

DAILY NEWS BULLETIN

Cable and Telegraphic Despatches

Issued by

JEWISH CORRESPONDENCE BUREAU,
JEWISH TELEGRAPHIC AGENCY, INC.

132 Nassau Street, New York City.

Tel. Beekman 9768.

Vol. IV, #85

May 1, 1923.

The Jewish Telegraphic Agency (J.C.B.) will be glad to answer inquiries for further information about any of the news items contained in this Bulletin.

WARSAW JEWISH LABOR ABSTAIN FROM MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS.

WARSAW, May 1, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Fearing a repetition of the anti-Jewish riots during the May Day celebration last year, most of the Jewish workers organizations refrained from staging demonstrations or parades today.

A few hundred members of the Bund have arranged to parade today, under an escort supplied by the Polish Socialist Party. The Poale Zion who had intended to march were obliged to cancel the parade for lack of a non-Jewish contingent.

LEAGUE HEARS NANSEN'S REPORT ON WORK FOR JEWS.

GENEVA, May 1, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Dr. F. Nansen's report to the Council of the League of Nations on the activities of the Advisory Committee to the High Commissariat for Refugees included a substantial account of his efforts in behalf of Jewish refugees in Poland, Bessarabia and elsewhere.

Following his representations, the Roumanian Government agreed to refrain from a mass expulsion of the ten thousand refugees in Bessarabia who were to have been deported for "military reasons". Provided recognized Jewish organizations arranged for their satisfactory evacuation, the Roumanian government declared itself prepared to allow the majority of refugees to remain until September, he said.

"The most lenient interpretation" of the expulsion decree was promised him by Premier Sikorski of Poland, on condition that energetic measures were taken by interested parties to secure the early evacuation of the deportees, Dr. Nansen reported further.

In response to requests by responsible Jewish organizations, Dr. Nansen said he negotiated with the Soviets regarding the repatriation of Russian refugees. The Soviets replied they were ready to allow the repatriation under his auspices.

ANTISEMITES ERECT BARRICADES AT BUCHAREST UNIVERSITY.

Three Casualties Among Military

BUCHAREST, April 30, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) One officer and two soldiers were wounded in a pitched battle yesterday between recalcitrant anti-Semitic students and the military who were called to dislodge the students from University building wherein they had barricaded themselves. The soldiers succeeded finally in overpowering the student body and arrested eighteen of the ringleaders. The University has been closed in consequence of the battle.

Rector Simonescu of the University of Jassy is described in dispatches from there as "desperate", the anti Semitic student body having erected barricades on the campus, hoisting the Fascisti banner over the principal building.

Ninety-seven students, most of them Jews, have been expelled from classes for various periods, as a result of a free-for-all fight which took place at the University of Klausenberg.

GERMAN PEOPLE'S PARTY HELD ILLEGAL.

BERLIN, April 30, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The State Supreme Court has handed down a preliminary decision declaring as constitutional the law prohibiting the activities of the "German People's Party". The final decision as to legality of this Party prohibited under the defense of the realm act will be announced later, the judges, after a protracted sitting, having been unable to agree.

The German People's Party was accused of collusion with the National Socialist Party of Bavaria, led by Adolph Hitler, both of which were said to be under the virtual command of General Ludendorff.

JEWISH RAG-PICKER ARRESTED, RELEASED, ON HITLER CONSPIRACY CHARGE.

BERLIN, April 30, (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The arrest and release of a Munich rag-picker named Kupfer held on suspicion that he offered three million marks for the assassination of Adolph Hitler, the Fascisti leader, is causing widespread comment in the entire press.

Reports of Kupfer's arrest were featured prominently by the "Volkischer Beobachter", an organ of the Hitler forces, which boasted that the conspiracy to remove the Bavarian Fascisti leader had thus come to light.

The arrest yesterday of a Bavarian named Reder on charge of blackmail, followed by the release of Kupfer is receiving less attention in the reactionary press. Police say it has been established that the charges were preferred by Reder who, it is asserted, had reason for seeking to revenge himself on Kupfer.

May 1, 1925

POLISH REACTIONARIES MOVE TO THWART MINORITIES.

WARSAW, April 30. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The establishment of a Nationalist Polish Government, free of the representation and influence of the minority nationalities is contemplated by a proposed government coalition made up of the Christian Bloc, the National Democratic Party and other reactionary groups in Parliament.

The object of the new fusion is to prevent the incursion of members of the minorities nationalities in the military headquarters, and the securing of such laws as will limit radically the admission of Jewish and other students into the higher seats of learning.

The proposed coalition would endeavor also to establish Polish national domination in commerce. This done, it will seek the passage of a new election law assuring a Polish majority, and when this is achieved a movement for new elections will be launched.

ANTI-SEMITIC OFFICIAL DISMISSED IN VIENNA.

VIENNA, April 30. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Director Blumauer, of the Executive offices of the University of Vienna has been dismissed, it is learned, because of his activities as a leader of the anti Semitic movement in the Universities.

CZECH UNIVERSITIES WELCOME JEWS.

PRAGUE, April 30. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) The Czecho-Slovakian Ministry of Education is understood to have offered to receive in Czech universities and colleges a number of Jewish students who are being expelled from Austrian universities under the operation of the special limitation law.

MORE SYNAGOGUES TRANSFORMED INTO CLUBS.

MOSCOW, April 30. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency) Synagogues of Kremenchug, Poltava and Borisov have been transformed into workmen's clubs recently, according to reports received here.

The Jewish workers at Kremenchug had requested that one of the synagogues be handed over to them. While workers of Poltava asked for and received two synagogues. The building now serving as a workmen's club in Borisov was the largest synagogue of the place.
