

## ROTHSCHILDS, KUHN LOEB &amp; CO. ASSAILED FOR AIDING HUNGARY

Vienna, May 17 (Jewish Telegraphic agency). The London house of Rothschilds and the Paris representatives of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. of New York, are bitterly and indignantly assailed by the WIENER MORGENZEITUNG for what the paper regards as excessive cordiality shown towards the plenipotentiaries of the Horthy regime, who are negotiating a loan in European capitals. Count Bethlen, the Hungarian Premier, and M. Kallay, the Finance Minister have been spending some time in Paris, London and Rome in the hope of floating a Hungarian loan.

"The representatives of the London Rothschilds and the Paris representatives of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have not only discussed the loan but also invited to their home for lunch and dinner representatives of the Horthy terror, the initiator of Numerus Clausus and other repressions against Jews", the MORGENZEITUNG asserts. In connection with this it recalls that a proposed loan by Czarist Russia was refused by Jewish bankers, in the absence of suitable guarantees of a betterment in the treatment of the Jew in Russia. This time the Jewish bankers evidently asked for nothing more than the privilege of participating in the loan, this journal charges, while it says it learns that prior to his departure Premier Bethlen prevailed on the Awakening Magyars to halt their pogrom activities, pending the successful completion of the loan.

## SOLD SHROUDS AS LINEN

Vienna, May 17 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency). Moische Nagler, an official of the Jewish Burial Society, is being tried for appropriating a thousand tachrichem (shrouds), the property of the society, and selling them as linen.

## UKRAINE DENOUNCES FALSE POGROM REPORTS

Charkow, May 17 (J. T.A.). The Ukrainian Government has lodged a protest with the Polish Government against false reports of pogroms in the Ukraine printed in the Polish press. The Charkow authorities demand the Warsaw Government issue a denial of the reports which are characterized as "unfounded".

**GERMANY TO ADMIT EXILED JEWISH REFUGEES.**

WARSAW, May 1, (Jewish Correspondence Bureau) As previously reported, the German Government declared itself prepared to give transmigration facilities through Germany to three hundred refugees expelled from Poland, and to allow them to stay in the country until they received their visas and were able to continue their journey.

Dr. Spiegel, the representative of the German Red Cross, went especially to Warsaw in order to arrange details on the spot. He did not arrive there, however, until after April 15, by which date the term fixed by the Polish Government for the evacuation of the refugees had already expired, and the refugees who had been selected for transmigration through Germany had left Poland.

The permission of the German Government no longer holds good, but Dr. Spiegel declares that he hopes that the German Red Cross will be able to persuade the Government to allow 300 to 500 refugees who must leave Poland after September 1, to stay in Germany until they have obtained their American visas.

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**FIRST AERIAL DERBY HELD IN PALESTINE.**

JERUSALEM, May 17, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The first aerial display in Palestine took place at Ramleh yesterday, a squadron of 14 aeroplanes of the British Royal Air Force participating. The exhibition program included flying, air races, a balloon hunt, mimic air fighting and a bombing demonstration.

The aerial derby was over the circuit of Ramleh, Raselain, Jaffa, Ramle... Lieut. Mertyn, flying a Vickers Vimy biplane, won the air race covering a distance of twenty-seven miles.

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**VIENNA POSTERS BAR ANTI-SEMITIC BILLS.**

VIENNA, May 17, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Enraged because the bill posters of Vienna have refused to paste anti-Semitic placards on their boardings, the Hakenkreuzler have issued an appeal to owners of premises where the boardings are situated to insist on the anti-Semitic bills being given space.

The Hakenkreuzler threaten to publish the names of property owners refusing to comply with the demand and ultimately include them in their formidable blacklist.

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**JASSY UNIVERSITY DISCOVERS JEWS LACK SCHOLARSHIP.**

JASSY, May 17, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Four hundred students from Bessarabia, practically all Jews, have been expelled from the University on the ground that their Russian matriculation certificates fell below the qualifications required for entrance into Roumanian universities. This is understood to be the first step towards the fulfilment of Minister of Education Anghelescu's recent statement regarding a thorough revision of all students' entrance certificates.

## SOCIAL WORKERS UNPOPULAR WITH LABOR, AMALGAMATED REPRESENTATIVE ASSERTS.

Paul Blanchard of Rochester Tells Jewish Social Workers Present Day Charity Is Scorned by Progressive Laborites.

## JUDGE MOSES FINDS COMMON GROUND FOR UNIONS AND SOCIAL SERVICE WORKERS.

WASHINGTON, May 16, (Jewish Correspondence Bureau, Unless the social service worker will "bite the hand that feeds him" during a strike and stand by the workers as against the employers, organized labor will regard him as an enemy, the six hundred delegates to the National Conference of Jewish Social Service were told yesterday by Paul Blanchard, of the Rochester Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, during the morning session at the Hotel Washington.

