

Cable and Telegraphic Despatches.

Issued by

JEWISH TELEGRAPHIC AGENCY, INC.

132 Nassau Street, New York City.

Tel. Beekman 9768.

Vol. IV, #199

Oct. 17, 1923.

The Jewish Telegraphic Agency will be glad to answer inquiries for further information about any of the news items contained in this Bulletin.

JOHN SPARGO ATTACKS ZANGWILL'S VIEWS.

Answer Anti-Semites by Leading Jewish Life, He Says.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) John Spargo, in the course of a luncheon of the Jewish center campaign, made, what was generally taken to be, a reply to Israel Zangwill's plea before the American Jewish Congress for Jewish group action and a specific Jewish vote.

Spargo declared that a Jewish vote would prove a great menace, and would lead to an unwholesome reaction on the part of the general public.

"I feel an abundant sympathy for the aspirations of the Jewish people and am entirely in sympathy with the movement to establish a Jewish homeland in Palestine, but I hope that here, in the United States, we will not have Jewish Americans but American Jews."

Mr. Spargo gave evidence throughout the speech that he deplored all separatist movements.

He praised the Jewish community center movement and declared that it "will foster Judaism which is a valuable spiritual element in American civilization."

The best answer to anti-Semites, Spargo said, was not the presentation of historical or other data concerning the Jews and their accomplishments but so "organizing the life of their sons and daughters that they will best express the faith of Israel".

Jewishness is religious and not racial or national, Spargo said. "The Jew is no more a race than are my own ancestors the Anglo-Saxons", he concluded.

SECRETARY OF ICA RESIGNS AFTER 25 YEARS OF SERVICE.

PARIS, Oct. 17. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The council of the ICA has accepted the resignation of its general secretary, Myerson, who served the ICA for a quarter of a century.

Louis Unger has been named successor to Myerson.

Oct. 17, 1923.

LEAGUE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS TO FIGHT ANTI-SEMITISM IN DANZIG.

DANZIG, Oct. 17. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The Danzig League for Human Rights has decided to launch a campaign against anti-Semitism in the Free City. The election to the town Council will soon be held and it is hoped the campaign will be instrumental in defeating the election of the anti-Semites.

The League at a recent meeting also adopted a resolution condemning the numerus clausus.

HITLER WARNS ITALY OF SEMITIC EMPIRE.

ROME, Oct. 17. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Adolph Hitler is seeking to impregnate Italy with his poison. In an interview with the Italian Fascisti organ, the "Corriere Italiano", Hitler predicts a Semitic Empire stretching from Vladivostok to the Rhine "if Jewish Marxism defeats nationalism."

The Reichsbank, he declares, is in the hands of the international Jewish financiers and all foreign credits fall into the hands of these financiers, bringing no benefit to Germany".

EXPECT 1,000 AT ASTOR DINNER FOR JEWISH EDUCATIONAL DRIVE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) In the furtherance of the campaign to raise a half million for the free education plan of the Jewish Education Association, a dinner will be held tonight at the Hotel Astor. A thousand guests are expected.

Among the speakers will be Nathan Straus, Justice Irving Lehman, Judge Otto A. Bonalsky, Nathan S. Jonas, Max D. Steuer and Samuel C. Lamport.

FOUR NEW JEWISH APPOINTEES TO COLUMBIA FACULTY.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The list of new appointments to the Faculty of Columbia University has just been made public.

Among the new appointees are Dr. Isaac L. Kandel, professor of Education, Teachers' College; Dr. Adolph Berger, Assistant Professor oral surgery; Dr. Isador Rosen, dermatology, and Samuel E. Wolff, Assistant Professor, English.

HUSSEIN DISCLAIMS RESPONSIBILITY FOR SHEIK'S PROPAGANDA.

JERUSALEM, Oct. 17. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The anti-Zionist statements recently made by Sheik Abbas Maleki, envoy of King Hussein of the Hedjaz, were entirely on his own responsibility. Announcement to this effect has been officially made.

