York, November 20 (J. T. A.). Prof. Richard Gottheil's students in his class at Columbia University presented their teacher for thirty-five years, professor of Semitic languages, there, a silver, seven-branch candelabrum, in celebration of his sixtieth birthday. The presentation was made by Rev. Dr. E. G. H. Kraeling, Epharim Frisch, Norman Salit and Louis A. Newman.

Professor Gottheil's former pupils include some of the most famous Semitic scholars in America and abroad.

SOPHIE IRENE LOEB HONORED FOR CHILD WELFARE WORK

Collidge and Wilson Send Messages

New York, November 20 (J. T. A.). Men and women leaders in all walks of life joined in a testimonial dinner to Sophie Irene Loeb of the New York Evening World, at the Hotel Biltmore Monday night to honor her for her unflagging interest in poor children and for her work as Director of the Bureau of Child Welfare, an office she occupies without pay.

Testimonials and telegrams of congratulation from all over the country poured in on Miss Loeb, while speakers of the evening, including Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, United States Senator Royal S. Copeland Gov. Alfred E. Smith, praised her in her presence.

President Collidge and former President Wilson sent messages, expressing the hope that the welfare work Miss Loeb was directing so ably would be extended to every State.

"Miss Loeb has said less and accomplished more than any other woman in the world," Representative Fiorello H. La Guardia said.

Mayor Hylan sent a congratulatory message from Atlantic City, where he is recuperating. Other telegrams came from Nathan and Oscar Straus, Otto H. Kahn, Mrs. Oliver Harriman and Police Commissioner Enright.