"Acid tests", said the speaker, applied by "class conscious progressives" who are the predominating element in labor unions, to the social service workers, are the following:

"Are you opposed to a social order on industrial inequality?"

"If you are, how often do you say it?"

"Any social worker who knows what organized labor has done, and won't stand by it in its struggle for economic equality is not fit to be a worker in the field of organized charity", is another poser put by the progressives to the social worker, according to Mr. Blanchard.

"What sort of charity does organized labor want?", Mr. Blanchard asked. "We are moving towards a social order in which the people can help themselves; when the people, working through the Government, can gradually take over most of the social agencies now supported by private means. Those things are the people's job; it is not to be left to the ruling classes".

"Charity is part of the present social order", the speaker said. "Its funds come from investors and employers who, if they really wanted to help us would give it to us in the first place. Class conscious progressives will say that 'charity makes robbers respectable'. He would point to Judge Gary of the Steel Trust, who spent over \$1,000 a day on steamship accommodations when he went abroad on a vacation recently, while his workers remained in the mill seven days a week, and twelve hours a day, and say of him: 'He is a robber'. I agree with them. So long as charity takes money from men of Judge Gary's type, it is taking money in order to make men who ought to be in jail, respectable.

"Charity also tends to maintain the economic status quo. In the opinion of the progressive laborite, charity allays discontent and oppresses the truth, therefore it is retarding the march towards a better social order. The class-conscious progressive therefore regards the charity worker as one who lives on human suffering, and as one having no right to exist since he is not doing all in his power to destroy the root-causes of poverty.

"The replies to these charges", the speaker conceded, "is that organized charity is really helping to build the new social order. It is not merely palliative, it is doing work now that would have to be done even if labor controlled the social order."

Judge Jacob H. Moses, former impartial chairman for the clothing industry of Baltimore, declared that it was absolutely untrue that organized Jewish labor was radical.

The great majority of Jewish workmen are affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. They conceive their membership in this conservative organization as a good business proposition. It moves slowly, attempting moderate gains, such as better wages, shorter hours, and holding these gains. The rest, mainly those in the needle trades, belonging to the "Amalgamated" look upon the union as an instrument of social service. They are not content with mere present gains. They are looking into the future, when they can throw off the yoke of labor. They want also to educate their children.

"When a strike broke out in Baltimore the organized charities were appealed to for workers. Thus they came to be regarded by the unions as strike-breakers when the charities helped suffering strikers they were denounced by employers as their enemies, and the employers refused to contribute to the charities.

"Unemployment is the curse of labor", said Judge Moses, "and in this field the unions and the social service workers have a common ground for cooperation. The opening of labor banks in New York and Chicago is due to the fact that ordinary banks have so often been used against workmen. The employers can borrow money during strike. Strikers cannot; their Unions cannot; workmen wanted knowledge of the banking business, and unions look forward to the time when they will want to go into business themselves on a cooperative basis, on the basis of industrial democracy."

The Conference adopted by an overwhelming vote the proposal of the majority committee on social service training, that special courses for Jewish social service workers be arranged during the period prior and subsequent to regular courses in general social service at various universities and schools of philanthropy. The Executive Committee was authorized to make arrangements with the Theological Seminaries, religious institutes, and universities all over the country for the instruction (in regular and extension courses) in Jewish history, religious tradition, Yiddish and problems of contemporary Jewish life.

The following officers were elected by acclamation: Maurice B. Hexter, of Boston, President, after Dr. Ludwig B. Bernstein had withdrawn in his favor; Morris D. Waldman of Brooklyn, 1st Vice President; Dr. C.D. Spivak of Denver, 2nd Vice-President; and Sidney E. Fritz, of Cincinnati, 3rd Vice President; Samuel A. Goldsmith of New York, Secretary; Louis M. Cohen of Chicago, Treasurer; Cecil B. Weiner, Buffalo; Ruth Berelshelmer, Chicago; Benjamin Schwartz, Baltimore, and Dr. A.M. Dushkin, New York, Assistant Secretaries; And the following Executive Committee: M.J. Karpf, Chicago; Dorothy C. Kahn, Baltimore; Dr. Ludwig B. Barnstein, Pittsburgh, and Francis Taussig, the outgoing President, Ex-officio.

#### MRS. GUSSIE GOLDBERG DEAD.

NEW YORK, May 17, (Jewish correspondence Bureau) Mrs. Gussie Goldberg, 106 years old believed to be the oldest resident of Far Rockaway, was buried yesterday in Cypress Hills Cemetery, Brooklyn.

Mrs. Goldberg died last Tuesday in the Rockaway Beach Hospital, where she was taken on May 7th with an injured hip, received when she fell out of bed.

The funeral was held from the home of her son, Joseph Goldberg, 68 years old.