Hussein declares that the Sheik was sent to Palestine only to supervise the delivery of the funds collected at Mecca for the restoration of the Mosque of Omar. The King disclaims responsibility for all nationalistic and other views expressed by him.

558 IMMIGRANTS ENTERED PALESTINE IN AUGUST.

121 of Independent Means; 117 Have Prospects of Employment.

JERUSALEM, Oct. 17, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) A total of 558 immigrants entered Palestine during August. Of that number 121 are persons with some independent means, and 117 are with definite prospects of employment. The number of women and children entering is 205.

Twenty two Christians, 2 Moslems and 12 Jews who entered the country as travelers were given permission to remain permanently. The great majority of the 558 immigrants were Jewish.

TO ISSUE PALESTINE YEAR BOOK IN FRENCH.

JERUSALEM, Oct. 17, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) A year book in French, entirely devoted to Palestine will shortly be issued in Paris.

The book is being edited by M. Samuel Levy, editor of "Guide Book to Oriental Countries", who visited Palestine last year for the purpose of compiling the book.

NEW JEWISH DAILY MAKES APPEARANCE IN RIGA.

RIGA, Oct. 17, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The "Narodnaya Mysl" is the name of a new Jewish daily in the Russian language now being published in Riga. It first made its appearance on October 5.

"REVUE JUIVE" TO BE STAGED BY LEADING FRENCH MUSIC HALL.

PARIS, Oct. 17, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The "Perchoir", one of the leading cabaret music halls in Paris, will produce shortly a "Revue juive". Three well-known Jewish writers, Leon Xanrof, Pierre Veber, and Tristan Bernard are at work on the text.

PROTEST SUPPRESSION OF HEBREW PLAYS IN BESSARABIA.

BUCHAREST, Oct. 17, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The Maccabee Club in Kishineff has lodged a protest with the authorities against the prohibition by the Military Command of the Province of a series of performances in the Hebrew language arranged by the club.

The protest points out that the plays in Hebrew have been suppressed, while plays in Russian, also an alien tongue, are sanctioned.

MUSIC SCHOOL AND TEACHERS' SEMINARY FOR POLISH JEWS.

WARSAW, Oct. 17, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The Minister for Education in Wilna has approved the statutes of a Jewish Teachers' Seminary and of an institute for Music for Jewish students.

CONGRESS CLOSES WITH DEMAND FOR ACTION FROM BRITAIN

Calls Upon England To Live Up To Mandate In Full

RABBI WISE ELECTED PRESIDENT: CHEERED AS GREATEST LIVING JEW

New York, October 17 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency). A demand that Britain live up in full measure to all the terms of the Mandate under the League of Nations for the upbuilding of Palestine was voiced by the American Jewish Congress in a resolution adopted at the closing session.

The adoption of the resolution is in harmony with the suggestion made by Mr. Zangwill in his address before the Congress in which he severely arraigned Britain for the manner in which it was executing the Mandate.

Mr. Zangwill also assisted in the framing of the resolution which was unanimously adopted.

The resolution demands a more liberal immigration policy for Palestine, points out to Great Britain that much more money would flow into the Keren Hayesod if it became perfectly clear that a genuine Jewish national home was being established, and calls upon the government to delay no longer the Palestine national loan.

"Taking grateful note", says the resolution "of the unanimous methods of President Coolidge to the American Jewish Congress through Dr. Stephen S. Wise, expressing his sympathy with the policy of upbuilding in Palestine the Jewish national home:

ASKS ACTION BE HASTENED.

"Taking note also of the resolutions of the recent Zionist World Congress at Carlsbad, stating that Jewish emigration to Palestine is too severely restricted, and demanding that the administration of Palestine shall carry out the obligation assumed under the mandate which provides that it shall encourage in co-operation with the Jewish agency, close settlement by Jews on the land, including State land and waste land not required for public purposes, and if there has been discrimination against Jewish schools in the matter of subsidization;

"This congress, with full recognition of the difficulties which hamper the noble task undertaken by the British Government, respectfully and gratefully asks it to do all that is possible to remedy the grievances expressed by the Carlsbad congress.

"The American Jewish Congress is convinced that far larger sums will be poured into Palestine by Jews, both on a philanthropic basis, through the Keren Hayesod, and by way of other organized social and economic enterprises as soon as it will become clear that a Jewish national home will ultimately come into being in the Holy Land. The congress asks the Palestine Government no longer to delay the issue of its projected loan for the development of the resources of the country--a loan

which, it is sure, will be generously taken up by the Jews of the world as soon as it is clear that the Jewish national home will profit by it no less than the rest of Palestine.

"At the same time the congress expresses to the Arabs its earnest desire for peace and good-will and brotherly co-operation in rebuilding for civilization the ruined, neglected, half-empty, yet supremely historical land which both races inhabit. It asks them to recognize that for more than 1,850 years the dreams and hopes and prayers of the Jewish people have been centred upon this land, and that the return of large numbers of Jews to it would bring a blessing to all its inhabitants and would build a bridge of mutual understanding between the East and West.

"We further trust that the Arabs of Palestine will meet their Jewish kinsmen in a fraternal spirit, and will recognize the spirit of the Balfour declaration so that all sections of the population shall enjoy freedom together with a prospect of attaining ultimate autonomy and membership in the League of Nations.

"Finally the congress extends its fraternal greetings to all sections of Christianity and Islam interested in the Holy Land. We trust and pray that Jerusalem will be rebuilt in our day and become the centre of world peace for all nations, races and religions, as our great Jewish prophets predicted, and that the darkness which at this time threatens the extinction of civilization will pass away and we will work unitedly for the common good of all mankind."

A heated debate arose following the presentation of the report of the Committee on Education. The report stated that less than 25 per cent of Jewish children between the ages of six and thirteen in the United States were receiving any kind of Jewish education. The report introduced a resolution urging American Jewry to support all undertakings aiming to promote opportunities for Jewish education.

Fearing that a proposal for a permanent committee on education might give the reform wing some voice or measure of control over the education of children reared in orthodoxy, a section of the delegates rebelled openly and threatened that adherence to such a policy would result in the secession of all orthodox Jews. Rabbi Saul Silber of Chicago and Rabbi Abraham Shapiro of Utica headed the opposition, and had much to do with the decision of the Congress to return the offending resolution to the committee on education, where, with their collaboration a new proposal was drafted limiting the activity of the committee of the gathering of statistics, their disseminating and advancing the cause of Jewish education. In this form the resolution was adopted. Rabbi Stephen S. Wise was elected president of the Congress, Samuel Untermyer, Judge Aaron J. Levy and Joseph Barondess, vice presidents. Bernard G. Richards was chosen executive secretary and Nathan Straus as honorary president.

In the course of an address before the congress, Reuben Brainin declared "Dr. Wise is the greatest Jew of our generation, although he is reformed." The audience arose and cheered the remark.

"Denounces as inhuman the attempts made in several European countries through boycotts and other abominable means to destroy the economic well-being of the Jews. It denounces the efforts made to limit the educational facilities of Jewish youth by means of so-called numerous clauses and other devices, and it hereby pledges itself to the Jews in those countries where discriminatory processes are in operation to give them a full measure of the moral force of the Jews in America in aid of their righteous struggles to obtain full and complete emancipation."

In addition to a resolution introduced by the Resolutions Committee pointing out that "religious, political and economic disabilities of the Jewish people . . . have led to an enforced Jewish emigration, which deserves the special consideration of the civilized world and the American Government," the congress adopted a resolution by the Committee on Immigration asking the Congress of the United States to repeal the 3 per cent. Immigration law on the ground that it has unfairly affected immigration by Jews into the United States.

Satisfaction with the civil, political and religious rights guaranteed to Jews in the United States was declared in another resolution adopted.

The American Jewish Congress records with satisfaction the steps taken toward the emancipation of the Jews of Roumania, by the terms of the constitution recently adopted by the Roumanian parliament. It expresses the hope that this act may effect the complete emancipation of the Jews of the old kingdom as well as in the new territories, and that the Jews there will hereafter enjoy complete civil, religious and political rights including the minority rights secured to them by treaty to which Roumania as a party. With sorrow and compassion the Congress listens to reports of disturbances, agitations, and devastations to which the Jews have been subjected during the last year, as a result of vicious anti-semitic propaganda carried on in that land. Particularly distressing are the facts touching the Jewish students of the Roumanian Universities, who by such force and violent means, have been prevented from attending the courses at the various faculties that it became necessary for the government to close the universities. This Congress, though cognizant of the steps taken by the Roumanian Government to hinder these anti-Jewish outrages still entertains fear of their repetition at the opening of the universities this year and the possibility of their being closed again. This Congress unqualifiedly denounces the propaganda carried on in favor of the principle of "numerous clauses"; and expresses hope that the Roumanian government will continue the necessary measures to protect Jewish rights as secured to them by the fundamental law of that country, and treaties in force.

BE IT RESOLVED that a copy of this resolution be sent to His Excellency Prince Antoine Bibesco, the Roumanian Minister at Washington with the request to transmit a copy of this statement to the Premier of Roumania.

The following resolutions were adopted:

The American Jewish Congress rejoices in the fact that one of

the first steps taken in the upbuilding of the Jewish homeland in Palestine was the founding of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem. It commends the Jewish physicians of America through whose generosity the foundations for a Medical School were laid last year.

The Congress is confident that all parties and shades of opinion in Jewish life will unhesitatingly unite upon this project and urges upon the Jewry of America to hasten the completion of the University to the end that it may be in a position in the near future to radiate its cultural influence upon the Jews throughout the world and may become a significant stimulus for the scientific and spiritual progress.

The condition of Jewish refugees in the several countries of Central and Eastern Europe of Cuba and Mexico has been repeatedly described to us as pitiable beyond description. We regard action tending toward amelioration of these conditions, as the most urgent need of the Jews of the world. Lack of proper information prevents the suggestion at this time of a definite solution, but we recommend that this Congress appoint a Commission to make a full and complete study of the entire problem; and that the Executive Committee of this Congress be directed, in conjunction with other agencies dealing with this perturbed problem, to act on any plan or plans that might be devised which would tend to lessen the sufferings of these unfortunate homeless people.

Conscious of the enjoyment of the blessings of civil, political and religious rights guaranteed to the Jews in Common with all the citizens of the United States virtue of which we freely pursue our happiness and are permitted to contribute to the general prosperity and welfare of our country, the American Jewish Congress takes occasion to record its determination to aid the Jews in other lands in their struggles to obtain the equal enjoyment of human rights.

This Congress denounces as inhuman, the attempts made in several European countries through boycotts, and other abominable means to destroy the economic well-being of the Jews. It denounces the efforts made to limit the educational facilities of the Jewish youth by means of so-called numerous clauses and other devices, and it HEREBY pledges itself to the Jews in those countries, where discriminatory processes are in operation, to give to them a full measure of the moral force of the Jews of America in aid of their righteous struggles to obtain full and complete emancipation.

THIS CONGRESS REAFFIRMS its determination to insist upon the full enforcement by the European countries of the right guaranteed to the Jews along with other minorities by the various treaties enforced, including the guarantee of minority rights in countries where that principle of government is accepted, or by the treaties required.

WHEREAS THE AMERICAN JEWISH CONGRESS BELIEVES that the 3% quota RESTRICTIVE IMMIGRATION LAW was aimed in part at the immigration of Jews in the United States. Therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED that the American Jewish Congress condemns the 3% quota RESTRICTIVE IMMIGRATION LAW as discriminatory and un-American.